

A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Dualling

Scheme Number: TR010040

6.2 Environmental Statement Appendices Appendix 6.4 – Archaeological Evaluation

APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

December 2020



Infrastructure Planning

Planning Act 2008

The Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Development Consent Order 202[x]

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Norfolk

Archaeological Evaluation



for: Galliford Try

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Norfolk

Archaeological Evaluation

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SUMMARY

Project name:	A47 Blofield to North Burlingham
Location:	Norfolk
NGR:	635809 309958
Туре:	Evaluation
Date:	May - July 2020
OASIS ID:	cotswold2-402836
Location of Archive:	To be deposited with Norfolk Museums Service and the Archaeology Data Service (ADS)
Accession Number:	NWHCM: 2020.103
Site Code:	ENF148862

From May to July 2020, Cotswold Archaeology undertook an archaeological evaluation on the route of the A47 Blofield to North Burlingham upgrade works in Norfolk. Of the proposed 96 trenches, 92 were opened, with the remaining four located on land currently unsuitable for excavation. Roman ditches, pits and gullies provide evidence of peripheral settlement/occupation within the scheme, along with sparse prehistoric and medieval pits, ditches and gullies.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. From May to July 2020, Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out Informative Trial Trenching forming part of the initial stages of a Programme of Archaeological Mitigatory Work (POAMW) on the route of the A47 Blofield to Burlingham upgrade works, Norfolk (centred at NGR: 635809 309958) (Highways England 2020, Fig. 1).
- 1.2. The scope of the works were detailed in a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) prepared by Highways England (2020). The trenches were positioned over anomalies recorded by geophysical survey (Archaeological Services WYAS 2018) in combination with data held within the Norfolk Historic Environment Record (NHER).
- 1.3. The principal objectives of the Informative Trial Trenching were to provide information about the archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date, integrity, state of preservation and quality. This was conducted in accordance with Standard and guidance: Archaeological field evaluation (CIfA 2014; updated 2020) and was designed to be minimally intrusive/destructive to archaeological remains. The information gathered will enable Norfolk County Council Environment Service (NCCES) to identify and assess the particular significance of any surviving heritage asset, consider the impact of the proposed development upon it, and to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework (MHCLG 2019).

The site

1.4. The scheme is located over c.64ha of agricultural land to the south-east of Norwich, between Blofield and South Walsham Road and bounded/bisected by Yarmouth Road (A47) to the north. It comprises a total of eleven fields situated on land that is located between the 15m and 26m AOD contours.

Soils and geology

- 1.5. Superficial deposits are classed as those of the Lowestoft formation, formed up to two million years ago in the Quaternary Period. Overlying bedrock geology of Crag Group sand and gravel, formed within in the Quaternary and Neogene Periods (BGS 2020).
- **1.6.** The soils are dominated by freely draining slightly acid loamy soils with low fertility, situated on arable and grassland (Soilscapes 2020).

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

- 2.1. The following archaeological background is a summary taken from the WSI prepared by Highways England (2020). These are also presented on Fig. 1.
- 2.2. A geophysical survey undertaken in 2018 (Archaeological Services WYAS 2018) indicated four areas of archaeological potential. Area BLO2 recorded anomalies indicative of enclosure ditches. Area BLO6 contained further linear anomalies, that together with archaeological information held in the NHER may indicate enclosures of potential late prehistoric to Roman date. In BLO8, magnetic anomalies possibly indicating of the continuation of these field boundaries have been prospected to the north (NHER49456) and southeast (NHER49613). The NHER data entry indicates that these undated anomalies could be of late prehistoric to Roman origin.
- 2.3. Two curvilinear trends were recorded in BLO10, which may represent ring ditches of c.30m diameter. A previous geophysical survey (NHER 39847) undertaken at the eastern end of the scheme, prospected a similar curvilinear anomaly that may support this theory, along with linear anomalies indicating a bank and ditch arrangement (Archaeological Project Services 2006). When taken together, this may provide evidence for a cluster of archaeological ring ditches.
- 2.4. A metal detector and fieldwalking survey undertaken 200m to the east (NHER49800; 60805) recovered Early Neolithic, Late Bronze Age and Early Iron Age metalwork and prehistoric flints. Fieldwalking to the south of the scheme's eastern extent and to the west of Poplar Farm, recovered a few prehistoric flints and Roman pottery sherds (Norfolk Archaeological Unit 2003, 2018).
- 2.5. A number of cropmarks indicative of possible late prehistoric or Roman field systems have been identified on air photographs to the north of the A47 and west of North Burlingham (NHER49445). The geophysical survey at the western end of site (NHER60809), recorded linear anomalies that may represent a continuation of these same field systems (Archaeological Project Services 2006).
- 2.6. Caistor St Edmund is the regional focus of Roman activity in the area with the Roman town of *Venta Icenorum* located *c*.2.5km to the southwest. The archaeological record suggests that the surrounding area was predominantly a rural landscape at this time, dispersed with small farmsteads or villas. Metal detector finds are represented by a Roman coin found to the east of Poplar Farm (NHER60810).

- 2.7. Anglo-Saxon activity in the area is evidenced by an Early-Anglo Saxon brooch, discovered during a metal detector survey 50m to the south at North Burlingham (NHER25942).
- 2.8. The route of a former medieval road was recorded on air photographs, aligned northeast to southwest (NHER45143). It runs from Sparrow Hall Bungalow to Blofield Cross (NHER13378) to the northwest of site. Medieval pottery and coins (NHER32029) were also recovered north of Blofield 280m to the northwest of site.
- 2.9. At Poplar Farm, 19th century cartographic sources record a group of farm buildings (NHER12283) located 20m to the south of site, thought to be of 1740 date.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- 3.1. As stated in the WSI(Highways England 2020), the aim of the archaeological evaluation is to confirm the presence or absence of remains of potential archaeological significance within the site, and to determine their nature, extent and complexity in order to inform the design of any further necessary archaeological investigations or mitigation measures.
- 3.2. The objectives are stated as follows:

• Undertake a programme of archaeological investigation targeted on known features of heritage interest and geophysical anomalies of suspected or unknown archaeological significance.

• Establish the presence or absence, character and preservation state of any archaeological remains.

- Make a competent record of the location and character of any such remains.
- Recover any archaeologically significant artefacts.
- Recover samples of any material which has potential for the survival of palaeoenvironmental or dating evidence from secure archaeological contexts.
- Prepare a report on the findings and material recovered, and their significance.

• Provide an assessment of whether or not any further mitigation works are necessary.

• Create and deposit in a suitable repository a permanent descriptive and interpretive written and drawn archive.

3.3. The objectives for the trial trench evaluation are in line with those set out in Research and Archaeology Revisited: a revised framework for the East of England (Medlycott 2011). This site-specific evaluation objectives will seek to:

• Establish whether there is continuity of activity within archaeological sites (settlements, industrial or agricultural) across prehistoric and historic periods (identify different phases of activity).

• Securely date deposits, especially those of a transitional period date, through scientific dating methods where appropriate and where samples are not contaminated.

• Evaluate whether the remains identified represent changes in land use and organisation of the landscape.

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1. The brief required 5% of the total area to be evaluated by trial trenching. These trenches were targeted over anomalies prospected during the geophysical survey (Archaeological Services WYAS 2018) and air photographic data from the HER, in consultation with the NCCES archaeological advisor. Seemingly blank areas were further investigated in order to test the interpretations of these surveys.
- 4.2. Of the proposed ninety-six trenches (Figs. 2 4), a total of ninety-two were actually opened; the remainder (Trenches 10, 83, 93 and 94) being omitted for various logistical reasons. These included:
 - One 50m x 1.8m trench;
 - One 35m x 1.8m trench;
 - Nine 30m x 1.8m trenches; and
 - Eighty-five 40m x 1.8m trenches.

- 4.3. Trenches were set out on OS National Grid (NGR) co-ordinates using a Leica GS08 GNSS RTK GPS, in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 4: Survey Manual*.
- 4.4. A mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless grading bucket was employed to machine the trenches to either the top of the first archaeological horizon or the natural substrate, all under the constant supervision of a suitably qualified archaeologist. Any archaeological deposits encountered were excavated by hand, in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual.
- 4.5. Soil samples were taken from fourteen sealed contexts and their palaeoenvironmental potential was assessed in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites*. All artefacts were processed in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 3: Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation*.
- 4.6. Archaeological features/deposits were investigated, planned and recorded in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual. Records were maintained in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual.
- 4.7. Deposits were assessed for their palaeoenvironmental potential and samples were taken in accordance with CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites.
- 4.8. Artefacts were processed in accordance with CA Technical Manual 3: Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation.
- 4.9. CA will make arrangements with Norfolk Museum Service NWHCM: 2020.103 for the deposition of the project archive and, subject to agreement with the legal landowner(s), the artefact collection. A digital archive will also be prepared and deposited with the Archaeology Data Service (ADS). The archives (museum and digital) will be prepared and deposited in accordance with *Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives* (CIfA 2014; updated June 2020).
- 4.10. A summary of information from this project, as set out in Appendix B, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. RESULTS

5.1. Archaeological features were recorded in the majority of trenches, with only nine being completely blank (Figs. 5 – 13). Many of these features were widely dispersed, mostly ditches relating to the wider protracted occupation of the landscape and peripheral to occupation/settlement and activity foci. The sixty-three trenches that contained archaeological features are discussed below in numerical number, a context summary table, providing further detail of the features, can be found in Appendix A.

Trench 3 (Fig. 14)

5.2. Trench 3 was 40m long by 1.80m wide, orientated northeast to southwest. Topsoil 0300 was a dark grey brown, compact silty clay present to 0.55m in thickness. This overlay Subsoil 0301, a light grey brown, compact sandy clay, in which fifty-six sherds of prehistoric pottery were collected, including the earliest find on site, an Early Neolithic pottery sherd. At the base of the stratigraphic sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 0302, a mid orange brown, friable silty sand. One prehistoric pit, which does not appear to be badly plough truncated was recorded in its eastern end, that strongly correlates with the location of a curvilinear geophysical anomaly.

Pit 0303 may in fact be the corner of a curvilinear anomaly, recorded on the geophysical survey. A sherd of Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age pottery was recovered from its surface.

Trench 4 (Fig. 15)

5.3. Trench 4, orientated northwest to southeast, was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 0400, a dark grey brown silty clay, was present a to a thickness of 0.42m, overlaying Subsoil 0401 that was 0.10m thick and a light grey brown, compact sandy clay. At the base, was Natural Superficial Deposit 0402, a mottled orange, white and grey, compact sandy clay, with frequent large stones. Two ditches were present in the centre and northwestern end of the trench, that appeared to show a degree of plough truncation.

Ditch 0403 was present in the centre of the trench, running beyond the limits to the north and south. A piece of slag and fired clay was recovered from Fill 0404, no dating evidence was recovered.

Ditch 0405 was located in the northwestern half of the trench orientated southwest to northeast, Fill 0406 contained prehistoric pottery that may be Iron Age in date.

Trench 5 (Fig. 16)

5.4. Trench 5 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 0500 was a dark grey brown silty clay, 0.38m thick and overlay Subsoil 0501 that was mid orange brown, compact silt clay and 0.10m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 0502, comprising mid orange brown, compact sandy clay. One ditch and a pit were present in the northwestern end, that appeared to show a fair degree of truncation.

Ditch 0503 was aligned northwest to southeast, running beyond the limits of the trench, it was cut by Pit 0505. Fill 0504 contained Roman pottery and fired clay.

Shallow Pit 0505 was located to the northwest of the trench, it cut Ditch 0503. Its Fill 0506 contained twenty-three sherds of Iron Age pottery, with a single Roman sherd that could be residual.

Trench 7 (Fig. 17)

5.5. Trench 7 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 0700, was a mid grey brown silty clay with occasional stone inclusions 0.40m maximum thick. It overlay Subsoil 0701 that was 0.24m thick and was a mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 0702, comprising mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions. A pit and a ditch that appear to have been plough truncated were present.

Undated oval Pit 0703 was present in the northern half of the trench.

Undated Ditch 0705 was located in the south of the trench and was orientated east to west, its course ran beyond limits of the trench.

Trench 8 (Figs. 18 - 20)

5.6. Trench 8 was 40m long and 1.80m wide, orientated north to south. Topsoil 0800 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, it was 0.40m maximum thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 0801, 0.26m thick, that comprised light orange brown, compact silty clay, with frequent small stones; a single sherd of Roman pottery was recovered from this layer. Natural Superficial Deposit 0802 was a light orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent large stones. Trench 8 contained a good concentration of features, that included four ditches and one pit, with a degree of plough truncation evident. It is possible that a positive linear anomaly recorded during the geophysical survey, 6m to the east on a similar alignment, may be ditch feature 0811.

Undated Ditch 0803, located at the west of the trench, was orientated north to south and ran beyond the limits of the trench, no finds were present in its Fill 0804.

Ditch 0805 was orientated northeast to southwest; its fill contained an Early Neolithic flint scraper and possible Iron Age pottery sherds. Ditch 0805 may form an enclosure with Ditch 0811 and was cut by Ditch 0805.

Ditch 0807 was orientated northwest to southeast, running parallel with Ditch 0811. Iron Age pottery was collected from its Fill 0808. Ditch 0807 cut Ditch 0805 and ran parallel with Ditch 0811.

Pit 0809 was located close to Ditch 0811, its fill 0810 contained Late Bronze Age pottery and heat-altered flint.

Ditch 0811 was orientated northwest to southeast and had two fills. Basal Fill 0812 contained Iron Age and Roman pottery, two struck flint flakes and some heat-altered stones, from which Environmental Sample 12 was taken. Upper Fill 0813 contained Iron Age and Roman pottery sherds, animal bone, heat-altered flint and struck flint flakes. Ditch 0811 may form an enclosure with Ditch 0805 and ran parallel with Ditch 0807.

Trench 9 (Figs. 21 - 24)

5.7. Trench 9 was 40m long and 1.80m wide, orientated north to south, located to the south of Trench 8. Topsoil 0900 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay was 0.40m thick. It overlay Natural Superficial Deposit 0901, a mid yellow brown, compact sandy clay, frequent small stones. A similar concentration of features to Trench 8 was present in Trench 9 and included eight pits and two ditches. There was a degree of feature plough truncation evident.

Pit 0902 was located at the southern end of the trench, but its full extent lay beyond the limits of excavation. Basal Fill 0903 contained fired clay, struck flint flakes, animal bone, heat-altered flint and RA16, an iron nail, from which Environmental Sample 11 was taken. No finds were present in Upper Fill 0922.

Large Pit 0904 contained a single Fill 0905, in which no finds were recovered.

Oval Pit 0906 contained a single fill (0907), no finds were collected.

Oval Pit 0908 contained Fill 0909 from which Roman pottery was collected. Pit 0908 is in close proximity and is of a similar character to Pit 0910.

Oval Pit 0910 was located in close proximity to Pit 0908 and was similar in character. Its Fill 0911 contained no finds.

Oval Pit 0912 contained a single Fill 0913, in which no finds were present.

Pit 0914 was located in the northern half of Trench 9. It contained a single fill (0915) in which Roman pottery sherds were collected.

Ditch 0916 was orientated northwest to southeast, containing one fill (0917) but no finds. Ditch 0916 was cut by Ditch 0918 to the north of the trench.

Ditch 0918 was orientated southeast to northwest, its fill (0919) contained Roman pottery sherds. Ditch 0918 cuts Ditch 0916 and was cut by Pit 0920.

Pit 0920 ran beyond the bounds of the trench to the west, no finds were present in its fill (0921). Pit 0920 cut Ditch 0918.

Trench 11 (Figs. 25 - 26)

5.8. Trench 11 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1100 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay that was 0.44m maximum thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1101, a mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with frequent small stones, 0.32m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 1102, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent small, large flint stones. One ditch, gully and pit were present within the trench, in which plough truncation was noted. Ditch 0811 in Trench 8 may be the same feature as Ditch 1103; an anomaly located just to the northeast of both features follows a similar course. No feature was evident where a second positive linear anomaly was prospected at the eastern end of Trench 11.

Ditch 1103 was orientated northwest to southeast, its depth was fairly substantial (0.50m), but its full profile could not be recorded due to it running beyond the trench limits. Fill 1104 contained Roman pottery sherds and a fragment of intrusive medieval CBM. Ditch 1103 was located on a similar alignment with and 2m to the southwest of a magnetic linear anomaly prospected during the geophysical survey.

Shallow Gully 1105 was linear in plan orientated northeast to southwest. Its fill 1106 contained fired clay.

Pit 1107 was located at the eastern end of the trench, running beyond the limits. It contained a single fill (1108) in which no finds were present.

Trench 12 (Fig. 27)

5.9. Trench 12 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1200 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay that was present to a thickness of 0.26m. Underlying this was Subsoil 1201, a mid orange brown, friable sandy silt that was 0.22m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 1202, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones. One gully was present in the centre of the trench, that appeared to be significantly truncated.

Gully 1203 was orientated northwest to southeast, its fill (1204) contained no finds.

Trench 13 (Fig. 28)

5.10. Trench 13 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1300 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks, it was 0.38m maximum thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1301, a mid orange brown, compact silt clay with charcoal flecks and moderate small stones and was 0.26m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 1302, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent small and large flint stones. One ditch was present in the centre of the trench and appeared to be fairly well preserved.

Ditch 1303 was orientated southeast to northwest and was relatively deep (0.56m deep). Basal Fill 1304 contained no finds. Upper Fill 1305 contained struck flint, Roman pottery sherds, residual Iron Age pottery and worked flint.

Trench 14 (Figs. 29 - 30)

5.11. Trench 14 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1400 was a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones, it was 0.24m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1401, a mid orange brown, compact silt clay that was 0.14m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 1402, a mid orange brown compact sandy clay with frequent stones. Two ditches and a pit were present in the south and centre of the trench, which appeared to show signs of plough truncation.

Ditch 1403 was linear in plan, orientated northeast to southwest. Its fill 1404 contained no finds. It ran parallel with and was similar in character to Ditch 1405 and therefore may be related. This feature does not appear to run into Trench 13, located to the west.

Ditch 1405 was linear in plan and orientated northwest to southeast. Its fill (1406) contained no finds. This feature ran parallel with and may be related to Ditch 1403, it does not appear to run into Trench 13 to the west.

Pit 1407 contained a single fill (1408) with frequent charcoal inclusions, therefore Environmental Sample 13 was taken to explore the context. Fired clay, a small flint blade, a piece of slag and some ferrous globules from the sample were recovered.

Trench 15 (Figs. 31 – 34)

5.12. Trench 15 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1500 was a mid grey brown, loose sandy clay and silt, that was present at the top of the sequence and was 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1501, a mid orange brown, compact sand silt and clay that was 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Deposit 1502, a mid orange brown compact sandy clay with frequent stones. A cluster of seven ditches and three pits was present throughout Trench 15. Ditch terminal 1513, was recorded in the same location as a positive magnetic linear anomaly that was also recorded terminating just beyond the bounds of the trench. All of the features showed signs of slight plough truncation. No features appear to run into either Trenches 12 or 16.

Pit 1503 was located in the north of the trench, it contained a single fill (1504) that had frequent charcoal inclusions. No finds were present.

Ditch 1505 was orientated northwest to southeast, its fill (1506) contained no finds. Ditch 1505 cut Pit 1518.

Ditch 1507 was linear in plan orientated east to west, containing a single fill (1508) but no finds. Ditch 1507 cuts Pit 1518.

Ditch 1509 was orientated north to south, its fill (1510) was contained Roman pottery sherds, animal bone, Roman CBM, slag and a rough-worked flint were recovered.

Ditch 1509 cut Pit 1511 and Ditch 1513.

Pit 1511 contained Fill 1512 but no finds. Pit 1511 was cut by Ditch 1513 and 1509.

Ditch Terminal 1513, orientated north to south contained a single fill (1514). Roman pottery and Roman CBM were recovered. Ditch 1513 cuts Pit 1511 and is cut by Ditch 1509.

Ditch 1515 was orientated north-northeast to south-southwest, its Basal Fill 1516 contained Roman pottery and its Upper Fill 1517 Roman pottery, Roman CBM and a Roman coin (RA12).

Pit 1518 contained Fill 1519, within which Roman pottery was recovered. It was cut by Ditches 1505 and 1507.

Ditch 1520 was orientated northeast to southwest. No finds were recovered from its Basal Fill 1523 or Secondary Fill 1521, however, Upper Fill 1522 contained Roman pottery and Roman CBM.

Ditch 1525 was orientated east to west, the base of which was not reached. Basal Fill 1526 contained Roman pottery, no finds were present in Secondary Fill 1527 and Upper fill 1528 contained large amounts of Roman CBM, Roman pottery, including a complete Roman vessel, heat-altered flint, slag and lead waste (RA13) were recovered. A single intrusive piece of post-medieval CBM was further recovered (Fill 1528).

Trench 16 (Fig. 35)

5.13. Trench 16 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1600 was a mid grey brown, compact clay and silt, 0.38m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1601, a mid orange brown, friable sand silt, 0.16m thick. Below this was Colluvium 1602, comprising mid grey brown, compact silty clay. At the base of the sequence was a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay, with occasional stones, natural superficial deposit (1603). One shallow pit was present in the north of the trench, that may show signs of truncation.

Pit 1604 had a single fill (1605), within which Roman CBM and fired clay was recovered.

Trench 17 (Figs. 36 - 37)

5.14. Trench 17 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1700 was a mid grey brown, compact clay and silt, 0.42m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1701, a mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones, 0.70m thick. At the base of the sequence Natural Superficial Geology 1702 was a mid yellow brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones. Two ditches and one pit were present in the trench, all features showed signs of plough truncation. Two positive geophysical anomalies were prospected, that should run through the trench. Ditches 1703 and 1705 are recorded on a similar alignment as the anomalies, but are located between 6 and 10m to the west of them

Ditch 1703 was orientated north to south. Its Fill 1704 contained no finds.

Ditch 1705 was orientated northeast to southwest. No finds were present in its Fill 1706.

Oval Pit 1707 had a single fill (1708) that was dark in colour and contained charcoal but no finds.

Trench 18 (Fig. 38)

5.15. Trench 18 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 1800 was a mid grey brown, compact clay silt, frequent stones and charcoal flecks that was 0.50m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 1801, comprising dark orange brown, firm silt clay with frequent stones and charcoal flecks, 0.62m thick. At the base of the sequence Natural Superficial Geology 1802 was a dark orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones and gravel patches. A single plough truncated ditch and gully were present in the southwestern half of the trench. One of the two geophysical anomalies that were also prospected in Trench 17, was potentially present in Trench 18.

Gully 1803 was orientated northeast to southwest, its fill (1804) contained a sherd of Roman pottery. Gully 1803 was recorded on a comparable alignment to a positive linear anomaly recorded during the geophysical survey, but similar to Trench 17 it was located 6m southwest of the anomaly.

Curvilinear Ditch 1805 contained a single fill (1806). Struck flint flakes and heat-altered flint stones were recovered.

Trench 20 (Fig. 39)

5.16. Trench 20 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2001 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt and was 0.38m thick. Underlying this was

Subsoil 2002, comprising mid orange brown, firm silt clay, 0.60m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2005, a mid orange brown, friable silt sand with frequent stone inclusions. A single plough truncated ditch was present in the centre of the trench.

Ditch 2003 was orientated east to west containing a single fill (2004). No finds were present.

Trench 21 (Fig. 40)

5.17. Trench 21 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2101 was a mid grey brown, friable silt sand and was 0.38m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 2002, comprising mid orange brown, firm silt sand, 0.40m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2100, a light orange brown, friable silt sand with frequent stone inclusions. A single plough truncated ditch was present in the centre of the trench.

Ditch 2103 was orientated northeast to southwest, with a single fill (2104) that contained no finds.

Trench 22 (Figs. 41 - 42)

5.18. Trench 22 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2200 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, 0.26m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 2201, comprising mid orange brown, firm clay, silt and sand, 0.34m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2202, a light orange brown, friable silt sand with frequent stone inclusions. Two ditches, one pit and one posthole were present in the plough truncated trench.

Ditch 2203 was orientated east to west, it contained two undated fills (2204 and 2205).

Ditch Terminus 2206 was orientated northeast to southwest containing a single Fill 2207, but no finds.

Large Pit 2208 was not entirely contained within the trench, running beyond the baulk to the west. No finds were present from within its fill (2209). Pit 2208 was cut by Posthole 2210.

Posthole 2210 contained a single fill (2211) but no finds, Posthole 2210 cut Pit 2208.

Trench 23 (Fig. 43)

5.19. Trench 23 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 30m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2300 was a dark grey brown, loose sand silt that was 0.30m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 2301, comprising mid grey brown, firm silty sand, 0.18m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2302, a mid orange grey, compact sandy clay. One plough truncated pit was present in the trench.

Pit 2303 ran beyond the baulk to the northwest, it contained a single fill (2304) but no finds were present.

Trench 25 (Fig. 44)

5.20. Trench 25 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2500 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt, that was 0.48m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 2501, comprising mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, 0.60m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2502, a pale yellow grey, friable sandy gravel. A single pit and ditch were present in the eastern end of the trench, that showed signs of plough truncation.

Pit 2503 contained a single fill (2304) that ran beyond the limit of the trench to the south. No finds were recovered from it.

Ditch 2505 was located to the east of Pit 2503, orientated northeast to southwest and running beyond the trench limits. Its single fill (2506) also contained no finds.

Trench 27 (Figs. 45 - 46)

5.21. Trench 27 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 30m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 2700 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt and clay, it was 0.42m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 2701, comprising 0.60m thick mid orange brown, firm sand, silt and clay. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 2702, a light orange brown, loose silt clay and sand. Two ditches, one pit and a gully were present in the northeastern half of the trench, that all showed signs of plough truncation.

Curvilinear Ditch 2703 was orientated *c*.east to west, its Fill 2704 contained no finds.

Pit 2705 ran beyond the trench limits to the northwest. Single Fill 2705 contained no finds.

Ditch 2707 was orientated northeast to southwest, no finds were present from its fill (2708). Ditch 2707 runs parallel with Gully 2709, they are 3m apart and could form a trackway.

Gully 2709 was orientated northwest to southeast, no finds were collected from within its fill (2710). Gully 2709 runs parallel with Ditch 2707, and may form trackway ditches.

Trench 31 (Fig. 47)

5.22. Trench 31 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3100 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt, it was 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3101, comprising 0.30m thick mid grey brown, firm silt and clay. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3102, a pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay and sandy clay. A single ditch and one pit were present in the northeastern half of the trench, that showed signs of plough truncation. Pit 3103 and Ditch 3106 were cut through Subsoil Layer 3101.

Pit 3103 ran beyond the limit of the trench to the southwest. Basal Fill 3105 and Upper Fill 3104 contained no finds.

Ditch 3106 was orientated northeast to southwest and ran beyond the trench limits, it contained a single Fill 3107 but no finds.

Trench 33 (Fig. 48)

5.23. Trench 33 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3300 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt and was 0.34m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3301, comprising 0.09m thick mid grey brown, firm sandy silt. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3302, a mid orange brown, sandy gravel and silty clay. A single ditch was present in the northeastern half of the trench.

Ditch 3303 was orientated north-northeast to south-southwest and its course ran beyond the limits of the trench, its single fill (3304) contained no finds.

Trench 34 (Figs. 49 - 50)

5.24. Trench 34 was orientated north-northwest to south-southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3400 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt and was 0.50m max. thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3401, comprising 0.16m thick mid grey brown, firm sandy silt. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3402, a mid

orange brown, clay silt. Three plough truncated ditches, that all ran beyond the limits of the trench were present in the northwestern half of the trench.

Ditch 3403 was orientated northeast to southwest, its fill (3404) contained no finds.

Ditch 3405 was orientated northeast to southwest, its fill (3406) contained a single struck flint. Ditch 3405 ran parallel with Ditch 3407, separated by a distance of c.3m, they could form the ditches of a trackway.

Ditch 3407 was orientated northeast to southwest, its fill (3408) contained no finds. Ditch 3407 runs parallel with Ditch 3405 that is located approximately 3.00m to the east. Ditch 3407 may form a set of parallel trackway ditches with 3405.

Trench 35 (Fig. 51)

5.25. Trench 35 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3500 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt was 0.35m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3501, comprising 0.60m thick mid grey brown, firm clay silt. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3502, a pale yellow grey, firm clay and orange brown friable sandy gravel. A single plough truncated ditch was present in the centre of the trench.

Ditch 3503 was orientated east to west and ran beyond the trench bounds, its fill (3504) contained no finds.

Trench 37 (Fig. 52)

5.26. Trench 37 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3700 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt and was 0.24m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3701, comprising 0.42m thick mid orange brown, firm clay silt, with moderate small stones. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3702, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent small and large stones. Two plough truncated ditches ran beyond the limits of the trench.

The full profile of Ditch 3703 was not ascertained, as it ran beyond the northeastern end of the trench. It was orientated east to west, and contained a single fill (3704), but no finds.

Ditch 3705 was orientated southeast to northwest, no finds were present in its Fill 3706.

Trench 39 (Fig. 53)

5.27. Trench 39 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 3900 was a dark grey brown, firm sandy silt and was 0.36m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 3901, comprising 0.24m thick mid orange brown, firm clay silt, with moderate small stones. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 3902, a mid orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent small and large stones. A single plough truncated ditch was located in the southeastern half of the trench, running through the baulk to the east and west.

Ditch 3903 was orientated east to west, its fill (3904) contained no finds.

Trench 41 (Fig. 54)

5.28. Trench 41 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 4100 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with chalk flecks and moderate stone inclusions, it was 0.36m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4001, comprising 0.32m thick mid orange brown, firm clay silt, with moderate small stones. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4002, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent stones. A single ditch was present in the eastern end of the trench.

Ditch 4103 was orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a flat base. Its fill (4104) contained no finds.

Trench 43 (Fig. 55)

5.29. Trench 43 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Present at the top of the sequence was Topsoil 4300, a Dark grey brown, firm clay silt that was 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4301, comprising Mid grey brown, firm clay silt and 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4302, a light orange brown, firm sandy silt. Two ditches were present in the trench and ran beyond the bounds, a degree of plough truncation was also evident.

Ditch 4307 was orientated north to south, its Fill 4308 contained heat-altered stone and a struck flint flake.

Ditch 4303 was orientated northwest to southeast, due to health and safety reasons the base was not reached. Three fills were present that are described from lowest to uppermost in the table below:

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
4304	Dark yellow brown, compact clay silt	1.00m+ x	Heat-altered stones, flint
		1.78m x	flakes and a flint blade,
		0.38m	slag
4305	Mid yellow brown, compact clay sand	1.00m+ x	Struck flint, fired clay and
		2.84m x	heat-altered flint
		0.38m max.	
4306	Dark grey brown, friable clay silt (Sample 9 taken	1.00m x	Heat-altered flint
	from this fill)	2.00m x	
		0.23m	

Table 1. Fills of Ditch 4303.

Trench 46 (Fig. 56)

5.30. Trench 46 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 4600 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with charcoal flecks and moderate stone inclusions, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.36m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4601, comprising 0.24m thick mid orange brown, firm clay silt, with frequent small stones. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4602, a mid orange brown, firm sandy clay with stones. A single pit was present in the southwestern end of the trench, that appears to show a level of plough truncation.

Pit 4603 ran beyond the southwestern edge of the trench, its fill (4604) contained no finds.

Trench 47 (Figs. 57 - 58)

5.31. Trench 47 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 30m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 4700 was a mid grey brown, loose clay silt that was 0.30m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4701, comprising 0.28m thick mid orange brown, firm sand, clay and silt. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4702, a mottled mid orange brown, loose sandy silt. Four ditches and a gully ran beyond the bounds of the trench, showing signs of plough truncation.

Ditch 4703 was orientated northeast to southwest, Its fill (4704) contained no finds.

Gully 4705 was orientated northeast to southwest. No finds were present within its Fill 4706.

Ditch 4707 was orientated northeast to southwest, Upper Fill 4708 contained Late Bronze Age pottery, struck flint, and fired clay. Soil Sample 14 was taken from this deposit and ferrous globules were recovered. Basal Fill 4709 did not contain any finds. Ditch 4710 was orientated north to south, its Upper Fill 4711 contained no finds. Basal Fill 4712 contained animal bone and possibly Roman CBM. Ditch 4710 cut Ditch 4713.

Ditch 4713 was linear in plan, orientated northwest to southeast. No finds were present in its fill (4714). It was cut by Ditch 4710.

Trench 48 (Figs. 58 - 60)

5.32. Trench 48 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 4800 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with stones and charcoal flecks, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.30m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4801, comprising 0.32m thick mid orange brown, firm silty clay. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4802, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay. Two ditches and a single gully ran parallel beyond the bounds of the trench, a single pit was present in the southwestern end of the trench, some plough truncation was evident.

Gully 4803 was orientated northwest to southeast, No finds were present. From within its Fill 4804.

Ditch 4805 was orientated northwest to southeast, a sherd of Late Bronze Age pottery was present within its fill (4806). Ditch 4805 is of similar character to Ditch 4807 and may be related.

Ditch 4807 was orientated north to south. Its Fill 4808 contained no finds. Ditch 4807 is of similar character to Ditch 4805 and together they may form the ditches of trackway.

Pit 4809 ran beyond the limits of the excavation to the northwest, it contained a single fill 4810, in which Iron Age pottery sherds were recovered.

Trench 49 (Fig. 61)

5.33. Trench 49 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 4900 was a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.36m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 4901, comprising 0.12m thick mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 4902, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent small stones. Two parallel running ditches were present in the northwestern end of the trench, that showed a degree of plough truncation.

Ditch 4903 was orientated west to east and contained a single Fill 4904, no finds were present. Ditch 4903 ran parallel with Ditch 4905 and may be related.

Ditch 4905 was orientated west to east and contained Fill 4906, no finds were present. Ditch 4905 may be related with parallel running Ditch 4903, located *c*.5m apart.

Trench 50 (Fig. 62)

5.34. Trench 50 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5000 was a mid grey brown, friable clay silt with occasional stones, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.30m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5001, comprising mid orange brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones that was 0.12m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5002, a light orange brown, firm, sandy clay with frequent small stones. A parallel running gully and ditch were present in the centre of the trench, that were plough truncated.

Ditch 5003 was orientated northwest to southeast wand contained Fill 5004. No finds were present. Ditch 5003 runs parallel with Ditch 5005 and may be associated.

Ditch 5005 was orientated northwest to southeast, Its Fill 5006 contained no finds. Ditch 5005 runs 3m to the southwest of parallel Ditch 5003, their close proximity suggests that they may be related.

Trench 51 (Fig. 63 - 64)

5.35. Trench 51 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5100 was a mid grey brown, friable clay silt, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.30m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5101, comprising mid orange brown, friable sandy silt, that was 0.20m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5102, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay. Two pits, a gully and ditch, that showed some signs of plough truncation, were present throughout the trench.

Pit 5103 contained Fill 5104, within which Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age, Deverel-Rimbury Ware pottery and a carinated bowl pottery sherd, along with two flint flakes were present. Pit 5103 is located in the northeastern end of the trench and runs beyond its limits to the southeast. Ditch 5105 was orientated east to west, its Fill 5106 contained no finds. Ditch 5105 was located to the southeast of Pit 5103.

Pit 5107 was oval in plan, containing Fill 5108. No finds were present. Pit 5107 ran beyond the limit of the trench to the southeast.

Ditch 5109 was orientated east to west and contained Fill 5110, no finds were present. Ditch 5109 was located in the southwestern end of the trench.

Trench 52 (Fig. 65)

5.36. Trench 52 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5200 was a mid grey brown, friable clay silt with occasional stones, present at the top of the sequence, it was 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5201, comprising mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional stones, that was 0.20m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5202, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones. A single plough truncated gully was present in the northwestern end of the trench.

Narrow Gully 5203 was orientated north to south and contained a single Fill 5204, no finds were present within it.

Trench 53 (Fig. 66)

5.37. Trench 53 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5300 was present at the top of the sequence and comprised a mid grey brown, friable clay silt with moderate stones and charcoal flecks, 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5301, comprising mid orange brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional stones, that was 0.32m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5302, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones. A single truncated ditch feature was present at the southern end of the trench, that shows good correlation with a linear anomaly recorded on the geophysical survey.

Ditch 5303 was orientated southwest to northeast, it contained one fill 5404 and no finds were present.

Trench 55 (Fig. 67)

5.38. Trench 55 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5500 was present at the top of the sequence and comprised a mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with occasional stones, 0.40m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5501, comprising mid orange brown, soft sandy clay, with occasional stones, that was 0.32m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5502, a light orange brown soft clay sand with frequent small flint stones. A single plough truncated ditch feature was present at the northeastern end of the trench, that correlates well with a positive linear anomaly recorded by the magnetometer survey. A feature on the same line as a second parallel running positive linear anomaly, or a third at the southwestern end of the trench was not present.

Ditch 5503 was orientated north to south, whose fill (5504) contained Roman pottery, Roman CBM, heat-altered stones and fired clay. Environmental Sample 8 was taken.

Trench 56 (Figs. 68 - 69)

5.39. Trench 56 was orientated north to south and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. Topsoil 5600 was present at the top of the sequence and comprised a mid grey brown, firm clay silt and occasional stones, it was 0.34m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5601, comprising mid orange brown, soft sandy clay, with occasional stones, that was 0.26m thick, eighteen Roman pottery sherds were recovered. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5602, a light yellow brown compact sandy clay with frequent stones. Two gullies showing plough truncation and a metalled surface were present in the trench.

Gully 5603 was orientated east to west, containing a single Fill 5604. No finds were present.

Gully 5605 was orientated east to west; its Fill 5606 contained no finds.

Metalled Surface 5607 was 1.80m wide, orientated northwest to southeast, it contained Metalled Surface Deposit 5608, comprising small and medium rounded stones, pushed into the underlying clay soil that were in places two to three stones thick. Accumulation Fill 5609 was light grey brown, firm clay silt, with iron stone and charcoal flecks, Late Bronze Age pottery sherds were recovered from this layer.

Trench 57 (Figs. 70 - 73)

5.40. Trench 57 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 5700, comprising a dark grey brown, firm silty clay, 0.20m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5701, comprising mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, with occasional stones, that was 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5702, a mid orange brown friable sandy silt. Four ditches,

three pits and a burnt pit/oven were present within the trench, all of which showed a level of plough truncation. This trench was located 50m to the northwest of three geophysical anomalies.

Shallow Ditch 5703 was orientated north to south and was located at the western end of the trench, its fill (5704) contained no finds.

Shallow Ditch 5705 was orientated north to south in the centre of the trench, its fill (5706) contained no finds.

Pit 5707 was oval in plan, its Fill 5708 contained pottery sherds that were very delicate and did not survive lifting. Pit 5707 is located within close proximity to Burnt Pit/Oven 5718, it is also forms an alignment with Pits 5711 and 5715.

Ditch 5709 was orientated north to south, its fill (5710) did not contain any finds.

Pit 5711 was oval in plan and contained Fill 5712, no finds were collected from its fill. Pit 5711 forms a line with Pits 5715 and 5707.

Ditch 5713 was orientated north to south, it was the deepest feature in the trench but no finds were present in its fill (5714).

Pit 5715 was oval in plan, there were no finds present within its fill (5716). It is in alignment with Pits 5711 and 5707, and therefore may be related.

Burnt Pit/Oven 5718 was oval in plan (1.38m by 0.81m and 0.19m deep), with gentle sloping sides and a concave base. Fill 5719 was a soft dark grey black, silt sand and clay with frequent charcoal flecks. Baked clay was present in-situ on the base. One sherd of Late Bronze Age and two sherds of Roman pottery, heat-altered flint and fired clay were recovered.

Thin Deposit Layer 5720 was present at the western end of the trench, composed of a light white grey sandy clay, it may be of a natural origin.

Trench 58 (Figs. 74 - 75)

5.41. Trench 58 was orientated southeast to northwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 5800, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks, 0.34m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5801, comprising dark orange brown firm clay silt with moderate stones, that was 0.24m thick. Underlying Subsoil 5801 was Subsoil 5802, a dark orange brown firm clay silt with moderate stones, that was 0.16m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5803, a light orange brown, firm clay silt with frequent small to large stones. Four truncated ditches were present throughout the trench.

Ditch 5804 was orientated west to east; its fill (5805) contained no finds. It was on a different alignment to the other ditches and may belong to a separate phase of site activity.

Ditch 5806 was linear in plan, orientated north to south, its fill (5807) contained struck flint. It runs perpendicular with ditches 5808 and 5810 and therefore may be an associated enclosure ditch.

Ditch 5808 was linear in plan orientated west to east, its fill (5809) contained no finds. Ditch 5808 ran parallel with Ditch 5810 and 5806 and may form part of an associated enclosure.

Ditch 5810 was linear in plan, orientated north to south. Its fill (5811) contained no finds. Ditch 5810 runs parallel and may form an enclosure with Ditch 5808 and 5806.

Trench 59 (Fig. 76)

5.42. Trench 59 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 5900, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional small stones, 0.28m thick. Underlying this was Subsoil 5901, comprising mid orange brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones, that was 0.22m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 5902, light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent small to large stone inclusions. A flint surface was present in the southeastern end of the trench.

Flint Surface 5903 was linear in plan (3.40m+ by 1.80m+ and 0.24m deep), orientated northeast to southwest, with shallow sides and a flat base. Surface Layer 5904 was made up of moderate sized rounded and angular stones, no finds were present. Trample Layer 5906 was deposited within and around the stone Surface 5904, comprised of mid orange brown, friable silty sand that was 0.10m thick, no finds were recovered from it. Sealing Layer 5905 was present above flint stone Surface 5904 and Trample Layer 5906, it comprised mid yellow brown, firm clay silt, was 0.40m thick and was sealed below the subsoil (5901), no finds were present.

Trench 60 (Fig. 77)

5.43. Trench 60 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6000, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and moderate small stones, present to a thickness of 0.28m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6001, comprising mid orange brown, firm silty clay, occasional charcoal flecks and stones, that was 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6002, a light orange brown, soft sandy clay, with frequent small to large stones. A single plough truncated ditch ran beneath the baulk in the western half of the trench.

Shallow Ditch 6003 was orientated north to south; it contained a single Fill 6004, no finds were present.

Trench 61 (Figs. 78 - 82)

5.44. Trench 61 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6100, comprising a dark grey brown, firm silty clay, present to a thickness of 0.40m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6001, comprising mid grey brown, firm silty clay, that was 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6002, a mid orange brown, firm sandy silt. A cremation pit, six ditches, two small pits, one large pit and a stone layer were present throughout the trench. Plough truncation was evident. Two positive linear anomalies were recorded during the magnetometer survey that were located within this trench.

Ditch 6103 was orientated west-northwest to east-southeast, its fill (6104) contained no finds.

Ditch 6105 was orientated northeast to southwest with a single Fill 6106, no finds were present within it.

Quarry Pit 6107 was oval in plan, its Fill 6108 contained one sherd of medieval pottery was recovered. Its location correlates with a positive rectilinear anomaly in the geophysics data and therefore it may be related.

Pit 6109 was oval in plan with a single Fill 6110, in which no finds were recovered.

Small Pit or Posthole 6111 was oval in plan with vertical sides and a flat base. Fill 6112 contained animal bone.

Cremation Pit 6113 was circular in plan (0.50m by 0.50m and 0.24m deep), with steep sides and a concave base. Its Fill 6114 was a dark orange brown, soft silt clay with large charcoal patches and flint stone inclusions. Prehistoric pottery and bone were recovered from the fill, Environmental Sample 7 was taken.

Ditch 6115 was orientated north to south; it contained a single fill but no finds. Pit 6115 was cut by Ditch 6117.

Pit 6117 was oval in plan, its Fill 6118 did not contain finds, Pit 6117 cut Ditch 6115.

Ditch 6119 was orientated northwest to southeast, no finds were present in single Fill 6120. It is located where a positive linear anomaly is recorded in the geophysical survey data.

Ditch 6121 was orientated northwest to southeast, no finds were recovered from its Fill 6122.

Deposit 6123 was a line of material that contained Stone Deposit 6124, running northeast to southwest across the trench. No finds were present and it is of possible natural origin.

Trench 62 (Fig. 83 - 84)

5.45. Trench 62 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 35m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6200, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, present to a thickness of 0.25m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6201, comprising mid orange brown, firm silty sand that was 0.30m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6202, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay. Three ditches were present throughout the trench, that were plough truncated. All three features share good correlation with three geophysical survey anomalies present in the magnetometer data.

Ditch 6203 was linear in plan orientated northwest to southeast, present in the northeastern end of the trench. No finds were recovered from within its fill (6204).

Ditch 6205 orientated northwest to southeast, contained a single Fill 6206 but no finds.

Ditch 6207 was orientated north to south, in the southwestern end of the trench, its Fill 6208 contained no finds.

Trench 63 (Figs. 85 - 87)

5.46. Trench 63 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6300, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks and small stone inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.36m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6301, comprising mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional small stones, that was 0.18m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6302, a light orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent large stones. Three pits and five ditches were present throughout the trench. Ditch 6309 = 6311= 6315 is of Roman date, it cuts earlier Bronze Age Ditch 6313 and adjoins Ditch 6317. Ditches 6319 and 6320 were not excavated but were seen to clearly cut Ditch 6313.

Pit 6303 was oval in plan, no finds were recovered its fill (6304). Pit 6303 is one of three aligned pits, along with Pits 6305 and 6307. These features could therefore be a series of postholes.

Pit 6305 was oval in plan, its Fill 6306 contained Late Bronze Age pottery, it is part of an alignment of pits with Pits 6303 and 6307 and therefore could be a posthole.

Pit 6307 was circular in plan with moderately steep sides, its Fill 6308 contained no finds. It is part of an alignment of pits with Pits 6303 and 6305, therefore it could be a posthole.

Ditch 6309 = 6311 = 6315 was orientated northwest to southeast. Fill 6310 = 6312 = 6316 contained Roman CBM and Roman Pottery, with residual Late Bronze Age pottery sherds. Ditch 6309 = 6311 = 6315 adjoins Ditch 6317 and cuts Ditch 6313.

Ditch 6311 = 6309 = 6315 was orientated northwest to southeast, its Fill 6310 contained Late Bronze Age pottery sherds. Ditch 6311 = 6309 = 6315 adjoins Ditch 6317 and cuts Ditch 6313.

Ditch 6313 was orientated north to south, its Fill 6314 contained Late Bronze Age pottery sherds and fired clay. It was cut by 6315 = 6309 = 6311.

Ditch 6315 = 6309 = 6311 was orientated northwest to southeast, its Fill 6310 contained fired clay, heat-altered stone and Late Bronze Age pottery sherds. Ditch 6315 = 6309 = 6313 adjoins Ditch 6317 and cuts Ditch 6313.

Ditch 6317 was orientated north to south. Its Fill 6318 contained no finds. Ditch 6317 adjoins Ditch 6315 = 6311 = 6309.

Trench 64 (Fig. 88)

5.47. Trench 64 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6400, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional small stone inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.30m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6401, comprising mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional small stones, that was 0.36m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6402, mid orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones. A burnt pit was present in the southeastern end of the trench.

Burnt Pit/Kiln 6403 was linear in plan (1.80m by 0.45m and 0.26m deep), orientated west-southwest to east-northeast with steep sides and a concave base. It contained four fills that are described from basal to uppermost in the table below. The fired feature may be the flue of a kiln.

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
6407	Mid red brown, compact fired sand and clay, fired base and sides of feature	1.80m+ x 0.45m x 0.02m+	No finds
6404	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt, with frequent charcoal inclusions and charred wood. Sample 4 was taken from this fill	1.80m+ x 0.45m x 0.08m	Charcoal, charred wood, fired clay, heat-altered flint
6405	Dark yellow brown, compact clay silt, compact clay, with charcoal inclusions. Sample 5 was taken	1.80m+ x 0.45m x 0.08m	Fired clay
6406	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt with occasional charcoal flecks	1.80m x 0.45m x 0.10m	Fired clay

Table 2. Fills of Fired Pit 6403.

Trench 65 (Fig. 89)

5.48. Trench 65 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6500, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.23m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6501, comprising mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones and charcoal flecks, that was 0.33m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6502, light orange brown, soft sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions. Two shallow ditches were present in the trench, that appear to have been plough truncated. Shallow Ditch 6503 was orientated north to south, and contained single Fill 6504, No finds were present.

Shallow Ditch 6505 was orientated southeast to northwest, its single Fill 6506 contained no finds.

Trench 66 (Fig. 90)

5.49. Trench 66 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6600, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with frequent small stones inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.37m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6601, comprising mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones, that was 0.35m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6602, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions. One ditch was present in the centre of the trench, cut through the Subsoil 6601 that showed evidence of plough truncation.

Shallow Ditch 6603 was orientated north to south; its single Fill 6604 contained no finds.

Trench 67 (Figs. 91 - 93)

5.50. Trench 67 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 6700, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with frequent small stone inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.40m. Underlying this was Subsoil 6701, comprising mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones, that was 0.24m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 6702, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions. Two ditches and a large pit were present in the trench, all of which showed elements of plough truncation.

Ditch 6703 was orientated northwest to southeast, single Fill 6704 did not contain any finds. It was located at the southern end of the trench.

Pit 6705 was orientated east to west with steep sides, the base was not reached. Seven fills were present in the excavated segment, they are described from basal to upper fill in the table below. It was located in the northern end of the trench. This feature could be a quarry pit.

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
6706	Mid grey brown, compact silty clay, with frequent	1.80m+ x	Roman pottery
	rounded stones	10.00m x	
		0.42m+	
6715	Dark brown grey, compact clay silt, compact clay,	1.80m+ x	-
	with charcoal inclusions	10.00m x	
		0.20m+	
6714	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt with	1.80m+ x	Roman pottery
	occasional charcoal flecks	10.00m x	
		0.38m+	
6713	Dark grey brown, firm silty sand, with moderate	1.80m+ x	-
	charcoal flecks and small stones	10.00m x	
		0.16m	A
6712	Light orange brown, firm silty sand, with moderate	1.80m+ x	-
	charcoal flecks and occasional flint stones	10.00m x	
		0.18m	
6707	Dark grey brown, compact sand, silt and clay,	1.80m+ x	Late Bronze Age pottery
	occasional rounded stones and rare charcoal	10.00m x	
	flecks	0.10m	
6708	Light orange brown, loose sandy clay, with	1.80m+ x	-
	occasional rounded stones	10.00m x	
		0.36m	

Table 3. Fills of Large Pit 6703.

Ditch 6709 was orientated northeast to southwest with irregular sides, the base was not reached. Basal Fill 6710 and Upper Fill 6711 contained no finds. It was located in the centre of the trench.

Trench 70 (Figs. 94 - 95)

5.51. Trench 70 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 7000, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with frequent small stone inclusions, present to a thickness of 0.34m. Underlying this was Subsoil 7001, comprising mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones, that was 0.06m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 7002, a light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones and sand patches. Three ditches and two pits were present in the trench. Plough truncation was evident.

Ditch 7003 was orientated north to south with a single Fill 7004, in which heat-altered flint was collected.

Pit 7005 was oval in plan containing a single fill (7006), no finds were recovered.

Ditch 7007 was orientated east to west, single Fill 7008 contained no finds. Ditch 7007 was cut by Ditch 7009.

Ditch 7009 was orientated north to south, with a single Fill (7010) that contained no finds. Ditch 7009 cut Ditch 7007.

Pit 7011 was oval in plan, with two fills. Basal Fill 7012 contained no finds and Upper Fill 7013 contained struck flint flakes and heat-altered flint stones.

Trench 74 (Fig. 96)

5.52. Trench 74 was orientated east to west and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 7400, comprising a mid grey brown, compact clay silt with moderate small stones, present to a thickness of 0.30m. Underlying this was Subsoil 7401, comprising mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks, that was 0.40m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 7402, a light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones. One truncated ditch was present in the trench.

Ditch 7403 was (1.80m+ by 3.21m and 1.04m deep), orientated north to south with steep sides, for health and safety reasons the base was not reached. It contained three fills that are described from basal to uppermost in the table below.

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
7404	Mid grey brown, friable clay sand, with frequent	1.80m+ x	-
	rounded stones	1.46m x	
		0.36m	
7405	Mid grey brown, firm clay sand, with moderate	1.80m+ x	Struck flint, heat-altered
	stone inclusions	1.80m x	flint
		0.62m	
7406	Mid grey brown, very compact silty clay with	1.80m+ x	-
	sparse stones	3.20m x	
		0.38m+	

Table 4. Fills of Ditch 7403.

Trench 75 (Fig. 97)

5.53. Trench 75 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 7500, comprising a mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones, present to a thickness of 0.38m. Underlying this was Subsoil 7501, comprising mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks, that was 0.58m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 7502, a light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones. One ditch was present in the trench, two segments were excavated through the feature that showed signs of plough truncation. Ditch 7503 = 7506 was linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.30m and 0.60m+ deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides, for health and safety reasons the base was not reached. Basal Fill 7504 = 7507 was a mid grey brown, firm sandy clay, with charcoal flecks and small stones, no finds were present. Upper Fill 7505 = 7508 was a mid orange brown, firm silty clay with frequent charcoal flecks, prehistoric pottery heat-altered stone and struck flints were recovered. This ditch shows good correlation with the positive curvilinear anomaly recorded in the geophysical survey data.

Trench 78 (Fig. 98)

5.54. Trench 78 was orientated east to west and was 30m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 7800, comprising a mid grey brown, firm silt and clay, present to a thickness of 0.25m. Underlying this was Subsoil 7801, comprising mid orange brown, firm sand silt and clay, that was 0.22m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 7802, a light orange brown, compact sandy silt, with frequent stones. One plough truncated pit was present in the eastern end of the trench.

Pit 7803 was oval in plan, its dark Fill 7804 contained 46 sherds of Late Bronze Age pottery, heat-altered flint and struck flint was recovered. Environmental Sample 3 was taken from the fill.

Trench 79 (Fig. 99)

5.55. Trench 79 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 7900, comprising a dark grey brown, firm silt and clay, present to a thickness of 0.28m. Underlying this was Subsoil 7901, comprising mid orange brown, firm silt and clay, that was 0.22m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 7902, a dark orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones. One ditch was present in the centre of the trench, that may have been plough truncated.

Narrow Ditch 7903 was orientated east to west, it had a single fill (7904) in which no finds were present.

Trench 81 (Figs. 100 - 101)

5.56. Trench 81 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8100, comprising a mid black grey, firm silt and clay, present to a thickness of 0.30m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8101, comprising mid orange brown, firm sandy silt, that was 0.18m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8102, a dark orange brown, sandy clay. One ring ditch, excavated in two segments and a posthole were present in the trench, both of which appeared plough truncated.

Posthole 8103 was circular in plan with steep sides and a concave base. Its fill 8104 contained no finds.

Ring Ditch 8105 = 8107 was curvilinear in plan (8.00m+ by 0.82m and 0.28m deep) with steep sides and a concave base. Its Fill 8106 = 8108 contained no finds. Deposit 8109 was a deposit of large angular flint stones on the base of the ditch, in which no finds were collected.

Trench 84 (Figs. 102 - 103)

5.57. Trench 84 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8400, comprising a mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones, present to a thickness of 0.40m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8401, comprising mid orange brown, firm sandy silt, with occasional stones, that was 0.25m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8402, a dark orange brown, sandy clay. Three plough truncated ditches and a single pit were present in the trench.

Ditch 8403 was linear in plan (1.80m+ by 3.06m and 0.85m deep) orientated east to west, with steep sides and a concave base. It contained three fills that are described from basal to uppermost in the table below.

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
8406	Mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones and charcoal flecks	1.80m+ x 2.10m x 0.85m max	Medieval Pottery sherd
8405	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay, with moderate stone inclusions and charcoal flecks, Sample 2 taken	1.80m+ x 0.80m x 0.36m	Roman pottery, flint
8404	Light yellow brown, firm silty clay, with rare rounded stones and charcoal flecks	1.80m+ x 2.35m x 0.25m	-

Table 5. Fills of Ditch 8403.

Ditch 8407 was linear in plan orientated north to south, its fill (8408) contained no finds.

Pit 8409 was oval in plan with steep sides that ran beyond the bounds of the trench. No finds were present within its fill (8410). Pit 8409 may be a quarry pit. Ditch 8411 was orientated east to west. Within its Fill 8412 were medieval pottery sherds.

Trench 85 (Fig. 104)

5.58. Trench 85 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8500, comprising a mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones, present to a thickness of 0.13m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8501, comprising mid orange brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones, that was 0.15m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8502, a dark orange brown, sandy clay. One plough truncated ditch was present in the centre of the trench and a single pit in the northwestern end.

Pit 8503 was oval in plan (1.40m by 0.50m and 0.33m deep), with steep sides and a concave base. It contained three fills that are described from basal to uppermost in the table below.

Fill	Composition	Dimensions (I x w x d)	Finds
8504	Mid yellow brown, soft clay sand, with moderate rounded stone inclusions	0.98m x 0.50m x	-
	Tounded stone inclusions	0.10m	
8505	Dark black brown, compact silty sand, with	1.14m x	Bronze Age Pottery,
	moderate stone inclusions and charcoal flecks,	0.50m x	heat-altered stones
	Sample 1 taken	0.06m	
8506	Mid orange brown, loose silty sand, with	1.40m x	-
	occasional charcoal flecks	0.50m x	
		0.17m	

Table 6. Fills of Pit 8503.

Ditch 8507 was orientated northeast to southwest, its fill (8508) contained no finds.

Trench 86 (Figs. 105 - 106)

5.59. Trench 86 was orientated west to east and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8600, comprising a mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, with occasional stones, present to a thickness of 0.34m, struck flint flakes were present. Underlying this was Natural Superficial Geology 8601, a mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones. Three plough truncated ditches were present in the western half of the trench.

Ditch 8602 was orientated north to south, with steep sides and a concave base. Its fill 8603 contained a sherd of medieval glass, modern pottery and snail shells.

Gully 8604 was orientated northeast to southwest, on a similar alignment to Ditch 8606. Struck flint flakes were recovered from its fill (8605).

Ditch 8606 was orientated northeast to southwest. Its fill 8607 contained no finds, its orientation is similar to Gully 8604, so they may be from a similar phase of site activity.

Trench 87 (Fig. 107)

5.60. Trench 87 was orientated northwest to southeast and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8700, comprising a mid grey brown, compact silty clay, with occasional stones, present to a thickness of 0.26m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8701, a mid orange brown, firm silty clay, moderate degree of stones, 0.32m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8702, comprised of light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent flint stones. One ditch was present in the eastern end of the trench.

Deep Ditch 8703 was orientated northeast to southwest and ran beyond the limits of the trench. Its fill 8704 contained prehistoric pottery sherds.

Trench 88 (Figs. 108 - 110)

5.61. Trench 88 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8800, comprising a dark grey brown, compact silty clay, present to a thickness of 0.35m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8801, a mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, 0.35m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8802, comprised of light orange brown, compact sandy clay. A single pit and four ditches were present in the trench.

Pit 8803 was oval in plan and contained a single fill (8804). No finds were present.

Ditch 8805 was linear in plan orientated north to south. Its fill (8806) contained no finds.

Ditch 8807 was linear in plan orientated east to west whose course ran beyond the limits of the trench. No finds were present in its fill (8808). It runs parallel to Ditch 8809 and may form parallel running trackway ditches.

Ditch 8809 was linear in plan, orientated east to west, running beyond the limits of the trench. Its fill (8810) contained no finds. It runs parallel to Ditch 8807, therefore it may be related, potentially forming a set of trackway ditches.

Ditch 8811 was linear in plan, orientated north to south, on a course that ran beyond the limits of the trench. Its fill 8812 contained no finds. It was aligned on a different orientation to Ditches 8807 and 8809, therefore it may belong to a separate phase of site activity.

Trench 89 (Figs. 111 - 112)

5.62. Trench 89 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 8900, comprising a mid grey brown, friable silty sand, present to a thickness of 0.30m. Underlying this was Subsoil 8901, a mid orange brown, firm silty sandy, with flint stones, 0.28m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 8902, comprised of light orange brown, friable sand and gravel, with clay patches. Four plough truncated ditches were present in the trench, all running beyond its limits. Ditch 8903 and 8906 run parallel to one another and may form boundary divisions from a similar phase of site activity. Ditches 8911 and 8903 run perpendicular to one another and together may form an enclosure.

Ditch 8903 was orientated northwest to southeast. No finds were recovered from either Basal Fill 8904 or Upper Fill 8905.

Ditch 8906 was linear in plan orientated northwest to southeast. Its fill 8907 contained no finds.

Ditch 8908 was orientated west to east, containing two fills. Basal Fill 8909 and Upper Fill 8910 contained no finds.

Ditch 8911 was linear in plan orientated east to west. Its Fill 8912 contained no finds.

Trench 92 (Fig. 113)

5.63. Trench 92 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 40m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 9200, comprising a mid grey brown, soft silty sand, present to a thickness of 0.40m. Underlying this was Subsoil 9201, a dark orange brown, hard silty sandy, 0.20m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 9202, comprised of mid orange brown, friable sand silt and clay. One ditch and a gully were present in the northeastern half of the trench.

Ditch 9203 was linear in plan orientated east to west, that ran beyond the limits of the trench. Fill 9204 contained medieval ceramic building material.

Gully 9205 was orientated northeast to southwest, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base, that ran beyond the limits of the trench. Fill 9206 contained Iron Age pottery.

Trench 95 (Fig. 114)

5.64. Trench 95 was orientated northeast to southwest and was 30m long and 1.80m wide. At the top of the sequence was Topsoil 9500, comprising a dark grey brown, soft silty sand, present to a thickness of 0.40m. Underlying this was Subsoil 9501, a mid orange brown, compact silt sandy, 0.20m thick. At the base of the sequence was Natural Superficial Geology 9502, comprised of light orange brown, friable sand silt and clay. One ditch was present in the centre of the trench.

Ditch 9503 was orientated north to south and ran beyond the limits of the trench. Fill 9504 contained post-medieval ceramic building material.

6. THE FINDS

6.1. The bulk finds from the evaluation consist primarily of pottery, ceramic building material (CBM), fired clay and struck flints. The types and quantities of bulk finds are listed by context in Table 2 (Appendix A). The finds are mostly of prehistoric and Roman date and the majority were recovered from ditch fills. There is also a small collection of individually numbered Registered artefacts (RA), mostly metal objects, which are reported together (6.13).

The finds reveal some activity during the Early Neolithic and Late-Neolithic-Early Bronze Age, probably representing limited occupation here. More extensive occupation is indicated during the Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age and the pottery assemblage also indicates some late prehistoric activity, probably reflecting nearby occupation in the Middle-Late Iron Age. A cremation burial, 6113, although not closely dated also probably dates to the prehistoric period as no later dated finds were associated with it. There is a significant assemblage of Roman pottery and ceramic building material reflecting occupation here or in the immediate area during the midlate Roman period, *c*.late 2nd/3rd-4th century. A few finds of medieval pottery also appear likely to result from activity here during that period (*c*.13th-14th century) although the area may have been peripheral to the settlement pattern. Small numbers of finds of post-medieval and modern date suggests material derived from manure scatter and casual loss on agricultural land.

Prehistoric

The earliest closely dated find is part of an Early Neolithic decorated bowl (0301) c.3700-3200 BC; however, there is little else that can be closely dated to the Neolithic. A small but significant group of Beaker pottery, current in Britain c.2400-1700 BC, was recovered from fill (8505). This can be categorised as Beaker coarseware and probably dates to the period c.2200 BC-1700 BC.

While containing a couple of scraper tools, from contexts (0002) and (0806), the flint assemblage is mostly comprised of relatively undiagnostic flakes. Based on the lack of blades and thin flakes, it probably mostly dates to after the Early Neolithic period and there is no clear indication of an earlier prehistoric (Mesolithic - Early Neolithic) component.

More widespread were pottery sherds that can be dated to the Late Bronze Age-Early Iron Age period, typical of the Post-Deverel-Rimbury (PDR) pottery tradition; the largest groups at over forty sherds coming from contexts (5104) and (7804). There is little that is diagnostic as to vessels forms, although a sherd from a carinated jar of bowl came from (5104), probably dating to the period of the Late Bronze Age - Earliest Iron Age (*c*.1100/1000-600/500 BC). The lack or decoration on any of the sherds is also typical of the Late Bronze Age plain (undecorated) phase of the PDR tradition (*c*.1100/1000-800/700 BC).

A modest number of sand-tempered pottery sherds appear typical of the Middle-Late Iron Age spanning the period *c*.early/mid 4th century BC-late 1st century BC/early 1st century AD, but mostly appear as just one or a few sherds from any one context and may mostly be residual. A metal (copper-alloy) terret ring (RA10) could belong to the Late Iron Age or Early Roman period, the ring being dated as *c*.100 BC-100 AD.

Roman

Roman pottery was relatively common and recovered from twenty-seven contexts. There was a concentration of finds in Trenches 15 and 16, especially context (1528) which included a near whole bowl of mid-late Roman date that had been modified by having the flange removed. This might represent a deliberately placed vessel but appears to have been found with a significant quantity of other broken pottery suggesting a rubbish deposit.

The majority of the Roman pottery is made up of sherds of unsourced coarsewares and greywares. Among the finewares there is just a single sherd of imported samian, which is of East Gaulish manufacture dating to the 2nd-3rd century; although a number of regional fineware products are represented with sources in the Nene Valley, Cambridgeshire (broadly current in the late 2nd/3rd-4th century) and Hadham in Hertfordshire (current in the late 3rd-4th century). The few greyware vessel forms that could be recognised among the assemblage are also typical of the 2nd-4th and later 3rd-4th century and a number of sherds of Late shell-tempered ware are probably of *c*.mid-late 4th century date. Together these indicate that the occupation here dates to the Mid-Late Roman period.

A modest, but significant collection of Roman ceramic building material (brick and tile), some of which is of types used in hypocausts, shows access to this material. The assemblage is largely of similar, sandy fabrics but it cannot be interpreted as kiln debris as there are no clear overfired or waster pieces. Its clean condition and lack of any mortar fragments amongst the finds suggests it is possibly material, collected for reuse, rather than demolition from a well-appointed building on or adjacent to the site, although that it could represent surplus construction material from a building close by cannot be discounted.

Among the metal finds, of the two Roman coins one (RA3) is probably of 1st-2nd century date, while the other (RA12) can be dated to the 4th century. Another metal object (RA11) dated as Roman may be a strap end for which a possibly similar parallel piece is dated to the period of the mid to late second century AD.

Post-Roman

Finds dating to the post-Roman period are relatively few by comparison with that from the prehistoric and Roman periods, but include pottery, ceramic building material and a few metal artefacts. The ceramic building material and post-medieval pottery seem likely to represent manuring debris; while the metal finds may represent casual losses.

Medieval

There is a small amount of medieval coarseware pottery, probably of *c*.13th-14th century date, consisting almost entirely of a few sherds from two ditch contexts in Trench 8: (8406) ditch 8403 and (8412) ditch 8411. While among the metal finds is a worn medieval long-cross penny (RA9), possibly of Edward I (1279-1307), which appears likely to be a casual loss. A piece of glass with a corroding surface (RA15) may also be medieval.

Post-medieval and modern

Most of the finds dated to this period were recovered from soil layers. A few sherds of post-medieval or modern (factory-made) pottery were associated with three contexts (6600) (6601) and (8603). Post-medieval metal finds include a worn Nuremberg jetton of the Rose and Orb type (RA7), a buckle frame (RA6), a lead weight (RA4) and lead, cast gun shot (RA5) possibly for a pistol.

Pottery

Introduction

6.2. A total of seven hundred and twenty-nine sherds of pottery, together weighing 5,551g, were recovered from the evaluation. This includes pottery later recovered during processing bulk samples. The pottery is primarily of prehistoric and Roman date.

Prehistoric pottery

Introduction

There are four hundred and thirty-nine sherds of prehistoric pottery; total weight 1,841g. The overall date range of the assemblage spans the prehistoric period from the Early Neolithic to the Middle-Late Iron Age. The pottery is described by context in Table 3 (Appendix A). In addition to this a very small quantity of (3g) of prehistoric pottery was recovered during processing of bulk sample (Sample 7) from a context identified as a cremation burial (6114) but has not been seen prior to this report.

Early Neolithic

Only one context Subsoil 0301, contained pottery that could be identified as Early Neolithic. This context produced sheds from a single Mildenhall-style flint-tempered bowl, decorated with vertical burnished lines on the neck and on the rim. Mildenhall-style pottery is current in Britain *c*.3700-3200 BC.

Late Neolithic-Early Bronze Age

A significant group of Beaker period pottery, consisting of a total of one hundred and fifty-nine sherds (weight 639g) was recovered from pit 8503, context (8505). This style of pottery is current in Britain *c*.2400-1700 BC (Parker Pearson 2009, 107). The pottery appears in sandy fabrics, mostly with some flint and grog-temper. Much is decorated with finger tip or finger nail impressions, including finger pinch and other decorative techniques appear hardly to be represented; although one sherd has scored horizontal lines.

The Beaker pottery from this context is mostly quite fragmented. However, there is one large rim sherd from a necked Beaker pot that is decorated with horizontal rows of finger nail impressions and another small rim sherd decorated with finger tip impressions. Many of the sherds are relatively thick and coarse and the assemblage can be categorised as a Beaker domestic assemblage, similar to other domestic assemblages recorded from Norfolk (Bamford 1982) and most probably dating to the period *c*.2200-1700 BC.

Among the Beaker pottery from this context there are also a few oxidised body sherds that are moderately heavily flint-tempered fabric which are not closely dated.

Late Bronze Age-Early Iron Age

Relatively thin-walled sherds of pottery mostly tempered with small-medium flint were recovered from a number of contexts: (4708) (0810) (0813) (4806) (5104) (5609) (5719) (6306) (6310) (6312) (6314) (6707) and (7804), although most of these contexts produced less than five sherds.

This pottery appears typical of that belonging to the Post-Deverel-Rimbury (PDR) tradition (Barratt 1980) dating to the period of the Late Bronze Age and Early Iron Age (*c*.1100/1000-400/350 BC). In total there are one hundred and forty sherds of this pottery, the most significant groups coming from (5104) which produced forty-six sherds (weight 252g) and (7804) which produced forty-seven sherds (weight 170g).

This pottery from (5104) includes sherds from at least three pots. Among these is a sherd from a jar or bowl with a carinated shoulder. Small rim sherds were also recovered from (6312) and (6314), however, typologically diagnostic sherds were few in number among the whole assemblage. Close dating the assemblage is therefore

rather speculative and relies on the fabrics and on the nature of the assemblage as a whole.

The presence of a number of sand-tempered sherds among this pottery might indicate that at least some of this pottery dates to the Early Iron Age period (*c*.800/700-400/350 BC). However, the complete absence of any decoration is typical of the early Late Bronze Age (*c*.1100/1000-800/700 BC) part of the PDR tradition. The single sherd from a carinated jar could also be Late Bronze Age (Brudenell 2011, fig 3 no. 11) but is not particularly diagnostic and can also be compared to pottery from the Earliest Iron Age (*c*.800-600/500 BC) (*ibid*, 17 and fig 5 no. 12). Overall, within the Late Bronze Age-Early Iron Age period, a period encompassed by the Late Bronze Age-Earliest Iron Age appears most likely, for most, if not all of this pottery.

Iron Age pottery

A total of fifty-four sherds, together weighing 67g are of a type of pottery typical of the period *c*.early/mid 4th century BC-late 1st century BC/early 1st century AD and can be dated as Middle-Late Iron Age. These consist mostly of relatively thick sand-tempered body sherds, sometimes with voids from burnt out chaff in the surfaces and commonly smoothed or burnished on the exterior surface. They were recovered from six contexts, with small groups of sherds coming from (0808) and (4810) and another small group of quite broken-up sherds from (0506) that are probably all part of the same pot.

Roman pottery

Pottery that could be identified as Roman consists of two hundred and fifty-nine sherds together weighing 3,538g. The pottery is described by context in Table 4 (Appendix A).

A total of twenty-seven contexts contained sherds of Roman pottery, although most of these produced less than ten sherds. Only five contexts produced larger numbers of sherds; these had totals of between sixteen up to a maximum of fifty: (0504) (1510) (1528) (5504) (5601) and (8405).

Much of the assemblage is dominated by sherds of unsourced coarsewares, principally greywares. Much of this pottery is made up of body sherds and these are difficult to date other than as Roman. However, most of the more closely datable pottery recovered would suggest that the majority of the assemblage dates to the later Roman period of the 3rd-4th century.

There is a single sherd of imported samian (1528) which is of East Gaulish manufacture (Fabric SAEG) and can be dated to the period *c*.early/mid 2nd-mid 3rd century. The regional wares present are typical of the later Roman period with slipped and colour-coated pottery from the Nene Valley (Fabric NVC) (*c*.2nd/3rd-4th century), Hadham (Fabric HAX) (*c*.late 3rd-4th century) and Late shell-tempered wares (Fabric LSH) which is typically of 4th or mid-late 4th century date in East Anglia.

Forms recorded among the coarseware pottery are similarly primarily of mid-late Roman date, c.2nd-4th century. There are three examples of bead rim bowls of Going Form B4 (dated early/mid 2nd-3rd century), one from (0919) and two from (5601) with examples of Going Form B6 (dated later 3rd-4th century) Form and probably E5 (dated mid 3rd-4th century) recorded from context (1528).

Of particular interest is a near whole bowl from ditch 1525, context (1528). This is a copy, in what appears to be a coarseware fabric, of the samian form Dr 38, which is a flanged bowl; although the flange here has been entirely removed leaving a small, slightly smoothed-down scar. The form Dr 38 first appears in samian in the 2nd century but is more typical of samian dating to the later 2nd and 3rd century (Webster 1996, 51). This form remaining in production in fine-ware copies of the samian vessels until the end of the Roman period. There is some damage to the rim of the pot, but this appears recent. Whilst as a whole pot it might be tempting to suggest a deliberate burial or placement, it was recovered with a significant amount of other broken pottery which would appear to be more typical of waste disposal. Also of interest is a small coarseware sherd from context (1562) which retains what appears to be part of a circular/spiral motif and which appears similar to spirals seen on pots at Colchester, one example coming from the 4th century 'Mithraeum' deposit (Hull 1958, fig 65 no.64).

Medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery

There is only a small quantity of pottery dated to the medieval and post-medieval periods. The pottery is described by context in Table 5 (Appendix A).

There are sixteen sherds (total weight c.116g) which are, or probably are, medieval rather than Roman. One sherd (4g) came from context (6108), seven (28g) from context (8412) and a small group of ten sherds from (8406). These are all from coarseware pots (Fabric MCW) and typically would date to the c.13th-14th century.

A further five sherds (total weight *c*.73g) are of post-medieval or modern date. They consist of sherds of Glazed red earthenware (Fabric GRE), dating to the 16th-18th century and one sherd of factory-made creamware (Fabric CRW) dating to the Late 18th-Early 20th century. They were recovered as single sherds from contexts (6600) (6601) and (8603).

Ceramic building material Introduction

6.3. A moderately large quantity of ceramic building material (CBM) was recovered. In total there are one hundred and seventy-three pieces with a combined weight of just over twenty-five and a half kg (25,418g). Almost all of this both by count and by weight is Roman with a total of one hundred and sixty-eight pieces weighing 24,818g. The assemblage is described by context in Table 6 (Appendix A).

Roman CBM

The one hundred and sixty-eight pieces of Roman CBM (24,818g) form a numerically modest but significant assemblage. Roman brick and tile pieces were recovered from nine contexts, but it is the five of these located in Trench 15 that are significant in terms of the amount and nature of the tile recovered: (1510) (1514) (1517) (1522) and (1528). These five produced one hundred and fifty-eight pieces between them weighing 23,898g; the largest quantity coming from context (1528) in ditch 1525, with one hundred and twenty pieces together weighing 20,473g. Associated pottery dating indicates that most of the Roman tile comes from contexts dating to the late Roman period of the 3rd-4th century.

The assemblage consists of pieces from *tegula* and *imbrex* roof tiles, Roman bricks (probably square and of small-medium size) and a few pieces from combed flue tiles. All are in fine-medium sand fabrics (f-ms) with few or no other significant inclusions noted and are oxidised orange in colour.

Tegulae tiles

Pieces from tegulae were recovered from almost all of the contexts although the single largest group is from context (1528). There are at least thirty-three flanged pieces among the whole assemblage. They have a base thickness of approximately 20mm and many if not all of the plain flat pieces of brick or tile of approximately this thickness present in the assemblage can also be identified as from *tegulae*. While the thickness of the flange can change along the length of the tile, variation in the shape of the flanges suggest tiles made using at least four different mould formers. Other details present on the tiles are three lower (front) cut-aways, two of Warry Type B6 from (1517) and (1528) and another of other Warry Type C4 from (1528) (Warry 2006 fig 1.3) one of which appears to have been misfired or burnt (1528). While by no means accepted as a firm dating Warry suggests that these types are most typical of the 2nd century and mid 2nd-3rd century respectively. There are also two back (upper) cutaways. There is also one example of a curving tile 'signature' (1528). Of interest is part of a single nail fixing hole, made though a tegular tile base (1528) these do not appear to be common on tegula but are possibly more common on later dated tiles of *c*.mid 3rd-4th century (Warry 2006, 102-104).

Imbrex tiles

Pieces from curving *imbrex* tiles come mostly from one context (1528) and overall appear much less in evidence than pieces from *tegulae*. These form the other tile component of Roman roofs, being used to cover the joins between the butted together flanges of the flat *tegulae* and on roof ridges and suggests an imbalance in the ratio between *imbrex* and *tegula* that would not be expected should these represent roof demolition material dumped here. This imbalance could, however, be explained by the larger size of *tegulae* and the selective evaluation sample. Most of the pieces are approximately 17mm thick and one piece preserves the full curved section.

Roman bricks

Pieces that can be identified as fragments of Roman bricks were found in several contexts but the single largest concentration is from context (1528). The presence of bricks could be identified by corner pieces, three being present in context (1528) and by the thickness of these at between 30mm-35mm allowing other plain, flat pieces also to be confidently identified. While no full dimension other than thickness could be measured, the largest piece being *c*.155m in length, their appearance suggests square tile-like bricks, possibly *Besslis* or *Pedalis* types (Brodribb 1987, fig 1) that are

typically associated with hypocausts rather than larger construction bricks. Two of these brick pieces (1528) have paw and hoof marks from animals (species not identified) that passed across them while they were left on the ground to dry.

Flue tile

Just two pieces of flue tile could be identified from their combed surfaces. It may be possible, however, that plain pieces from the sides and back of box flue tiles remain unidentified among the other plain, flat, tile pieces as the identified flue tiles is *c*.20mm thick, the same as the *tegulae* bases. The largest piece (comprised of two joining sherds) comes from context (1605) and preserves a significant area of the tile face. There is no indication in the form of any internal sooting to show that it had been used as part of a hypocaust flue. There is also one small piece from context (1517) which is small and square in shape, suggesting it might possibly have been cut for use as a tesserae although this is very speculative as no other possible tesserae were recorded.

Discussion

The Roman CBM is concentrated in contexts in Trench 15. The nature of the tile and brick types recovered are from tile roofs and types associated with hypocaust heating systems. However, none of the hypocaust pieces show any certain evidence of use in the form of internal soot staining of the flue tiles, or sooting or heat damage on the brick. An imbalance between the large number of pieces from *tegular* roof tiles and the small number of *imbrex* pieces does not reflect the proportions found within an extant roof but only with *in situ* collapse might this be expected and some intervention and selective dumping of demolition impacting on the composition of the material is probably to be expected.

The origins of this material are not clear. The absence of mortar fragments amongst the assemblage or adhering to the tiles themselves does not seem to suggest that it represents direct demolition material from a reasonably well appointed Roman building located in the immediate area. The material might represent kiln debris, which would by its nature be dumped in an unused condition free of mortar debris; but the absence of waster material does not support this interpretation. Perhaps most likely is that it represents a collection of material intended for use, or waste material left over from the selection of material for use, in unmortared construction such the base of ovens or the installations commonly referred to as corn dryers. This also might have come from nearby building construction or be relatively clean material gleaned from building demolition. Whatever the origins, however, presence of the material shows that the occupiers of the site had access to a variety of tile and brick, whether new or old, presumably from no great distance away.

Post-Roman CBM

In contrast to the Roman material there are only four pieces of post-Roman CBM; these having a combined weight of 596g, most of this weight made up by a single piece of brick. All are single pieces from different contexts.

The post-Roman material consists of pieces from bricks and pieces identified as from peg tiles. One of the brick pieces is abraded and comes from context (1528), otherwise containing a large quantity of Roman CBM and where it is clearly an intrusive piece (the fabric is quite different from the Roman assemblage in that context). The other, from context (9504) is part of a coarse brick, 40mm thick. Brick is often difficult to date accurately with confidence, but the piece here suggests it probably dates to the late medieval or earlier part of the post-medieval period, *c*.14th/15th century-17th century. Two small pieces identified as peg tile were also recovered. These are not closely dated other than as late medieval or post-medieval. Peg tile begin to appear from the late 12th century in London (Egan 1998, 28) but here they most likely date to at least the period of the 13th or 14th century after which peg tile began to become in more common general use.

Fired clay

Introduction

6.4.

A modest quantity of fired clay totalling seventy five pieces with a combined weight of 698g was recovered by hand during the evaluation (average weight approximately 9g). A further three hundred and thirty-eight pieces (approximate count) weighing 1,119g were later recovered during processing bulk soil samples (average weight approximately 3g). This gives a final total (approximately) of four hundred and thirteen pieces weighing 1,817g. All of the fired clay is described by context in Table 7 (Appendix A).

The assemblage

All of the fired clay is in sandy fabrics with few other inclusions. A number of pieces have small voids either from burnt-out organic material, but possibly mostly resulting

from poor wedging of the clay. Almost all is oxidised orange with a lesser number of darker pieces that are brownish-red in colour.

The fired clay itself is mostly quite broken-up. Few surface areas survive on any of the pieces which are mostly undiagnostic. Most if not all appears to have derived from clay-built structures (such as clay domes on heaths or ovens) rather than representing parts of broken clay objects (such as fire bars of loomweights). It should be noted, however, that no instances of any voids from former wattle framing were recorded on any of the pieces. The small surface areas surviving on some of the pieces all indicated flat or in one instance a slowly curving surface.

Of the hand recovered fired clay most of the contexts produced less than ten pieces. The largest single group, consisting of nineteen pieces (weight 490g) came from the remains of an oven 6403, context (6406). This included some larger pieces than much of the assemblage with an average weight per piece of 25g and among these was a single piece with a slightly curving, otherwise relatively flat/smooth surface.

Struck flint

Introduction

6.5. One hundred and five pieces of flint (weight 869g) were recovered from the site and from the later processing of bulk soil samples. The great majority came from ditch fills or were unstratified in the topsoil suggesting, it is probably mostly residual. All of the struck flint is listed and described by context in Table 8 (Appendix A). In addition to this a small quantity (7g) of struck flint pieces were recovered during processing a bulk sample (Sample 7) from a context identified as a cremation burial (6114).

The assemblage

Eighty-seven pieces of struck flint were recovered from the evaluation, these were mostly flakes made with a hard-hammer technique, but included two scraper tools.

One scraper was recovered as part of a collection of eight flints from context (0002) and is an unstratified find. It has been made on a tertiary flake with abrupt retouch along one side. The same context also produced six small flakes, one with a small notch made in one edge. Another piece identified as a scraper comes from context (0806), fill in ditch 0805. This is made on a secondary flake, although much of dorsal

surface is covered in cortex. The striking area is battered while the retouch on the piece is concentrated around distal end. Two small secondary flakes, one long thin triangular section flake were also recovered from the context.

Neither of the scrapers appears particularly diagnostic. They are a common tool type and various scraper forms were in use throughout the prehistoric period.

The remainder of the flint assemblage lacks clear diagnostic pieces. However, overall, the frequent occurrence of hard hammer strikes, evidenced by clear bulbs of percussion, and lack of any blades would tend to suggest a Late Neolithic-Bronze Age date for most of the flints.

The largest number of flints from any one context comes from (8202) where thirtyeight pieces (weight 210g) consist of small and medium sized primary and secondary flakes, mostly produced with hared hammer strikes, together with some small spalllike pieces. This may indicate the inclusion of knapping debris among this group.

Heat-altered flint and other stone types Introduction

6.6. In total two hundred and forty-three pieces (weight 2,643g) of heat-altered stones (both flint and other stone types) were recovered by hand from the evaluation and from the later processing of bulk soil samples. The stone is listed by context in Table 9 (Appendix A). In addition to this a very small quantity of (2g) of heat-altered flint was recovered during processing a bulk sample (Sample 7) from a context identified as a cremation burial (6114).

The heat-altered stone comes from twenty-four contexts, although the majority of these only produced a few pieces (less than five). There are only ten contexts which produced more than ten pieces and from five of these all or part of the heat-altered stone recovered came from processing bulk soil samples and mostly consists of small pieces with an overall low weight. The largest groups of stone, by count and weight, come from (4304) (4305) (7505) (7508) and (8505), with the largest single quantity of reasonable sized pieces coming from three fills (4304) (4305) (4306) of ditch 0403 with a total of sixty-eight pieces weighing 580g.

The great majority of the heat-altered stone is flint, consisting of two hundred and twenty-four pieces weighing 1,799g. While a slightly arbitrary distinction, approximately one hundred and twenty-seven pieces of the flint could be described as 'burnt', that is part calcined and crazed, the remainder being less heavily affected, frequently discoloured and with some fracture or crazing. This latter, less heavily affected group includes mostly discoloured flint (25 pieces weighing 111g) recovered from within bulk Sample 10 (Fill 5719) of Oven 5717.

The remainder of the heat-altered stones (nineteen pieces weighing 844g) are pieces of sandstone/quartzite which make up 32% by weight of the assemblage, but only 8% by count so that, although this stone has better thermal properties than flint it, its low count does not suggest any particular selection or collection of this stone from among that of its natural geological background occurrence.

The use of thermo-lithic technology - 'hot rocks' - is typical and common on prehistoric sites where they are used very effectively to indirectly transfer heat from an open fire to water; although of course stones can be affected by exposure to heat, for example from a hearth or even a bonfire at any period. Where there are other finds associated with the contexts containing the larger amounts of heat-altered stones here (six instances) they consist of one or two worked flints and/or prehistoric pottery sherds and in the case of context (8505) with a group of Beaker pottery. While not a strong connection, this is sufficient to indicate that much of the heated stone here is probably prehistoric. It is noted that much of the less intensely heated flint appears as just one or a few pieces from any one context and this could result from incidental contact with fires or hearths rather than deliberate heating in the prehistoric or later periods. It can be noted that there are two oven features identified on the site, 5717 and 6403. The most obvious example of probable incidental heating appears to be the discoloured and lightly crazed flint from the fill (5719) of oven 5717 which also contained a sherd of Roman pottery.

Quernstone

6.7. Pieces of lava stone from broken imported quernstones were recovered from three contexts: (0814) (8412) and (8505). Lava quernstones from the Mayen area of the Rhineland were imported from the beginning of the Roman period in the mid first century AD and following a short hiatus in the Early Anglo-Saxon period, the trade

continued through the later Anglo-Saxon and medieval periods (Buckley and Major 1983, 75).

Seventy-two pieces and fragments of lava stone came from context (8412) and were recorded on site as a Registered artefact (RA1). They are otherwise undistinguished, not preserving any tooling marks, edges or measurable dimensions. A small, abraded piece (7g) was also recovered from context (8505).

Context (0814) produced a single piece of lava stone (weight 343g). The piece (30mm thick) is in the shape of a rough roundel (*c*.85mm dia.) although with one flat edge area. One surface is slightly dished. While lava stone can become friable and can break naturally into various shapes, the piece appears possibly to have been deliberately shaped. The sides appear to have been smoothed and overall, it resembles a counter, although it could possibly also act as a weight or a lid. However, no other examples of any such modified lava stone are known to the author.

Slag

6.8. Twenty eight pieces with a combined weight of 1,679g of primarily iron (fe) based slag was recovered. This was recovered from five contexts (0404) (0418) (1510) (1528) and (4304). The slag is listed by context in Table 10 (Appendix A).

Almost all of the slag appears to be associated with iron working, possibly smithing, one piece (1510) might be a smithing hearth base.

Two contexts (0418) (4304) containing slag are associated with prehistoric finds but these consist of single flint flakes which are not closely dated, with the addition of a small quantity of heat-altered stone from (4304). Other pieces are associated with Roman pottery in contexts (1510) and (1528).

Other bulk finds

6.9. In addition to the bulk finds detailed above there are a number of types of finds that are represented by one or a few pieces and which are mostly of limited archaeological significance in relation to the site other than contributing to the dating framework. These are listed and described below.

Clay tobacco pipe

6.10. A single, plain piece from a post-medieval clay tobacco pipe stem (5g) was recovered from context (6600).

Coke/coal slag

6.11. A few, small pieces of vesicular black material, probably coke or coal slag (3g) were recovered from two contexts (7001 and 8603). These are not closely dated but appear very likely to be of post-medieval or modern date.

Stones

6.12. Fragments of unmodified stone were collected from two contexts. Pieces of ?limestone (241g) and a coarse sand, pink coloured sandstone or ?gritstone (65g) came from context (0814) and two pieces of quartzite (611g) came from context (3805). Gritstone was used to make quernstones in the Roman period which were distributed across wide areas of the country, and into Eastern England, however, the small piece here is unmodified and is probably best regarded as a possible erratic.

Registered artefacts (RA) Introduction

6.13. Nineteen objects were recovered from the evaluation. They were recorded under sixteen registered artefact (RA) numbers. The bulk of the metalwork assemblage, fourteen objects, was collected during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil layers in Trenches 1, 8, 9, 12, 20, 21, 38, 41, 46 and 56. The remaining five objects were recovered from ditch fill or pit fill. The objects have been fully recorded and catalogued with the assistance of low powered magnification but without the radiography. All of the Registered finds are listed and described by context in Table 11 (Appendix A). Future X-ray plates will be deposited with the archive.

The overall condition of the objects is poor; the lava quernstone is fragmented while the surfaces of the metalwork are worn and exhibit corrosion products. The glass artefacts, although they have suffered post-depositional damage, are in fair condition.

Late Iron Age and Roman

Four copper alloy artefacts were recovered that have been identified as Late Iron Age or Roman in date. They include two coins, RA3 and RA12; an object associated with

horse harness, RA10 and one that is probably from a piece of Roman military equipment RA11.

Of the two coins RA3, collected from the topsoil in Trench 9, was struck pre AD 250 and is likely to be a *sesterius*, *dupondius* or *as*. The wear on the coin faces means no detail of the legend remains. It is possibly from the Julio-Claudian period. The second coin, RA12, retrieved from fill (1517) of ditch 1515 in Trench 15, is a 4th century nummus for the House of Constantine dating between AD335-341; it falls within Reece Period 17 (Moorehead 2018, Table 2).

The artefact associated with horse harness is Late Iron Age in date and was collected from subsoil layer (5601) in Trench 56. RA10, is a fragment of a copper alloy terret ring dating between *c*.100 BC-AD 100. The terret is of the Simple Type (Lewis 2015, 77 and fig. 4.1 ii) comprising a rectangular basal strap loop flanked by projecting suboval collars. The remains of a D-shaped loop extend either side of the collars, both arms of which have an ovate section and taper to worn breaks.

Terret rings were used as rein guides on carts or chariots. The Simple Type terret has a broad distribution and were utilised for a long period of time, being known from chariot burials in East Yorkshire dating to the 3rd or 2nd century BC but also from much later contexts in the second half of the 1st century AD (*ibid*, 87).

RA 11, also collected in subsoil layer (5601) from Trench 56, is a cast, elongated strap-end with reel and bead elements that end with a truncated knob that has a square perforation in the top. The lower edge of the knob is decorated with a row of oblique notches. The terminal opposite the knob is rectangular in section and bifurcated. A similar strap end has been recorded from Verulamium (Frere 1984, 36 and fig. 13, no. 97) and is of a type that has been dated to the period of the mid to late second century AD (Hoss 2014, 275).

Medieval

Three artefacts of were identified as medieval in date, or which could be medieval. RA9 was retrieved from the topsoil layer (1200) in Trench 12. This is a worn, silver hammered long-cross half penny with damage to edges. It was minted in London likely for Edward I (1279- 1307). In addition to the coin, two items are household objects and include a small fragment of translucent vessel glass RA15, that was collected from fill (8603) of ditch 8602 in Trench 86. Whilst the surface is pitted and slightly iridescent it is otherwise stable. The fragment is too small to identify to type.

RA1, from fill (8412) of ditch 8411 is fragments from a lava quern stone. The fragments are grey and vesicular, and like much of the lava querns found in Britain it is likely that this example originated from the Mayan quarries of the Eifel Hills in Germany (Crummy 1983, 75). Trade in the querns was considerable during the Roman period and whilst it may have ceased during the Anglo-Saxon period it was once more well-established throughout the 12th-14th centuries (*ibid* 75). It is worth noting that pottery date as *c*.13th to 14th century date was also recovered from fill (8412) which could support a medieval date for the quern, although it could also represent a residual Roman find.

Post-medieval to modern

Nine objects have been collected of post-medieval date and include two items of personal adornment: RA6 a copper alloy double loop annular buckle with decorative frame that has two oblique projections; it dates to *c*.1400-1500 AD; and RA8 a fragment from a circular, silver mount decorated with a panel of cross hatching and gilding; possibly a belt mount. Both were recovered from the topsoil layer in Trench 46.

From Trenches 8 and 20 three worn copper alloy coins and a lead weight, RA2 and 4, were recovered; whilst from the topsoil in Trench 46 again, a 15th century copper alloy rose and orb Nuremberg jetton, RA7, was retrieved. Two pieces of spherical lead pistol shot of 18th century date, RA5, were collected from the subsoil in Trench 21.

Registered artefacts of uncertain date

Three artefacts are of uncertain date and these consist of a nail RA16 from pit fill (0903), a piece of lead spill casting waste Ra 13 from ditch fill (1528) and an unstratified, pyramidal-shaped piece of glassy material RA14. The latter is likely a waste piece of glassy slag from an industrial process (Torbin Ballin *pers. com*).

Discussion

The registered artefacts reflect activity spanning from the late Iron Age into the 18th century. When considered by trench it can be observed that the terret ring, RA10, and strap end, RA11, both from Trench 56 fall within Area B of the site and would support the interpretation that there was Roman occupation or settlement activity in this location (Boulter 2020, section 2). The registered artefacts from the trenches in Area A, which has also been recognised as being a focus of Roman activity, is more diverse and whilst the two Roman coins, RA3 and RA12, were retrieved, later objects such as the silver medieval coin, RA9, and several post-medieval artefacts, Ra's 2, 8 and 21, were also collected; the latter most likely being present in the archaeological record either due to the practice of manuring during the middle ages or as casual losses.

From Area C lava quern stone fragments, RA1, and a piece of glass, RA15, were collected. These are likely medieval in date and suggest activity of this date within the vicinity.

If further work is carried out on the site it is suggested that the metalwork from the evaluation undergoes radiography to assist with identification and preserve a record of the objects for the archive.

7. THE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

Introduction

7.1. The biological evidence from the site consists of a small quantity of bone, presumed human bone, from a feature identified as a cremation burial (6144); a small quantity of animal bone, made up of pieces of teeth and corroded longbone that are probably from cattle; a few terrestrial snail shells from one context and plant macrofossils recovered from environmental bulk soil samples.

The bulk soil samples produced a small amount of a limited range of plant macrofossils. There are hazelnut shells associated with Late Neolithic-Early Bronze Age Beaker pottery (8505) probably indicating the continued importance of harvesting of wild plant foods. Some cereal remains associated with contexts that produced pottery dated as Late Bronze Age-Early Iron Age which probably represent domestic waste; although it should be born in mid that two of these contexts are ditch fill. Possible Iron Age contexts produced remains of legumes and charcoal.

For features associated with the Roman period several contexts produced remains of charred plant macrofossils. Ditch fill (8405) was found to contain barley and wheat grains as well as peas, while the fill of a feature identified as an oven (5719) produced wheat and barley grains in low numbers and a small number of charred seeds of grasses and possible of the cabbage family.

Human Bone

7.2. A small amount of bone (20g) was recovered from a feature identified as a cremation: context (6144). The bone was present in the soil from the context processed as a bulk sample, Sample 7. The bone is presumed to be human.

Animal Bone

7.3. A small quantity of animal bone was recovered from seven contexts. Including bone recovered from processing bulk soil samples, there are eighty-eight pieces with combined weight of 233g. The animal bone is listed by context in Table 12 (Appendix A).

The small amount of bone recovered strongly indicates that bone does not survive well on the site. Most of the elements are teeth, the most durable part of the skeleton, while some of the bone that does survive has surface damage and has been corroded, presumably by the soil condition.

The contexts from which the bone came are, with one exception, also associated with finds of Roman pottery suggesting the animal bone is of Roman date. The teeth pieces recovered from three contexts, (0813) (1512) and (1525), are ruminant teeth, probably cattle rather than horse or sheep. The long bone pieces, context (4712), are also from a large mammal and again appear likely to be cattle bones.

Snail shells

7.4. Three snail shells and shell pieces were recovered from context (8603). Two complete shells appear typical of the common garden snail. There are also pieces from a third, smaller terrestrial snail.

Plant Macrofossils

Introduction and methods

7.5. Fourteen bulk soil samples were taken from archaeological features during the evaluation. The samples were processed in full in order to assess the quality of preservation of plant remains and their potential to provide useful data as part of further archaeological investigations.

The samples were processed using manual water flotation/washover and the flots were collected in a 300µm mesh sieve. The dried flots were scanned using a binocular microscope at x10 magnification and the presence of any plant remains or artefacts noted. If the volume of flot recovered was large for the purposes of this report only a portion of the flot was rapid scanned. Identification of plant remains is with reference to New Flora of the British Isles (Stace 1997).

The non-floating residues were collected in a 1mm mesh and sorted when dry. All artefacts/ecofacts were retained for inclusion in the finds total. The non-floating residues were also scanned with a magnet to retrieve any ferrous material that may be present.

For the purpose of this assessment, items such as seeds, cereal grains and small animal bones have been scanned and recorded quantitatively according to the following categories: # = 1-10, ## = 11-50, ### = 51+ specimens. Items that cannot be easily quantified such as charcoal, magnetic residues and fragmented bone have been scored for abundance: x = rare, xx = moderate, xxx = abundant.

The results of the processing are listed by context and sample number in Tables 13 - 15 in Appendix A.

Results

Six samples produced flots of 100ml or less, five flots were between 100ml and 200ml and three samples produced flots greater than 300ml, particularly oven fill (6404) (including Sample 4) which produced 1200ml of wood charcoal many fragments of which were greater than 50mm. Fibrous rootlets were common within many of the flots and sometimes made up a large percentage of the volume recovered. These are considered modern contaminants intrusive within the archaeological deposits.

Samples from contexts associated with finds dated as prehistoric (Appendix A; Table 13)

Bronze Age

Trench 85

Hazelnut (Corylus avellana L.) shell fragments were common within pit fill (8505) (Sample 1). A single possible knotweed family (Polygonaceae) nutlet was also present within the scanned portion of flot. Wood charcoal was recovered in moderate quantities. No other plant remains were observed. It is possible the density of nutshell fragments recovered represents waste from gathered food resources, deliberately deposited within the backfill of the pit.

Late Bronze Age – Early Iron Age

Trenches 47 and 78.

A small number of cereal grains were recovered from features dated to the Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age. These grains were very fragmented and abraded, but a small number, within pit fill (7804) (Sample 3) appeared to be wheat (Triticum sp.). Barley (Hordeum sp.) and possible rye (Secale cereale) were observed in small numbers in ditch fill (7804) (Sample 14). Fragments of possible legumes, such as beans (Vicia sp.) or peas (Pisum sp.) were also present within this fill. Hazelnut shell fragments were recovered in low numbers from pit fill (7804), along with a single charred elder (Sambucus sp.) pip. This material may represent domestic waste and illustrate a reliance on both agriculture and foraging as sources of food.

A small number of ferrous globules were recovered from the non-floating residue of ditch fill (4708), these are most likely the result of metal working, such as smithing, and may indicate light industrial activities taking place within the vicinity.

The material from these samples may represent settlement waste from cereal processing, domestic or light industrial activity, perhaps deliberately disposed of within the archaeological features sampled, however where material is sparse it may be simply general settlement debris that has become incorporated within the backfill of the features.

Iron Age

Trench 63

A single sample processed from ditch 6316 (Sample 6) was associated with finds dated to the period of the Middle-Late Iron Age. Charred plant remains were sparse, a single possible cereal grain fragment and a single possible legume fragment, both too fragmented and abraded to identify, were present along with a small quantity of wood charcoal fragments. The material recovered is too sparse to draw any conclusions as to its source other than it is most likely represents dispersed settlement waste, that may have been moved through the actions of wind, water or trample prior to becoming incorporated within the backfill of ditch.

Samples from contexts associated with finds dated as Roman (Appendix A; Table 14)

Roman

Trenches 55, 57 and 84.

Two samples were processed from ditches dating from the Roman period within two trenches (55 and 84). Barley and wheat grains were both common within ditch fill 8405 (Sample 2), with barley perhaps being dominant. Peas were frequent, both as fragments and whole specimens and a small number of larger legume, perhaps celtic or horse beans (Vicia faba L.), fragments were also recovered. A single identifiable wheat grain was observed within the scanned portion of ditch fill 5504 (Sample 8), along with a small number of unidentifiable fragments.

Charred seeds of grasses (Poaceae) were present in both samples in low numbers, either as single specimens or as fragments. These may represent nearby grasslands, field edges or weeds of arable land.

A similar assemblage to the material described above was recovered from the fill of a near complete Roman flanged bowl recovered from ditch 1525 (1528). The fill of this pot was removed in spits during post excavation work, in case the item had been 'placed', perhaps with a deliberate deposit, such as a cremation. The excavated spits were subjected to the same floatation methodology as the bulk samples. No cremated bone was recovered, and any charred plant remains were consistent with material recovered from other excavated features dated to the Roman period. Wheat and grass caryopses were present in low numbers, along with small number of unidentifiable

fragments. Wood charcoal fragments were also present in small quantities, but on the whole the material was very sparse and is likely to represent settlement detritus that has become incorporated within the backfill of the ditch through the actions of wind, water or trample.

Trench 57 contained a possible burnt pit/hearth/oven, recorded as an 'oven' on site. Wheat and barley grains were present in low numbers, as were a small number of charred seeds of grasses and possible cabbage family (Brassicaeae). Fragments of charred organic material, possibly charred food waste were also observed. It may be these remains represent hearth or domestic waste, perhaps deliberately disposed of within the archaeological feature sampled, and they possibly indicate domestic activities, such as food preparation, were taking place in the vicinity.

Samples from contexts undated or with no closely dated associated finds (Appendix A; Table 15)

Trenches 8, 9, 14, 43, 61 and 64

Eight samples were taken from contexts which, at the time of writing, are as yet undated. Two contained no charred plant remains other than small fragments of wood charcoal and add no information of value to the results of this evaluation.

Two samples were taken from possible oven/hearth/burnt pit 6403. Fill (6404) (Sample 4) and fill (6405) (Sample 5) contained a low number of identifiable charred plant remains other than wood charcoal, which was common. A single wheat grain and a single pea were observed within the scanned portion of (6404), and a small number of cereal grain fragments were observed within the scanned portion of (6405). Large volumes of wood charcoal (1000ml) were recovered from fill (6404), many of the fragments were larger than 50mm and would be suitable for species identification or radiocarbon dating should this be required.

Fill (6114) (Sample 7) was recorded as a possible cremation on site. The non-floating residue from this sample produced 20g of burnt bone, 3g of prehistoric pottery and 7g of worked flint were also recovered, which suggest possibly an early/prehistoric date for this feature. No charred plant remains were observed within the scanned portion of flot, other than small fragments of wood charcoal.

Ditch fill (0903) (Sample 11) contained a small number of wheat and possible rye grains, as well as a low number of hazelnut shell fragments. Pit fill (1408) (Sample 13) also a small number of hazelnut shell fragments and a single grass family caryopsis fragment within the scanned portion of flot. Ferrous globules and flakes were also recovered from the non-floating residue from this sample. These remains are relatively consistent with the material recovered from the features dated to the Iron Age on this site. However, this material may represent general settlement detritus that has been moved through the actions of wind, water or trample prior to becoming incorporated within the backfill of the features sampled.

Conclusions and recommendations for further work

In general, the samples were fair to poor in terms of identifiable material. Charred plant remains were relatively rare within the flots recovered. The sparse nature of the material in many of the features may represent settlement detritus, from multiple periods that has been subject to movement through the action of wind, water or trample before becoming incorporated within the contexts sampled. These remains were insufficient to draw any detailed conclusions beyond the fact that domestic, horticultural, agricultural and possibly light industrial activities may have been taking place in the vicinity over multiple periods.

If further interventions are planned on this site, it is recommended that further bulk sampling should be carried out with a view to investigation the nature of the waste remains, additional plant macrofossils may provide an insight into to utilisation of local plant resources, agricultural activity and economic evidence from this site. Three samples have been highlighted within the tables in Appendix A as containing sufficient material to merit further examination during the next phase of work. These are Sample 3 from Iron Age pit fill (7804), Sample 2 from Roman ditch fill (8405) and Sample 11 from undated ditch fill (0903). It is recommended that these samples should be submitted for analysis with any additional suitable samples from any further work, as they may offer information regarding the nature of the domestic, horticultural, agricultural and industrial activities taking place in the vicinity of the site over an extended period of history.

8. DISCUSSION

- 8.1. Ninety-two of the ninety-six trenches were opened, with Trenches 10, 83, 93 and 94 omitted for logistical reasons (Figs. 2 - 4). Archaeology was recorded in the majority of the trenches, with only nine being completely devoid of features.
- 8.2. The majority of the features were dispersed across the site. Ditches were the dominant feature type, suggesting a wider protracted occupation of the landscape peripheral to occupation/settlement and activity foci. Many of the archaeological features showed some level of plough truncation, with those sealed below subsoils surviving to a greater extent. Three areas archaeological foci have been identified.
- 8.3. Area A (Figs. 1 and 2) is located to the west of site, within a single field encompassing Trenches 8, 9, 11 – 21, in which there is a focus of Roman activity. Anomalies with archaeological potential, prospected during the geophysical survey, also reveal some correlation with the features identified in Area A (Figure 5). Archaeological features recorded here include twenty-two ditches, three gullies, fifteen pits and a burnt pit/oven, with the majority producing finds that suggest direct occupation or activity in the immediate vicinity. Of particular note is the significant quantity of Roman Ceramic Building Material (CBM – Brick and tile) recovered from features, and in particular Trench 15, which may indicate the presence of a substantial Roman building in the vicinity. In addition, metalworking waste (slag) was also present, which suggests that smelting or smithing activity was undertaken in the immediate area. Consequently, this area is considered to be of a high archaeological potential.
- 8.4. Area B is located in the centre of the scheme, it includes Trenches 52 – 65 that are located within four extant fields (Figs. 1 and 4). Linear and rectilinear anomalies with good archaeological potential were also recorded in Area B, with good correlation between geophysical anomaly and archaeological feature. Artefactual dating evidence here suggests a focus of Roman activity, with an extended range of feature types that are directly indicative of settlement occupation, with a slightly lesser degree of dispersed prehistoric activity. The deposits include 2 metalled surfaces 5607 and 5903 (Trenches 56 and 59), a possible oven and a kiln, both with in-situ burning (Trenches 57 and 64), twenty ditches, three gullies, two postholes, eight pits and a cremation. Trench 63 alone contained seven ditches which suggests a protracted period of activity, with boundary alteration and re-cutting. Of note is a single prehistoric

cremation vessel (6113) that was recovered from within Trench 61. This area is deemed to have a high archaeological potential.

- 8.5. Area C is situated within two extant fields on either side of the A47 (Figs. 1 and 5) at the eastern end of the scheme, comprising Trenches 74 – 92. Features recorded in these two areas include twenty-one ditches, three gullies, a posthole, four pits and a single potential ring ditch. A substantial Prehistoric Ditch (7403) was also recorded in Trench 74. A single curvilinear geophysical anomaly shows good correlation with prehistoric Ditch 7503 = 7506 in Trench 75, however, no features were present where a second curvilinear was prospected in Trench 76. Trenches 84 and 86 produced artefactual evidence which suggests that there may have been some medieval activity in the near vicinity, including two medieval ditches (8403, 8411) and an undated pit (8409) in Trench 84. Trench 85 contained a single Bronze Age pit (8503) that produced a significant ceramic assemblage. A series of undated ditches on various alignments were also recorded in Trenches 88 - 92 to the north of the A47. The archaeological features here are more difficult to characterise, however, on balance there is enough evidence to suggest that this area has a moderately high level of archaeological potential.
- 8.6. Following finds processing and specialist reporting (Section 6), nine phases were identified. These are described by period below.

Prehistoric

8.7. This phase comprises thirteen features attributed only a broad prehistoric date from the finds recovered. Features include seven ditches, a single curvilinear ditch, a single gully, three pits and a cremation pit. These contexts are presented in the table below:

Feature	Description	Trench
0902	Pit containing a possible struck flint	09
1407	Pit, Sample 13, contained struck flint, slag,	14
	ferrous globules and fired clay.	
1805	Curvilinear Ditch	18
3405	Ditch	34
4303	Ditch	43
4307	Ditch	43
5806	Ditch	58
6113	Cremation Pit	61
7011	Pit	70
7403	Ditch	74
7503 =	Ditch	75
7506		
8604	Gully	86
8703	Ditch	87

Table 7. Features of prehistoric date

Of particular note within this group is the single cremation burial (6113) present in Trench 61, where a whole pot, containing 20g of burnt bone, 3g of prehistoric pottery, a small quantity (7g) of struck flint pieces, heat-altered stone and small fragments of wood charcoal were recovered (Sample 7). Further specialist analysis and reporting on this deposit has yet to be undertaken.

Early Neolithic (4000 – 2500 BC)

8.8. Early Neolithic activity is represented by a single sherd from a decorated bowl of *c*.3700-3200 BC, recovered from the subsoil (0301) in Trench 3, no other finds from this period were recovered.

Late Neolithic Early Bronze Age (c. 2500 – 1100 BC)

8.9. This phase is made up of two pit features presented in the table below:

Feature	Description	Trench
0303	Pit	03
8503	Pit	85

Table 8. Features of Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age date.

The earliest evidence of Bronze Age activity was recovered from pit 8503 (Trench 85), comprising a small but significant group of Beaker pottery of *c*.2400-1700 BC date, a small abraded piece of lava quern (7g) and nut shell fragments were also recovered.

A single sherd of Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age pottery was recovered from Pit 0303, that may prove to be the corner of a curvilinear anomaly recorded on the geophysical survey.

Eighty-seven struck flint flakes were collected from site, many of which can only be assigned a broad Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age date. The largest number of flints, thirty-eight pieces weighing 210g, were sat on the base of the superficial geology (8202) in Trench 82. This group includes hard hammered primary and secondary flakes, together with some small spall-like pieces, suggesting localised flint-knapping debitage.

Late Bronze Age – Early Iron Age (c. 1100 – 500 BC)

8.10. Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age features were present in fairly low numbers but are better represented than those of the Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age period, with one hundred and forty widespread pottery sherds recovered. Residual sherds were

also contained within five Roman features, which indicates that site activity was slightly more widespread than the eight securely dated features suggest. These features include:

Feature	Description	Trench
0809	Pit	08
4707	Ditch	47
4805	Ditch	48
5103	Pit	51
5607	Metalled surface	56
6305	Pit/Posthole	63
6313	Ditch	63
7803	Pit	78

Table 9. Features of Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age date.

Four dispersed pits (0809, 5103, 6305 and 7803), two ditches (4805 and 6313) and the metalled trackway 5607 have been assigned to this phase, with most contexts producing at least five sherds. Seven of the eight dated features are recorded in the eastern half of site, with a single Pit (0809) recorded in the west.

It is not certain that the metalled surface (5607) is of Late Bronze Age date, however, with a lack of any other dating evidence, it has been tentatively assigned to this phase. This potential trackway is also located in an area with a concentration of Roman features, therefore it may more accurately date to this period.

A small number of fragmented and abraded cereal grains were recovered from Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age features. In Pit 7803 (Sample 3) a small number of wheat, barley, rye, beans, peas hazelnut shells and a charred elder pip, indicative of domestic waste were processed. Environmental Sample 14 also produced a small number of ferrous globules from the non-floating residue of Ditch 4707, (Fill 4708) indicating light industrial activities within the vicinity.

Iron Age (700 BC-AD 43)

8.11. Evidence for Iron Age activity is relatively limited within the site, a summary of these features is presented in the Table below:

Feature	Description	Trench
0405	Ditch	04
0505	Pit, 1 sherd of residual Roman pot present.	05
0805	Ditch	08
0807	Ditch	08
4809	Pit	48
6315	Ditch	63
9205	Gully	92

Table 10. Features of Iron Age date.

Two features have diagnostic finds within them, a single pit (4809) and a ditch (0807). Iron Age dates have also been tentatively assigned to Ditches 0405, 0805, 0807, and 6315, Pit 0505, and Gully 9205. Diagnostic finds include a sparse pottery assemblage typical of the Middle-Late Iron Age, amounting to a total of fifty-four sherds (67g) from six contexts, and a single copper alloy terret ring (RA10), that was probably part of a horse harness, recovered from the subsoil layer in Trench 56. Residual sherds were also recovered from within Ditches 0505, 0811 and 1303.

A single environmental sample from Ditch 6315 (Sample 6) recovered a single cereal grain and legume fragment, along with a small quantity of wood charcoal; considered to represent dispersed settlement waste incorporated within the backfill of the feature.

Iron Age features and finds were predominantly located in the western end of the site (Trenches 4, 5, 8 and 13), in an area dominated by a cluster of Roman features. Outlying Pit 4809, Ditch 6315 and Gully 9205 were recorded to the centre and east of the scheme. This limited evidence amounts to a low level of site activity in the mid to late Iron Age.

Roman (AD 43-AD 410)

8.12. Site activity increases in the early Roman phase, before expanding in the mid to late Roman period, with twenty-seven contexts containing diagnostic pottery sherds identified as Roman, broken down into thirteen ditches, five pits, a gully and a burnt pit/oven. A list of the features is presented in the table below.

Feature	Description	Trench
0503	Ditch	05
0811	Ditch	08
0908	Pit	09
0914	Pit	09
0918	Ditch	09
1104	Ditch	11
1303	Ditch	13
1509	Ditch	15
1513	Ditch	15
1515	Ditch	15
1517	Pit	15
1520	Ditch	15
1525	Ditch	15
1604	Pit	16
1803	Gully	18
4710	Ditch	47
5503	Ditch	55
5718	Burnt Pit/Oven	57
6309	Ditch	63
6705	Quarry Pit	67

Table 11. Features of Roman date.

Significant features include a single Burnt Pit/Oven (5717), containing Roman pottery and heat-altered stone recorded in Trench 57. It is one of two potential ovens, the second of which remains undated (Oven 6403, Trench 64). These features provide evidence for the presence of domestic activity taking place on site.

Most of the animal bone recovered was of Roman date and is in a relatively poor condition, with the soils of a probable acidic nature. Ruminant teeth were predominant in the bone assemblage, probably from cattle, surviving in three contexts (0813) (1512) and (1525).

Environmental samples recorded evidence of agricultural activity in Trenches 15, 55 and 84, with barley, wheat, peas and celtic or horse beans, charred grass seeds recovered from two samples (Samples 2 and 8), and from inside the flanged bowl collected from Ditch 1525 (Fill 1528). A similar assemblage was recorded in Sample 10 from Burnt Pit/Oven 5719, along with charred organic material that was possible food waste.

Pottery that could be identified as Roman consists of two hundred and fifty-nine sherds together weighing 3,538g, described by context in Table 4 (Appendix A). The sherds comprised of unsourced coarsewares and 2nd-4th century greywares, with some regional late 2nd-4th century Nene Valley and 3rd-4th century Hadham finewares. A single sherd of imported 2nd-3rd century East Gaulish samian ware (Fill

1528) was also present. On average less than 10 Roman sherds were recovered from these contexts, with six producing greater amounts between 16 and 50 (0504, 1510, 1528, 5504, 5601 and 8405). A concentration of finds was present in Trenches 15 and 16, and especially Fill 1528, where a near whole mid-late Roman bowl and a piece of lead spill casting waste (RA13) was recovered. Of note is a coarseware sherd recovered from Fill 1562 that retains a circular/spiral motif, similar to examples of 4th century pots recovered in Colchester. Together, this pottery assemblage indicates increased site occupation from the Mid-Late Roman period.

One hundred and sixty-eight pieces (weighing 24,818g) of Roman ceramic building material (brick and tile) were also collected, of a type used in hypocaust systems. These finds were predominantly recovered from Trench 15, with a few pieces present in features from Trench 16. The majority were of a sandy fabric but could not be classed as kiln debris. It is possible that this assemblage represents demolition or surplus construction material from a well-appointed building, on or adjacent to the site, and could be a fairly significant discovery.

Metal artefacts recovered from site include two Roman coins and a copper alloy strap end. The first coin (RA3) was detected in the topsoil (0900) of Trench 9 and probably dates from the 1st-2nd century AD, while the second coin (RA12) was found within Upper Ditch Fill 1517 in Trench 15 and can be dated to the 4th century AD. The copper alloy strap end (RA11) was recovered in the subsoil (5601) of Trench 56 and potentially dates from the mid to late second century AD, it is probably part of Roman military equipment.

There is some evidence for industry, with a potential piece of smithing hearth base recorded in Ditch 1509 and some slag waste in Ditch 1525 of Trench 15. A piece of lead spill casting waste (RA13) was further recovered from Ditch 1525.

The features and finds present within the trenches provide strong archaeological evidence for Roman site occupation, from the 2nd-4th centuries, with a particular concentration of site activity around Trench 15 in Area A.

Medieval

8.13. Only three medieval features were recorded within the scheme, two ditches in Trench 84 (8403 and 8411) and a single pit (6107) in Trench 61, shown in the table below:

Feature	Description	Trench
6107	Quarry Pit	61
8403	Ditch	84
8411	Ditch	84
9203	Ditch	92
Table 12	2 Features of Roman date	

Table 12. Features of Roman date.

Coarseware pottery sherds of 13th-14th century date were recovered, along with seventy-two fragments from a quern stone (RA1) in Ditch 8411.

Other finds include a worn Edward I (1279-1307) long-cross penny (RA9) detected from within the topsoil of Trench 12, and a residual piece of possible medieval glass (RA15) collected from post-medieval Ditch 8603 in Trench 86. The low number of medieval remains suggests sparse activity from this period across the site. Given the small number of datable finds, this period is considered to have a lower archaeological potential.

Post-medieval and modern

8.14. A small amount of post-medieval activity was present on site, with the vast majority of dating material recovered in two ditches and from within layers of soil overburden. A few sherds of post-medieval or modern (factory-made) pottery were recovered from Topsoil 6600 and Subsoil 6601 in Trench 66 and from within ditches 8403, 8602 and 9503 in Trenches 84, 86 and 95. This material is likely to have been deposited during manuring events, with the metal artefacts via casual loss.

Post-medieval metal finds include a worn Nuremberg jetton of the Rose and Orb type (RA7) from the topsoil (4100) in Trench 41, a buckle frame (RA6) of 15th century date from Topsoil 3800 (Trench 38), and RA8 a fragment from a circular, decorated silver belt mount, recovered from the topsoil of Trench 46. A lead weight and two copper alloy coins (RA4) were recovered from Topsoil 2001 in Trench 20 and cast gun-shot (RA5) possibly for a pistol was found in Trench 21 (Subsoil 2101).

Undated

8.15. The largest phase comprised features that are currently undated, if further work is required, dating evidence may be recovered. These features include the following:

Feature	Description	Trench	
0403	Ditch	04	
0703	Pit	07	
0705	Ditch	07	:
0803	Ditch	08	4
0904	Pit	09	4
0906	Pit	09	4
0910	Pit	09	4
0912	Pit	09	4
0916	Ditch	09	4
0920	Pit	09	4
1105	Gully	11	:
1107	Pit	11	:
1203	Gully	12	(
1403	Ditch	14	(
1405	Ditch	14	(
1503	Pit	15	(
1505	Ditch	15	(
1507	Ditch	15	(
1511	Pit	15	(
1703	Ditch	17	-
1705	Ditch	17	
1705	Pit	17	(
2003	Ditch	20	(
2103	Ditch	21	(
2203	Ditch	22	
2206	Ditch	22	-
2208	Pit	22	
2210	Posthole	22	1
2303	Pit	23	
2503	Pit	25	
2505	Ditch	25	
2703	Ditch	27	
2705	Pit	27	
2707	Gully	27	
2709	Gully	27	
3103	Pit	31	
3106	Ditch	31	<u> </u>
3303	Ditch	33	
3403	Ditch	34 34	-
3407	Ditch		-
3503	Ditch	35	-
3703	Ditch	37	-
3705	Ditch Ditch	37	-
3903	Ditch	39 41	-
4103 4603	Pit	46	-
4703	Ditch	40	-
4705	Ditch	47	-
		47	-
4713 4803	Ditch	47	H
	Gully	48	H
4807	Ditch	48 49	H
4903	Ditch		
4905	Ditch	49	
5003	Ditch	50	
5005 5105	Ditch Ditch	50 51	
	DITCN a 13 Undated feature		

Feature	Description	Trench
	-	
5107	Pit	51
5109	Ditch	51
5203	Gully	52
5303	Ditch	53
5703	Ditch	57
5705	Ditch	57
5707	Pit	57
5709	Ditch	57
5711	Pit	57
5713	Ditch	57
5715	Pit	57
5903	Flint Surface	59
6003	Ditch	60
6103	Ditch	61
6105	Ditch	61
6109	Pit	61
6111	Small Pit/Posthole	61
6115	Ditch	61
6117	Pit	61
6119	Ditch	61
6121	Ditch	61
6123	Stone Deposit	61
6203	Ditch	62
6205	Ditch	62
6207	Ditch	62
6303	Pit	63
6307	Pit	63
6317	Ditch	63
6403	Burnt Pit/Oven	64
6503	Ditch	65
6505	Ditch	65
6603	Ditch	66
6703	Ditch	67
6709	Ditch	67
7003	Ditch	70
7005	Pit	70
7007	Ditch	70
7009	Ditch	70
8103	Posthole	81
8105 = 8107	Ring Ditch	81
8407	Ditch	84
8409	Pit	84
8606	Gully	86
8803	Pit	88
8805	Ditch	88
8807	Ditch	88
8809	Ditch	88
8811	Ditch	88
8903	Ditch	89
8906	Ditch	89
8908	Ditch	89
8911	Ditch	89

Table 13. Undated features.

Of particular interest among the undated features is Burnt Pit/Oven 6403, in which two samples (Samples 4 and 5) were taken. Wheat and cereal grain fragments, a single pea and a large volume of wood charcoal suitable for species identification or radiocarbon dating were recovered.

Two registered artefacts, nail RA16 from pit fill (0903), and an unstratified, pyramidalshaped piece of glassy material RA14, are of uncertain date. The latter is likely to be a waste piece of glassy slag from an industrial process.

Other notable undated features include Ditch 4710 (Fill 4712) that contained cattle long bones in Trench 47. Ditch Fill 0903 (Sample 11) in Trench 9 contained a small number of wheat and possible rye grains, as well as a low number of hazelnut shell fragments. Pit fill (1408) (Sample 13), in Trench 14 also contained a small number of hazelnut shell fragments, a single grass caryopsis, along with ferrous globules and flakes.

A total of sixty-seven ditches, a single ring ditch, six gullies, twenty-seven Pits, a single burnt pit/oven, three postholes, a flint surface, and a stone deposit remain undated.

9. CONCLUSION

- 9.1. The trenched evaluation has successfully defined the character, significance and deposit model of heritage assets surviving within the road scheme. The majority of the features present on site are dispersed ditches, revealing a wider protracted occupation of the landscape that is peripheral to settlement activity, from the prehistoric to medieval periods. However, many of these features remain undated.
- 9.1. Firm occupation evidence has been recovered in the Mid to Late Roman period, with ditches/gullies and pits, producing finds that relate directly to site occupation in the near vicinity. These finds include a significant quantity of Roman ceramic building material that indicates the presence of a substantial Roman building nearby. Evidence of metal working waste (slag) has further been recovered suggesting evidence of smelting or smithing industrial activity on site.
- 9.2. Prehistoric and medieval activity is sparse, with dispersed pits, ditches and gullies surviving across the scheme, along with a single prehistoric cremation.

- 9.3. Evidence of Anglo-Saxon activity in the vicinity is low, which is similarly borne out with no features or finds from this period present in any of the evaluation trenches or overlying deposits on site.
- 9.4. The archaeological deposits on site are therefore of local significance and have potential to address research topics in the Regional Research Framework for the East of England (Medlycott 2011) for the Neolithic, Bronze and Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods, such as the study of settlement types, the relationship between settlements and funerary landscapes and the agrarian economy.
- 9.5. The final decision on whether further work is required to mitigate the impact of the development on heritage assets rest with NCCES.

10. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by CA Project Leader Simon Picard, assisted by Nathan Griggs, Tara Schug, Nigel Byram, Georgina Palmer, Keree Kendall, Stephen Foster and Sharon Martin. This report was written by CA Project Leaders Tim Schofield and Simon Picard. The finds and biological evidence reports were written by Stephen Benfield, Ruth Beveridge and Anna West. The report illustrations were prepared by Ryan Wilson. The project archive has been compiled and prepared for deposition by Clare Wootton. The project was managed for CA by Rhod Gardner.

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham: Archaeological Evaluation

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT, FINDS & ENVIRONMENTAL TABLES

Table 1 Context List

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
0001				Deposit	Unstratified finds Field 1.				
0002				Deposit	Unstratified finds Field 3.				
0003		15		Deposit	Unstratified finds in Trench 15.				
0100		1		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.38m	
0101		1		Deposit	Mid orange brown, hard, sand, silt and clay.			0.12m	
0102		1		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable silty sand.				
0200		2		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.23m	
0201		2		Deposit	Mid orange brown, hard, sand, silt and clay.			0.40m	
0202		2		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable silty sand.				
0300		3		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.55m	
0301		3		Deposit	Mid orange brown, hard, sand, silt and clay.			0.40m	
0302		3		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable silty sand.				
0303	0303	3	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base.	18m	1.80m+	0.60m	
0304	0303	3	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and angular flint stones.	18m	1.80m+	0.60m	
0400		4		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.42m	
0401		4		Deposit	Mid orange brown, hard, sand, silt and clay.			0.10m	
0402		4		Deposit	Mottled orange, white and grey, compact sandy clay, with frequent large stones.				
0403	0403	4	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	1.80m	0.28m	
0404	0403	4	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact silty clay with frequent charcoal flecks and small flint stones.				
0405	0405	4	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, with gently sloping sides and a concave base, orientated southwest to northeast.	1.80m+	0.96m	0.20m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
0406	0405	4	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt with frequent charcoal flecks and moderate stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.96m	0.20m	
0500		5		Deposit	Dark grey brown silty clay.			0.38m	
0501		5		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact silt clay.			0.10m	
0502		5		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay.				
0503	0503	5	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.31m	
0504	0503	5	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact silty clay with frequent stones.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.31m	
0505	0505	5	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with shallow sides and a flat base.	1.11m+	0.40m+	0.14m	
0506	0505	5	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact silty clay with stone inclusions.	1.11m+	0.40m+	0.14m	
0600		6		Deposit	Mid grey brown silty clay.			0.30m	
0601		6		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt.			0.10m	
0602		6		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay				
0700		7		Deposit	Mid grey brown silty clay.			0.40m max	
0701		7		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt.			0.24m max	
0702		7		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay			0.64m+	
0703	0703	7	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan with moderately steep sides and a flat base (1.00m x 0.90m and 0.14m deep).	1.00m	0.90m	0.14m	
0704	0703	7	Pit	Fill	Mid white grey clay silt with occasional stone inclusions.				
0705	0705	7	Ditch	Cut	Cut of linear, with moderately steep sides and a concave base $(1.80m+ x 0.90m \text{ and } 0.24m \text{ deep})$, orientated east to west.	1.80m+	0.90m	0.24m	
0706	0705	7	Ditch	Fill	Light pink brown, compact clay silt with moderate stone and chalk fleck inclusions	1.80m+	0.90m	0.24m	
0800		8		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.40m	
0801		8		Deposit	Light orange brown, compact silty clay, frequent small stones.			0.26m	
0802		8		Deposit	Light orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent large stones.				
0803	0803	8	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, with gently sloping sides and a concave base (1.80m+ by 0.64m and 0.10m deep) orientated north to south.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.10m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
0804	0803	8	Ditch	Fill	Light orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate medium flint stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.10m	
0805	0805	8	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (18m+ by 1.52m wide and 0.68m deep), orientated northeast to southwest, with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	18m+	1.52m	0.68m	
0806	0805	8	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent stones and chalk flecks.	18m+	1.52m	0.68m	
0807	0807	8	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.02m wide and 0.28m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.02m	0.28m	
0808	0807	8	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	1.02m	0.28m	
0809	0809	8	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (1.26m by 0.90m by 0.27m deep), with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.26m	0.90m	0.27m	
0810	0809	8	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt.	1.26m	0.90m	0.27m	
0811	0811	8	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.10m+ by 1.74m and 0.67m deep) with steep sides and a concave base, (orientated northwest to southeast).	1.10m+	1.74m	0.67m	
0812	0811	8	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt.	1.10m+	0.92m	0.44m	12
0813	0811	8	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, compact clay silt.	1.10m+	1.70m	0.35m	
0900		9		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.42	
0901		9		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, compact sandy clay, frequent small stones.				
0902	0902	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with steep sides and a concave base (0.60m by 0.30m+ and 0.40m deep).	0.60m	0.30m+	0.40m	
0903	0902	9	Pit	Fill	Basal fill of ditch 0902, dark grey brown, compact clay silt with charcoal inclusions.	0.60m	0.30m+	0.40m	11
0904	0904	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.10m+	2.0m+	0.43m	
0905	0904	9	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown clay and sand silt with occasional stone inclusions	1.10m+	2.0m+	0.43m	
0906	0906	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, (0.52m x 0.50m x 0.26m) with steep sides and a flat base.	0.52m	0.50m	0.26m	
0907	0906	9	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown sandy silt with occasional stones.				
0908	0908	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with steep sides and a concave base (0.50m x 0.60m and 0.25m).	0.50m	0.60m	0.25m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
0909	0908	9	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown friable sandy silt with occasional stones	0.50m	0.60m	0.25m	
0910	0910	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan with moderatley steep sides and a flat base, (0.43m x 0.36m x 0.17m).	0.43m	0.36m	0.17m	
0911	0910	9	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact sandy silt with occasional stones.	0.43m	0.36m	0.17m	
0912	0912	9	Pit	Cut	Rectangular in plan, with steep sides and a flat base (1.30m+ by 0.90m and 0.24m deep).	1.30m+	0.90m	0.24m	
0913	0912	9	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt with occasional stones.	1.30m+	0.90m	0.24m	
0914	0914	9	Pit	Cut	Rectangular in plan with steep sides and an irregular base (1.16m x 0.80m x 0.26m deep)	1.16m	0.80m	0.26m	
0915	0914	9	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt with occasional stones.	1.16m	0.80m	0.26m	
0916	0916	9	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, orientated northwest to southeast, with moderately steep sides and a concave base, (1.0m+ by 0.68m and 0.14m deep).	1.0m+	0.68m	0.14m	
0917	0916	9	Ditch	Fill	Mid red brown, coarse silty sand with rounded stones.	1.0m+	0.68m	0.14m	
0918	0918	9	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, orientated southeast to northwest, with moderately steep sides and a concave base, (1.0m+ by 0.60m and 0.10m deep).	1.0m+	0.60m	0.10m	
0919	0918	9	Ditch	Fill	Mid red brown, coarse silty sand with rounded stones				
0920	0920	9	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with moderatley steep sides and a concave base (0.90m by 0.30m+ and 0.26m deep).	0.90m	0.30m+	0.26m	
0921	0920	9	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt.	0.90m	0.30m+	0.26m	
0922	0902	9	Pit	Fill	mid yellow brown, firm clay silt	0.60m	0.30m+	0.40m	
1100		11		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with frequrent small stones and charcoal flecks.			0.44	
1101		11		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact silty clay, frequent small stones.			0.32m	
1102		11		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent small, large flint stones.				
1103	1103	11	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.00m+ by 0.75m+ and 0.50m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	1.00m+	0.75m+	0.50m	
1104	1103	11	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent charcoal flecks and small stones.	1.00m	0.75m+	0.50m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
1105	1105	11	Gully	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.50m and 0.16m deep), orientated northeast to southwest, with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.50m	0.16m	
1106	1105	11	Gully	Fill	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt with frequent charcoal flecks and moderate flint stones.	1.80m+	0.50m	0.16m	
1107	1107	11	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.90m+ by 0.56m+ and 0.36m deep), with steep sloping sides and a flat base.	0.90m+	0.56m+	0.36m	
1108	1107	11	Pit	Fill	Light pink brown, firm clay silt with sparse small flint stones.	0.90m+	0.56m+	0.36m	
1200		12		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay			0.26m	
1201		12		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt			0.22m	
1202		12		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones				
1203	1203	12	Gully	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.38m and 0.08m deep), orientated northwest to southeast, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.38m	0.08m	
1204	1203	12	Gully	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt with infrequent stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.38m	0.08m	
1300		13		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks.			0.38m	
1301		13		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact silt clay with charcoal flecks and moderate small stones.			0.26m	
1302		13		Deposit	Light orange brown and yellow, friable sandy clay with frequent small and large flint stones.				
1303	1303	13	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (+1.80m by 2.00m and 0.56m deep), orientated southeast to northwest, with steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	2.00m	0.56m	
1304	1303	13	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent manganese flecks, small stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	2.00m	0.22m	
1305	1303	13	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent charcoal flecks	1.80m+	2.00m	0.36m	
1400		14		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones.			0.24m	
1401		14		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact silt clay.			0.14	
1402		14		Deposit	Mid orange brown compact sandy clay with frequent stones.				
1403	1403	14	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan, with steep sides and a concave base, orientated northeast to southwest (1.80m+ by 1.16m and 0.42m deep).	1.80m+	1.16m	0.42m	
1404	1403	14	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt with angular flint stones.	1.80m+	1.16m	0.42m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
1405	1405	14	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.90m and 0.23m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.90m	0.23m	
1406	1405	14	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt.	1.80m+	0.90m	0.23m	
1407	1407	14	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan, with steep sides and a concave base (0.70m by 0.50m and 0.12m deep)	0.70m	0.50m	0.12m	
1408	1407	14	Pit	Fill	Dark grey brown, friable sandy silt, frequent charcoal inclusions.	0.70m	0.50m	0.12m	13
1500		15		Deposit	Mid grey brown, loose sandy clay and silt.			0.40m	
1501		15		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sand silt and clay.			0.30m	
1502		15		Deposit	Light grey yellow, compact sand silt and clay.				
1503	1503	15	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.60m by 0.50m and 0.10m deep), with gradual sloping sides and a concave base.	0.60m	0.55m	0.10m	
1504	1503	15	Posthole	Fill	Mid grey black, soft clay silt and sand with moderate charcoal fleck inclusions.	0.60m	0.55m	0.10m	
1505	1505	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.90m+ by 1.40m and 0.10m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with gradual sloping sides and a concave base.	1.90m+	1.40m	0.10m	
1506	1505	15	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay with moderate stone and occasional charcoal flecks.				
1507	1507	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.60m+ by 1.20m and 0.10m deep), orientated east to west with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.60m+	1.20m	0.10m	
1508	1507	15	Ditch	Fill	Mid orange brown, firm silty clay with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.	1.60m+	1.20m	0.10m	
1509	1509	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (6.10m+ by 2.70m and 0.37m deep), orientated north to south with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	6.10m+	2.70m	0.37m	
1510	1509	15	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey black, soft silt sand and clay with moderate large flint stonesdark grey black, soft silt sand and clay with moderate large flint stones.	6.10m+	2.70m	0.37m	
1511	1511	15	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (6.10m by 0.60m and 0.18m deep) with shallow sloping sides and a concave base.	6.10m	0.60m	0.18m	
1512	1511	15	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact silt sand and clay with occasional rounded stones.	6.10m	0.60m	0.18m	
1513	1513	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (6.10m by 1.00m and 0.33m), orientated north to south, gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	6.10m	1.00m	0.33m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
1514	1513	15	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey black, compact silty clay.	6.10m	1.00m	0.33m	
1515	1515	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (3.00m+ by 1.76m+ and 0.59m deep), orientated north-northeast to south-southwest, with steep sides and a concave base.	3.00m+	1.76m+	0.59m	
1516	1515	15	Ditch	Fill	Pale grey brown, firm sandy silt, with occasional rounded stones.	3.00m+	1.76m+	0.59m	
1517	1515	15	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt with occasional small rounded stones.	3.00m+	1.76m+	0.59m	
1518	1518	15	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (1.40 by 0.70m by 0.28m deep), with steep sides and a concave base.	1.40m	0.70m	0.28m	
1519	1518	15	Pit	Fill	Light grey brown, firm silty clay with angular stones and occasional charcoal flecks.	1.40m	0.70m	0.28m	
1520	1520	15	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.00m+ by 0.80m+ and 0.90m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with steep sides and a flat base.	1.00m+	0.80m+	0.90m+	
1521	1520	15	Ditch	Fill	Light grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones.				
1522	1520	15	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent charcoal inclusions and moderate stones.	1.00m+	0.80m+	0.20m	
1523	1520	15	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow grey, firm clay silt moderate small stones.	1.00m+	1.00m+	0.40m	
1524	1524	15		Void Context	VOID				
1525	1525	15	Ditch	Cut					
1526	1525	15	Ditch	Fill					
1527	1525	15	Ditch	Fill					
1528	1525	15	Ditch	Fill					
1600		16		Deposit	Mid grey brown, compact clay and silt.			0.38m	
1601		16		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sand silt.			0.16m	
1602		16		Deposit	Mid grey brown, compact silty clay.			0.20m	
1603		16		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay, with occasional stones.				
1604	1604	16	Pit	Cut	Oval in shape, with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.12m	0.90m	0.16m	
1605	1604	16	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact silt and clay with charcoal inclusions, CBM was recovered.	1.12m	0.90m	0.16m	
1700		17		Deposit	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt.			0.42m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
1701		17		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones.	1		0.70m	
1702		17		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
1703	1703	17	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.58m	0.20	
1704	1703	17	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional small stones.	1.80m+	0.58m	0.20	
1705	1705	17	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.50m and 0.17m deep) with moderately steep sides and a concave base, orientated northeast to southwest.	1.80m+	0.58m	0.17m	
1706	1705	17	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown firm clay silt with moderate small stones and frequent charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	0.58m	0.17m	
1707	1707	17	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.50m by 0.40m and 0.10m deep) with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	0.50m	0.40m	0.10m	
1708	1707	17	Pit	Fill	Dark yellow brown, mixed sandy silt and charcoal.	0.50m	0.40m	0.10m	
1800		18		Deposit	Mid grey brown, compact clay silt, frequent stones and charcoal flecks.			0.50m	
1801		18		Deposit	Dark orange brown, firm silt clay with frequent stones and charcoal flecks.			0.62m	
1802		18		Deposit	Dark orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones and gravel patches				
1803	1803	18	Gully	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.44m and 0.16m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.44m	0.16m	
1804	1803	18	Gully	Fill	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stone and charcoal fleck inclusions.	1.80m+	0.44m	0.16m	
1805	1805	18	Ditch	Cut	Curvilinear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.88m and 0.20m deep), with shallow sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.88m	0.20m	
1806	1805	18	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, firm clay silt.	1.80m+	0.88m	0.20m	
1900		19		Deposit	Dark grey brown, compact clay silt.			0.40m	
1901		19		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt clay.			0.52m	
1902		19		Deposit	Pale grey brown, firm silt clay with frequent iron pan.			0.20m	
1903		19		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, firm clay.				
2001		20		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.38m	
2002		20		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silt clay.				

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
2003	2003	20	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.00m+ by 1.80m and 0.35m deep), orientated east to west with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.00m+	1.80m	0.35m	
2004	2003	20	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, friable silty sand.	1.00m+	1.80m	0.35m	
2005		20		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable silt sand with frequent stone inclusions.				
2100		21		Deposit	Light orange brown, friable silt sand with frequent stone inclusions.			0.78	
2101		21		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.38m	
2102		21		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silt sand with occasional gravel stones.			0.40m	
2103	2103	21	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.45m wide and 0.15m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.45m	0.15m	
2104	2103	21	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, friable silt sand.	1.80m+	0.45m	0.15m	
2200		22		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.26m	
2201		22		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silt sand and clay with occasional gravel stones.			0.34	
2202		22		Deposit	Mid orange brown, loose clay silt sand.				
2203	2203	22	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.80m and 0.44m deep), orientated east to west with near vertical sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.80m	0.44m	
2204	2203	22	Ditch	Fill	light white grey, loose clay, silt and sand with occasional large flints	1.80m+	0.58m	0.14m	
2205	2203	22	Ditch	Fill	light grey brown, compact clay, silt and sand with occasional flint stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.80m	0.30m	
2206	2206	22	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.10m+ by 0.63m and 0.12m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gradual sloping sides and a flat base.	1.10m+	0.63m	0.12m	
2207	2206	22	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, loose clay, silt and sand with occasional small stone inclusions.	1.10m+	0.63m	0.12m	
2208	2208	22	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (3.20m by 1.00m and 0.25m deep), with steep sides and a flat base	3.20m	1.00m	0.25m	
2209	2208	22	Pit	Fill	Mottled mid brown grey, loose silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and sub-angular stone inclusions				
2210	2210	22	Posthole	Cut	Round in plan (0.30m by 0.30m and 0.25m deep), with near vertical sides and a flat base.	0.30m	0.30m	0.25m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
2211	2210	22	Posthole	Fill	light orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stone	0.30m	0.30m	0.25m	
2300		23		Deposit	Dark grey brown, loose sand silt.			0.30m	
2301		23		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty sand.			0.22m	
2302		23		Deposit	Mid orange grey, compact sandy clay.				
2303	2303	23	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (1.30m+ by 1.24m and 0.24m deep), with gently sloping sides and a flat base.	1.30m+	1.24m	0.24m	
2304	2303	23	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm sand silt with occasional small stones.	1.30m+	1.24m	0.24m	
2400		24		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.42m	
2401		24		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm sandy clay.			0.18m	
2402		24		Deposit	Light orange brown, friable sandy clay with gravel inclusions.				
2500		25		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.48m	
2501		25		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm sandy silt.				
2502		25		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, friable sandy gravel.			0.60m	
2503	2503	25	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.88m by 0.30m+ and 0.12m deep), with steep sides and a flat base.	0.88m	0.30m+	0.12m	
2504	2503	25	Pit	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm sand silt with occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.	0.88m	0.30m+	0.12m	
2505	2505	25	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.90m+ by 0.62m and 0.26m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with steep sides and a concave base	1.90m+	0.62m	0.26m	
2506	2505	25	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown sandy silt, with occasional rounded stones.	1.90m+	0.62m	0.26m	
2600		26		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm sandy silt and clay.			0.50m	
2601		26		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm sand, silt and clay.			0.30m	
2602		26		Deposit	Light orange brown, loose silt clay and sand.				
2603	2603	26		Deposit	Irregular in shape with irregular sides and base.	1.80m	0.80m	0.52m	
2604	2603	26		Deposit	Light white grey, friable silty sand.	1.80m	0.80m	0.52m	
2700		27		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt and clay.			0.42m	
2701		27		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm sand, silt and clay.			0.35m	
2702		27		Deposit	Light orange brown, loose silt clay and sand.				

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
2703	2703	27	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.68m and 0.11m deep), orientated east to west with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.68m	0.11m	
2704	2703	27	Ditch	Deposit	Light grey white, compact silt clay with moderate flint stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.68m	0.11m	
2705	2705	27	Pit	Cut	Pit 2705 was oval in plan (0.50m+ by 1.80m and 0.12m deep), with gently sloping sides and a concave base, it ran beyond the trench limits to the northwest.	0.50m+	1.80m	0.12m	
2706	2705	27	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact silt, sand and clay with occasional flint stones.	0.50m+	1.80m	0.12m	
2707	2707	27	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.22m and 0.54m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with steep sloping sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	1.22m	0.54m	
2708	2707	27	Ditch	Fill	Light yellow brown, compact soft silt, sand and clay, with flint stone inclusions.	1.80m+	1.22m	0.54m	
2709	2709	27	Gully	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.64m and 0.20m deep), orientated northwest to southeast, with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.20m	
2710	2709	27	Gully	Fill	Mid orange brown, compact silt, sand and clay, with occasional flint stone inclusions.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.20m	
2800		28		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.40m	
2801		28		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.50m	
2802		28		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay, and sandy clay.				
2900		29		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.40m	
2901		29		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.40m	
2902		29		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay, and sandy clay.				
3000		30		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.40m	
3001		30		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.30m	
3002		30		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay, and sandy clay.				
3100		31		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.40m	
3101		31		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.30m	
3102		31		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay, and sandy clay.				
3103	3103	31	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.85m+ by 1.30m and 1.08m deep), running out of the trench to the southwest.	0.85m+	1.30m	1.08m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
3104	3103	31	Pit	Fill	Upper Fill 3104 was mid grey brown firm clay silt, with occasional stone inclusions.	0.85m+	1.30m	0.64m	
3105	3103	31	Pit	Fill	Basal Fill 3105 was dark grey brown clay silt, with occasional rounded stones, no finds were collected.	0.85m+	0.95m	0.25m	
3106	3106	31	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (2.10m+ by 0.60m and 0.22m deep) orientated northeast to southwest with steep sides and a concave base	2.10m+	0.60m	0.22m	
3107	3106	31	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate stone inclusions.	2.10m+	0.60m	0.22m	
3200		32		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.25m	
3201		32		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.28m	
3202		32		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, compact chalky clay, and sandy clay.				
3300		33		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.34m max	
3301		33		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.43m	
3302		33		Deposit	Mid orange brown, sandy gravel and silty clay.				
3303	3303	33	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (2.00m+ by 1.48m and 0.36m deep) with steep sides and a concave base, orientated north-northeast to south-southwest.	2.00m+	1.48m	0.36m	
3304	3303	33	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown firm sandy silt with small sub-rounded stones.	2.00m+	1.48m	0.36m	
3400		34		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.50m max	
3401		34		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm sand silt.			0.16m	
3402		34		Deposit	Mid orange brown, silty clay.				
3403	3403	34	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (2.00m+ by 0.76m and 0.21m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with steep sides and a concave base.	2.00m+	0.76m	0.21m	
3404	3403	34	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt. No finds were present.	2.00m+	0.76m	0.21m	
3405	3405	34	Ditch		Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.82m and 0.26m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with steep sides and a concave base	1.80m+	0.82m	0.26m	
3406	3405	34	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt	1.80m+	0.82m	0.26m	
3407	3407	34	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.86m and 0.22m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.22m	
3408	3407	34	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional small stones.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.22m	
3500		35		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.35	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
3501		35		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.60	
3502		35		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, firm clay and orange brown friable sandy gravel.				
3503	3503	35	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.86m and 0.22m deep), orientated east to west with steep sides and a narrow concave base.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.22m	
3504	3503	35	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional small stones.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.22m	
3600		36		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.45m	
3601		36		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.30m	
3602		36		Deposit	Mid yellow orange, friable sand.				
3700		37		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.24m	
3701		37		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt, moderate small stones.Mid orange brown, firm clay silt, moderate small stones.				
3702		37		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent small and large stones.				
3703	3703	37	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.50m and 0.20m deep), orientated east to west with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.50m	0.20m	
3704	3703	37	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with charcoal flecks and small stones.				
3705	3705	37	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.16m and 0.32m deep), orientated southeast to northwest with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.16m	0.32m	
3706	3705	37	Ditch	Fill	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt with charcoal flecks and small stones. No finds were present.				
3800		38		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.35	
3801		38		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.50m	
3802		38		Deposit	Pale yellow grey clay and chalk clay.				
3900		39		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.36m	
3901		39		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.24m	
3902		39		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm sandy clay.				
3903	3903	39	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.00m+ by 0.52m and 0.10m deep), orientated east to west with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.00m+	0.52m	0.10m	
3904	3903	39	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay with small stones				

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
4000		40		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm sandy silt.			0.36m	
4001		40		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.36m	
4002		40		Deposit	Pale yellow grey, chalk clay.				
4100		41		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, chalk flecks and moderate stones.			0.36m	
4101		41		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt, moderate small stones.			0.32m	
4102		41		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent stones.				
4103	4103	41	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.50m and 0.22m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a flat base	1.80m+	1.50m	0.22m	
4104	4104	41	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown clay silt with sparse stone inclusions.	1.80m+	1.50m	0.22m	
4200		42		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with moderate stones.Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with moderate stones.			0.34m	
4201		42		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm clay silt, moderate small stones.			0.30m	
4202		42		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay with frequent stones.				
4300		43		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.40m	
4301		43		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.30m	
4302		43		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy silt.				
4303	4303	43	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 2.84m and 0.76m+ deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides, the base was not reached.	1.80m+	2.84m	0.76m+	9
4304	4303	43	Ditch	Fill	Dark yellow brown, compact clay silt.	1.00m+	1.78m	0.38m	
4305	4303	43	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay sand	1.00m+	2.84m	0.38m max	
4306	4303	43	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, friable clay silt (Sample 9 taken from this fill)	1.00m	2.00m	0.23m	
4307	4307	43	Ditch	Cut	Linear in plan (1.00m+ by 0.68m and 0.24m deep), orientated north to south with steep sides and a concave base.	1.00m+	0.68m	0.24m	
4308	4307	43	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt.	1.00m+	0.68m	0.24m	
4400		44		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.45m max	
4401		44		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.50m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
4402		44		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay.				
4403	4403	44	Linear	Cut	Modern Plough furrow				
4404	4403	44	Linear	Fill	Modern plough furrow				
4500		45		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.50m max	
4501		45		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.50m max	
4502		45		Deposit	Light orange brown, soft sand.				
4600		46		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.36m	
4601		46		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt.			0.24m	
4602		46		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm sandy clay with stones.				
4603	4603	46	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.78m+ by 0.74m and 0.14m deep) with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	0.78m+	0.74m	0.14m	
4604	4603	46	Pit	Fill	Mid orange brown firm silty clay with sparse stone and charcoal fleck inclusions.	0.78m+	0.74m	0.14m	
4700		47		Deposit	Mid grey brown, loose clay silt.			0.30m	
4701		47		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm sand, clay and silt.			0.28m	
4702		47		Deposit	Mottled mid orange brown, loose sandy silt.				
4703	4703	47	Linear	Cut	linear in plan (2.30m + 1.10m and 0.34m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gently sloping sides and an irregular base.	2.30m+	1.10m	0.34m	
4704	4703	47	Linear	Fill	Mottled mid grey brown soft clay, sand and silt occasional small rounded flint stones.				
4705	4705	47	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.92m + 0.74m and 0.22m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gently sloping sides and a flat base.	1.92m+	0.74m	0.22m	
4706	4705	47	Gully	Fill	mid grey brown soft clay, sand, silt and clay with occasional small flint stones	1.92m+	0.74m	0.22m	
4707	4707	47	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (2.60m+ by 2.10m and 0.34m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	2.60m+	2.10m	0.34m	14
4708	4707	47	Ditch	Fill	dark grey black, compact clay, sand, silt with frequent charcoal flecks and moderate small flint stones.	2.60m+	2.10m	0.34m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
4709	4707	47	Ditch	Fill	mid grey black, compact sand silt and clay, with moderate charcoal flecks and flints.				
4710	4710	47	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (2.70m+ by 1.40m and 0.60m deep), orientated north to south with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	2.70m+	1.40m	0.60m	
4711	4710	47	Ditch	Fill	dark grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and moderate small flint stones.	2.70m+	1.40m	0.28m	
4712	4710	47	Ditch	Fill	mottled mid orange brown, firm silty clay with moderate small stones and charcoal flecks.	2.70m+	1.40m	0.32m	
4713	4713	47	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (4.00m+ by 0.70m and 0.20m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	4.00m+	0.70m	0.20m	
4714	4713	47	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and moderate small flint stones.	4.00m+	0.70m	0.20m	
4800		48		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with stones and charcoal flecks			0.32	
4801		48		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silty clay.			0.32m	
4802		48		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay.				
4803	4803	48	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.60m and 0.12m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with gently sloping sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.60m	0.12m	
4804	4803	48	Gully	Fill	mid orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate small rounded flint stones.	1.80m+	0.60m	0.12m	
4805	4805	48	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.64m and 0.16m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.16m	
4806	4805	48	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate small rounded flint stones.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.16m	
4807	4807	48	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.00m and 0.24m deep), orientated north to south with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.24m	
4808	4807	48	Ditch	Fill	light orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate small rounded flint stones.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.24m	
4809	4809	48	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (1.80m+ by 1.00m and 0.20m deep), with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.20m	
4810	4809	48	Pit	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small rounded flint stones and frequent charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.20m	
4900		49		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, with stones and charcoal flecks			0.36m	
4901		49		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silty clay, moderate small stones.			0.12	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
4902		49		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay, frequent small stones				
4903	4903	49	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan, orientated west to east with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.80m	0.20m	
4904	4903	49	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm clay silt with sparse small rounded flint stones.	1.80m+	0.80m	0.20m	
4905	4905	49	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan, orientated west to east with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.26m	
4906	4905	49	Ditch	Fill	light grey brown, firm clay silt with frequent small flint stones.	1.80m+	1.00m	0.26m	
5000		50		Deposit	Mid grey brown, friable clay silt with occasional stones.			0.30m	
5001		50		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones.			0.18m	
5002		50		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay, frequent small stones				
5003	5003	50	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.00m+ by 0.60m and 0.16m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.00m+	0.60m	0.16m	
5004	5003	50	Gully	Fill	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones.	1.00m+	0.60m	0.16m	
5005	5005	50	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.00m+ by 1.10m and 0.26m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.00m+	1.10m	0.26m	
5006	5005	50	Ditch	Fill	mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt with occasional stones.	1.00m+	1.10m	0.26m	
5100		51		Deposit	Mid grey brown, friable clay silt.			0.30m	
5101		51		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt.			0.20m	
5102		51		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm sandy clay.				
5103	5103	51	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.72m by 0.63m and 0.36m deep), with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	0.72m	0.63m	0.36m	
5104	5103	51	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, friable sandy silt.	0.72m	0.63m	0.36m	
5105	5105	51	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.40m and 0.12m deep), orientated east to west with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.40m	0.12m	
5106	5105	51	Gully	Fill	Mid yellow grey, friable silt.	1.80m+	0.40m	0.12m	
5107	5107	51	Pit	Cut	Oval in plan (0.98m+ by 1.10m+ and 0.44m deep), with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.26m	
5108	5107	51	Pit	Fill	Fill 5108 was mid grey brown, friable clay silt with occasional stones	1.80m+	0.86m	0.26m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
5109	5109	51	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.86m and 0.26m deep), orientated east to west with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.26m	
5110	5109	51	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow grey, friable clay silt with occasional stones.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.26m	
5200		52		Deposit	Mid grey brown, friable clay silt, occasional stones			0.40	
5201		52		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional stones.			0.10	
5202		52		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones.				
5203	5203	52	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.40m and 0.16m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.40m	0.16m	
5204	5203	52	Gully	Fill	mid yellow brown, friable clay silt	1.80m+	0.40m	0.16m	
5300		53		Deposit	Mid grey brown, friable clay silt, moderate stones and charcoal flecks.			0.34	
5301		53		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional stones.			0.32m	
5302		53		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones.				
5303	5303	53	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.84m and 0.46m deep), orientated southwest to northeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.84m	0.46m	
5304	5303	53	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm clay silt with moderate small and medium stones.	1.80m+	1.84m	0.46m	
5400		54		Deposit	Mid grey brown, friable clay silt, occasional stones.			0.34m	
5401		54		Deposit	Mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional stones.			0.27m	
5402		54		Deposit	Mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stones.				
5403	5403	54	Pit	Cut	Cut of posible feature	1.40m+	2.40m	0.24m	
5404	5403	54	Pit	Fill	Fill of possible feature	1.40m+	2.40m	0.24m	
5405	5405	54	natural	Cut	Irregular sides and base, natural feature?	2.60m	1.80m	0.24m	
5406	5405	54	natural	Fill	Mid grey brown silt, occasional stones.	2.60m	1.80m	0.24m	
5500		55		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, occasional stones.			0.36m	
5501		55		Deposit	Mid orange brown, soft sandy clay, with occasional stones.			0.32	
5502		55		Deposit	Light orange brown soft clay sand with frequent small flint stones.				
5503	5503	55	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.10m+ by 1.92m and 0.36m deep), orientated north to south with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.92m	0.36m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
5504	5503	55	Ditch	Fill	light grey brown, firm sandy clay with small stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	1.92m	0.36m	8
5600		56		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm clay silt, occasional stones.			0.34m	
5601		56		Deposit	Mid orange brown, soft sandy clay, with occasional stones.			0.26m	
5602		56		Deposit	Light yellow brown compact sandy clay with frequent stones.				
5603	5603	56	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.36m and 0.12m deep), orientated east to west, with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.36m	0.12m	
5604	5603	56	Gully	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt	1.80m+	0.36m	0.12m	
5605	5605	56	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.72m and 0.16m deep), orientated east to west, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.16m	
5606	5605	56	Gully	Fill	mid yellow brown, firm clay silt with occasional stones.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.16m	
5607	5607	56	Surface	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.80m and 0.22m deep), orientated northwest to southeast, with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.80m	0.22m	
5608	5607	56	Surface	Fill	Small and medium rounded stones, pushed into the underlying clay soil, in places two to three stones high.	1.80m+	1.80m	0.22m	
5609		56		Deposit	Light grey brown, firm clay silt, with iron stone and charcoal flecks				
5700		57		Deposit	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.20m	
5701		57		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, with occasional stones.			0.30m	
5702		57		Deposit	Mid orange brown friable sandy silt.				
5703	5703	57	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.86m and 0.08m deep), orientated north to south with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.08m	
5704	5703	57	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.86m	0.08m	
5705	5705	57	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.21m and 0.20m deep), orientated north to south with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.21m	0.20m	
5706	5705	57	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft sand, silt and clay with moderate small flint stones.	1.80m+	1.21m	0.20m	
5707	5707	57	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.80m by 0.80m and 0.20m deep), with gentle sloping sides and a flat base.	0.80m	0.80m	0.20m	
5708	5707	57	Pit	Fill	mid orange brown, soft sand, silt and clay with moderate small flint stones.	0.80m	0.80m	0.20m	
5709	5709	57	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.30m and 0.05m deep), orientated north to south with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.30m	0.05m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
5710	5709	57	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty sand with occasional small flint stones.	1.80m+	0.30m	0.05m	
5711	5711	57	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.67m by 0.77m and 0.15m deep), with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	0.67m	0.77m	0.15m	
5712	5711	57	Pit	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty sand with occasional small flint stones.	0.67m	0.77m	0.15m	
5713	5713	57	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.64m and 0.40m deep), orientated north to south with steep sloping sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.64m	0.40m	
5714	5713	57	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty sand with occasional small flint stones. No finds were present.	1.80m+	1.64m	0.40m	
5715	5715	57	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.70m by 0.75m and 0.40m deep), with steep sides and a concave base.	0.70m	0.75m	0.40m	
5716	5715	57	Pit	Fill	mid white grey, compact silt, sand and clay with moderate small flint stones.	0.70m	0.75m	0.40m	
5717	5717	57	Oven	Other	Structure Number of burnt pit 5718				
5718	5717	57	Oven	Cut	oval in plan (1.38m by 0.81m and 0.19m deep), with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	1.38m	0.81m	0.19m	
5719	5717	57	Oven	Fill	soft dark grey black, silt sand and clay with frequent charcoal flecks.	1.38m	0.81m	0.19m	10
5720		57		Deposit	Light mottled white grey, soft sandy clay with chalk patches.	9.30m	1.80m+	0.16m	
5800		58		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with charcoal flecks and small stones.			0.34	
5801		58		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks.				
5802		58		Deposit	Dark orange brown firm clay silt with moderate stones.			0.16	
5803		58		Deposit	Light orange brown, firm clay silt with frequent small to large stones.				
5804	5804	58	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.56m and 0.20m deep), orientated west to east, moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.56m	0.20m	
5805	5804	58	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm sandy clay with moderate small flint stones.	1.80m+	0.56m	0.20m	
5806	5806	58	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.74m and 0.22m deep), orientated west to east, moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.74m	0.22m	
5807	5806	58	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay with moderate small flint stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	0.74m	0.22m	
5808	5808	58	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.20m and 0.30m deep), orientated west to east, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.30m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
5809	5808	58	Ditch	Fill	dark yellow brown, compact clay silt occasional small flint stones.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.30m	
5810	5810	58	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (0.84m+ by 0.91m and 0.13m deep), orientated north to south, with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	0.84m+	0.91m	0.13m	
5811	5810	58	Ditch	Fill	mid yellow brown, compact clay silt with occasional small stones.	0.84m+	0.91m	0.13m	
5900		59		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional small stones.			0.28m	
5901		59		Deposit	Mid orange brown, friable sandy silt, occasional stones.			0.22m	
5902		59		Deposit	Light orange brown, compact sandy clay, frequent small to large stones.				
5903	5903	59	Surface	Cut	linear in plan (3.40m+ by 1.80m+ and 0.24m deep), orientated northeast to southwest, with shallow sides and a flat base.	3.40m+	1.80m+	0.24m	
5904	5903	59	Layer	Fill	moderate sized rounded and angular stones, making up a surface layer	3.40m+	1.80m+	0.24m	
5905	5903	59	Layer	Deposit	mid yellow brown, firm clay silt.	3.40m+	1.80m+	0.40m	
5906	5903	59	Layer	Deposit	mid orange brown, friable silty sand	3.40m+	1.80m+	0.10m	
6000		60		Deposit	Mid grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and moderate small stones.			0.28m	
6001		60		Deposit	Mid orange brown, firm silty clay, occasional charcoal flecks and stones.			0.30m	
6002		60		Deposit	Light orange brown, soft sandy clay, frequent small to large stones.				
6003	6003	60	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.72m and 0.28m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.28m	
6004	6003	60	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty clay with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.28m	
6100		61		Deposit	dark grey brown, firm silty clay with occasional charcoal flecks and moderate small stones.			0.40m	
6101		61		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.30m	
6102		61		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy silt.				
6103	6103	61	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (9.00m+ by 0.56m and 0.23m deep), orientated west-northwest to east-southeast with steep sides and a concave base.	9.00m+	0.56m	0.23m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
6104	6103	61	Ditch	Fill	light grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stones.	9.00m+	0.56m	0.23m	
6105	6105	61	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.20m+ by 1.20m and 0.11m deep), orientated northeast to southwest with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	1.20m+	1.20m	0.11m	
6106	6105	61	Ditch	Fill	light orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stones.	1.20m+	1.20m	0.11m	
6107	6107	61	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (6.50m+ by 1.80m and 0.49m deep), orientated east to west with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	6.50m	1.80m	0.49m	
6108	6107	61	Pit	Fill	mid grey brown, compact silt, sand and clay, with moderate stone inclusions.	6.50m	1.80m	0.49m	
6109	6109	61	Posthole	Cut	oval in plan (0.48m by 0.36m and 0.15m deep), with steep sides and a concave base.	0.48m	0.36m	0.15m	
6110	6109	61	Posthole	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silt sand with occasional flint stone inclusions.	0.48m	0.36m	0.15m	
6111	6111	61	Posthole	Cut	oval in plan (0.47m by 0.40m and 0.22m deep), with vertical sides and a flat base.	0.47m	0.40m	0.22m	
6112	6111	61	Posthole	Fill	mid orange brown, compact silt, sand and clay with occasional flint stone inclusions.	0.47m	0.40m	0.22m	
6113	6113	61	Cremation	Cut	circular in plan (0.50m by 0.50m and 0.24m deep), with steep sides and a concave base.				
6114	6113	61	Cremation	Fill	dark orange brown, soft silt clay with large charcoal patches and flint stone inclusions.	0.47m	0.40m	0.22m	7
6115	6115	61	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.34m and 0.18m deep), orientated north south with steep sides and a pointed base. Cut by Pit 6117.	1.80m+	0.34m	0.18m	
6116	6115	61	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown silt, sand and clay with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.34m	0.18m	
6117	6117	61	Ditch	Cut	oval in plan (1.00m+ by 0.59m and 0.16m deep), with steep sides and a flat base. Cuts Ditch 6115.	1.00m+	0.59m	0.16m	
6118	6117	61	Ditch	Fill	mid orange grey, soft silt, sand and clay with occasional flint stone inclusions.	1.00m+	0.59m	0.16m	
6119	6119	61	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.60m and 0.11m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.60m	0.11m	
6120	6119	61	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silt, sand and clay with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.60m	0.11m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
6121	6121	61	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (9.00m+ by 0.90m and 0.20m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides and a concave base.	9.00m+	0.90m	0.20m	
6122	6121	61	Ditch	Fill	light grey brown, soft silt, sand and clay with occasional charcoal flecks and flint stones.	9.00m+	0.90m	0.20m	
6123		61		Deposit	Deposit 6123 was a line of material that Stone Deposit 6124 was placed within, running northeast to southwest across the trench. It is possible that this is of natural origin.	1.80m+			
6124		61		Deposit	a line of stone placed within deposit 6123, running northeast to southwest across the trench. It is possible that this is of natural origin.	1.80m+			
6200		62		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.25m	
6201		62		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty sand.			0.30m	
6202		62		Deposit	light orange brown, firm clay sand.				
6203	6203	62	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.56m and 0.22m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.56m	0.22m	
6204	6203	62	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty sand with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.56m	0.22m	
6205	6205	62	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.88m and 0.12m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.88m	0.12m	
6206	6205	62	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty sand with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.88m	0.12m	
6207	6207	62	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.70m and 0.22m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.22m	
6208	6207	62	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty sand with occasional flint stones.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.22m	
6300		63		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks and small stone inclusions.			0.36m	
6301		63		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional small stones.			0.18m	
6302		63		Deposit	light orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent large stones.				
6303	6303	63	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.22m by 0.20m and 0.08m deep), with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	0.22m	0.20m	0.08m	
6304	6303	63	Pit	Cut	light grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional flint stone inclusions.	0.22m	0.20m	0.08m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
6305	6305	63	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.60m by 0.44m and 0.10m deep), with gentle sloping sides and a concave base.	0.60m	0.44m	0.10m	
6306	6305	63	Pit	Fill	light grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional charcoal flecks and small stone inclusions.	0.60m	0.44m	0.10m	
6307	6307	63	Pit	Cut	circular in plan (0.26m by 0.26m and 0.14m deep), with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	0.26m	0.26m	0.14m	
6308	6307	63	Pit	Fill	light grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional charcoal flecks and small stone inclusions.	0.26m	0.26m	0.14m	
6309	6309	63	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (20.00m+ by 0.86m and 0.48m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides and a concave base.	20.00m+	0.86m	0.48m	
6310	6309	63	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate flint stones and charcoal flecks.	20.00m+	0.86m	0.48m	
6311	6311	63	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (20.00m+ by 1.02m and 0.36m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides and a concave base.	20.00m+	1.02m	0.36m	
6312	6311	63	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate flint stones and charcoal flecks.	20.00m+	1.02m	0.36m	
6313	6313	63	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.64m and 0.20m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.20m	
6314	6313	63	Ditch	Fill	dark grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small flint stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	0.64m	0.20m	
6315	6315	63	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (20.00m+ by 1.54m and 0.26m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides and a concave base.	20.00m+	1.54m	0.26m	
6316	6315	63	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate flint stones and charcoal flecks.				
6317	6317	63	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.20m+ and 0.14m deep), orientated north to south with gently sloping sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.20m+	0.14m	
6318	6317	63	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small flint stones.	1.80m+	0.20m+	0.14m	
6400		64		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional small stone inclusions.			0.30m	
6401		64		Deposit	mid yellow brown, friable sandy silt, with occasional small stones.			0.36m	
6402		64		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.			0.66m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
6403	6403	64	Oven	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m by 0.45m and 0.26m deep), orientated west-southwest to east-northeast with steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.45m	0.26m	
6404	6403	64	Oven	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm clay silt, with frequent charcoal inclusions and charred wood. Sample 4 was taken from this fill	1.80m+	0.45m	0.08m	
6405	6403	64	Oven	Fill	Dark yellow brown, compact clay silt, compact clay, with charcoal inclusions. Sample 5 was taken	1.80m+	0.45m	0.08m	5
6406	6403	64	Oven	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt with occasional charcoal flecks	1.80m+	0.45m	0.10m	
6407	6403	64	Oven	Layer	Mid red brown, compact fired sand and clay, fired base and sides of feature.				
6500		65		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones inclusions.			0.23m	
6501		65		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones and charcoal flecks.			0.33m	
6502		65		Deposit	light orange brown, soft sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions.				
6503	6503	65	Ditch	Cut	was linear in plan (1.80m+ by 2.00m and 0.24m deep), orientated north to south with gentle sloping sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	2.00m	0.24m	
6504	6503	65	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay with moderate small stones.	1.80m+	2.00m	0.24m	4
6505	6505	65	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.24m and 0.32m deep), orientated southeast to northwest with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	1.24m	0.32m	
6506	6505	65	Ditch	Fill	light orange brown, soft silty clay with moderate small stones.	1.80m+	1.24m	0.32m	
6600	6600	66		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with frequent small stones inclusions.			0.37m	
6601		66		Deposit	mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones.			0.35m	
6602		66		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions.				
6603	6603	66	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.24m and 0.40m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.24m	0.40m	
6604	6603	66	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay with moderate small stones.	1.80m+	1.24m	0.40m	
6700		67		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with frequent small stone inclusions.			0.40m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
6701		67		Deposit	mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones.			0.24m	
6702		67		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact sandy clay with frequent stone inclusions.				
6703	6703	67	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.56m and 0.36m deep), orientated northwest to southeast with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.56m	0.36m	
6704	6703	67	Ditch	Fill	mid yellow brown, soft silty clay with moderate small stones.	1.80m+	1.56m	0.36m	
6705	6705	67	Pit	Cut	Linear in plan, orientated with steep sides, bottom was not reached.	1.80m+	10.00m	0.40m+	
6706	6705	67	Pit	Fill	Mid grey brown, compact silty clay, with frequent rounded stones	1.80m+	10.00m	0.42m	
6707	6705	67	Pit	Fill	Dark grey brown, compact sand, silt and clay, occasional rounded stones and rare charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	10.00m	0.42m+	
6708	6705	67	Pit	Fill	Light orange brown, loose sandy clay, with occasional rounded stones.	1.80m+	10.00m	0.36m	
6709	6709	67	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan, orientated northeast to southwest with irregular sides, the base was not reached.	1.80m+	4.90m	0.62m+	
6710	6709	67	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, compact silt, sand and clay, with frequent large flints and occasional charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	1.90m	0.10m	
6711	6709	67	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty sand, with moderate large flints.	1.80m+	4.90m	0.50m	
6712	6705	67	Pit	Fill	Light orange brown, firm silty sand, with moderate charcoal flecks and occasional flint stones	1.80m+	10.00m	0.18m	
6713	6709	67	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm silty sand, with moderate charcoal flecks and small stones	1.80m+	10.00m	0.18m	
6714	6709	67	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, compact clay silt with occasional charcoal flecks	1.80m+	10.00m	0.38m	
6715	6709	67	Ditch	Fill	Dark brown grey, compact clay silt, compact clay, with charcoal inclusions.	1.80m+	10.00m	0.20m	
6800		68		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.26m	
6801		68		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with moderate small stones.			0.27	
6802		68		Deposit	light orange brown, friable silty sand.				
6900		69		Deposit	dark gery brown, firm silty clay.			0.52m	
6901		69		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay.			0.26m	
6902		69		Deposit	light orange brown, firm sandy clay.				

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
7000		70		Deposit	mid grey brown, friable clay silt with frequent stones.			0.34m	
7001		70		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones.			0.06m	
7002		70		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones and sand patches.				
7003	7003	70	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.90m and 0.30m deep), orientated north to south with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.90m	0.30m	
7004	7003	70	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm silty clay with moderate small stones.	1.80m+	0.90m	0.30m	
7005	7005	70	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.90m+ by 0.89m and 0.28m deep), with moderately steep sides and a flat base.	0.90m+	0.89m	0.28m	
7006	7005	70	Pit	Fill	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with occasional small stone inclusions.	0.90m+	0.89m	0.28m	
7007	7007	70	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (0.84m+ by 0.32m and 0.24m deep), orientated east to west with steep sides and a concave base.	0.84m+	0.32m	0.24m	
7008	7007	70	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, friable sandy clay.				
7009	7009	70	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.96m and 0.42m deep), orientated north to south, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.96m	0.42m	
7010	7009	70	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, friable sandy clay.	1.80m+	0.96m	0.42m	
7011	7011	70	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (1.80m+ by 3.00m and 0.60m deep), with shallow sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	3.00m	0.60m	
7012	7011	70	Pit	Fill	dark orange brown, firm clay silt with occasional small stone inclusions.	1.80m+	3.00m	0.34m	
7013	7011	70	Pit	Fill	mid yellow brown, firm clay silt with redeposited clay inclusions,	1.80m+	3.00m	0.26m	
7100		71		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones.			0.39m	
7101		71		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate stones.			0.20	
7102		71		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7200		72		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones.			0.34m	
7201		72		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate stones.			0.56m	
7202		72		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7300		73		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones and charcoal flecks			0.42m	
7301		73		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks.			0.30m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
7302		73		Deposit	light orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7400		74		Deposit	mid grey brown, compact clay silt with moderate small stones.			0.30m	
7401		74		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks.			0.40m	
7402		74		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7403	7403	74	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.90m and 0.30m deep), orientated north to south with steep sides, for health and safety reasons the base was not reached.	1.80m+	3.21m	1.04m	
7404	7403	74	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, friable clay sand, with frequent rounded stones	1.80m+	1.46m	0.36m	
7405	7403	74	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, firm clay sand, with moderate stone inclusions	1.80m+	1.80m	0.62m	
7406	7403	74	Ditch	Fill	Mid grey brown, very compact silty clay with sparse stones	1.80m+	3.20m	0.50m	
7500		75		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones.			0.38m	
7501		75		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks.			0.20	
7502		75		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7503	7503	75	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.30m and 0.60m+ deep), orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides, for health and safety reasons the base was not reached.	10.00m+	1.30m	0.60m+	
7504	7503	75	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm sandy clay, with charcoal flecks and small stones.	10.00m+	0.80m	0.10m+	
7505	7505	75	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay with frequent charcoal flecks	10.00m+	1.50m	0.50m	
7506	7506	75	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan orientated northwest to southeast with steep sides, for health and safety reasons the base was not reached.	10.00m+	1.20m	0.60m+	
7507	7506	75	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm sandy clay, with charcoal flecks and small stones.	10.00m+	1.20m+	0.10m+	
7508	7506	75	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay with frequent charcoal flecks	10.00m+	1.50m	0.50m	
7600		76		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm clay silt with moderate small stones and charcoal flecks			0.30m	
7601		76		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate stones and chalk flecks.			0.10m	
7602		76		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7700		77		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silt, sand and clay.			0.40m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
7701		77		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate stones and chalk flecks.			0.15m	
7702		77		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7800		78		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.25m	
7801		78		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sand silt and clay			0.22m	
7802		78		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy silt, with frequent stones.				
7803	7803	78	Pit	Cut	oval in plan with gradual sloping sides and a concave base.	0.64m	0.67m	0.09m	
7804	7803	78	Pit	Fill	mid grey black, compact sandy silt, with frequent small flint stones.	0.64m	0.67m	0.09m	3
7900		79		Deposit	dark grey brown, firm silt and clay			0.28m	
7901		79		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silt and clay			0.22m	
7902		79		Deposit	dark orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
7903	7903	79	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.81m and 0.29m deep) orientated east to west with near vertical sides and a flat base.	1.80m+	0.81m	0.29m	
7904	7903	79	Ditch	Fill	mid grey black, soft silt clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and small flint stones.	1.80m+	0.81m	0.29m	
8000		80		Deposit	dark grey brown, firm silt and clay.			0.20m	
8001		80		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silt and clay			0.15m	
8002		80		Deposit	light orange brown, firm sandy clay, with frequent stones.				
8100		81		Deposit	mid black grey, firm silt and clay.				
8101		81		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy silt			0.18m	
8102		81		Deposit	dark orange brown, sandy clay				
8103	8103	81	Posthole	Cut	circular in plan (0.25m by 0.25m and 0.30m deep) with steep sides and a concave base.	0.25m	0.25m	0.30m	
8104	8103	81	Posthole	Fill	mid yellow brown, soft sandy silt, with rare stones and charcoal flecks.	0.25m	0.25m	0.30m	
8105	8105	81	Ring Ditch	Cut	curvilinear in plan with steep sides and a concave base.	8.00m+	0.82m	0.28m	
8106	8105	81	Ring Ditch	Fill	mid yellow brown, soft clay silt, with rare stones and charcoal flecks.	8.00m+	0.82m	0.28m	
8107	8105	81	Ring Ditch	Fill	curvilinear in plan with steep sides and a concave base.	0.82m+	0.96m	0.22m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
8108	8105	81	Ring Ditch	Fill	mid yellow brown, soft clay silt, with rare stones and charcoal flecks.	0.82m+	0.96m	0.22m	
8109	8105	81	Ring Ditch	Fill	Large angular flint stones, on the base of the ditch.				
8200		82		Deposit	pale grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones.			0.40m	
8201		82		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones			0.20m	
8202		82		Deposit	pale yellow grey , sandy clay				
8400		84		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones.			0.40m	
8401		84		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones			0.25m	
8402		84		Deposit	light orange grey, sandy clay				
8403	8403	84	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan orientated east to west, with steep sides and a concave base.	1.90m+	3.06m	0.85m	
8404	8403	84	Ditch	Fill	Light yellow brown, firm silty clay, with rare rounded stones and charcoal flecks.	1.90m+	3.06m	0.25	
8405	8403	84	Ditch	Fill	Dark grey brown, firm silty clay, with moderate stone inclusions and charcoal flecks, Sample 2 taken.	1.90m+	0.80m	0.36m	2
8406	8403	84	Ditch	Fill	Mid yellow brown, firm silty clay, with occasional stones and charcoal flecks	1.90m+	2.10m	0.85m	
8407	8407	84	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (3.80m+ by 0.70m and 0.18m deep) orientated north to south, with steep sides and a concave base.	3.80m+	0.70m	0.18m	
8408	8407	84	Gully	Fill	mottled mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and small stones.	3.80m+	0.70m	0.18m	
8409	8409	84	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (3.40m by 2.00m and 0.50m deep) with steep sides and a concave base.	3.40m	2.00m	0.50m	
8410	8409	84	Pit	Fill	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, with rare stones and charcoal flecks,	3.40m	2.00m	0.50m	
8411	8411	84	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.80m and 0.70m deep) orientated east to west, with steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.80m	0.70m	
8412	8411	84	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay, with moderate charcoal flecks and small stones.	1.80m+	1.80m	0.70m	
8500		85		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones.			0.13m	
8501		85		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones			0.15m	
8502		85		Deposit	light orange grey, sandy clay				

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
8503	8503	85	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (1.40m by 0.50m and 0.33m deep), with steep sides and a concave base.	1.40m	0.50m	0.33m	
8504	8503	85	Pit	Fill	Mid yellow brown, soft clay sand, with moderate rounded stone inclusions	0.98m	0.50m	0.10m	
8505	8503	85	Pit	Fill	Dark black brown, compact silty sand, with moderate stone inclusions and charcoal flecks.	1.14	0.50m	0.06m	1
8506	8503	85	Pit	Fill	Mid orange brown, loose silty sand, with occasional charcoal flecks	1.40m	0.50m	0.17m	
8507	8507	85	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.93m+ by 0.85m and 0.30m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with steep sides and a concave base.	1.93m+	0.85m	0.30m	
8508	8507	85	Ditch	Fill	dark grey brown, firm silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and small stones.	1.93m+	0.85m	0.30m	
8600		86		Deposit	mid grey brown, firm sandy silt, occasional stones.			0.34m	
8601		86		Deposit	mid brown orange brown, compact sandy clay, frequent stones				
8602	8602	86	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.20m and 0.60m deep) orientated north to south, with steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.60m	
8603	8602	86	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with charcoal flecks and small stones.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.60m	
8604	8604	86	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.72m and 0.12m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with shallow sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.12m	
8605	8604	86	Gully	Fill	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with small stones.	1.80m+	0.72m	0.12m	
8606	8606	86	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.46m and 0.22m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with moderately steep sides and a concave base.	1.80m+	0.46m	0.22m	
8607	8606	86	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, firm silty clay, with small stones.	1.80m+	0.46m	0.22m	
8700		87		Deposit	mid grey brown, compact silty clay, with occasional stones.			0.26m	
8701		87		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty clay, moderate degree of stones.			0.58m	
8702		87		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay, with frequent flint stones.				
8703	8703	87	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.50m+ and 0.76m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with moderately steep sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	1.50m+	0.76m	
8704	8703	87	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, compact silty clay, with moderate stones.	1.80m+	1.50m+	0.76m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
8800		88		Deposit	dark grey brown, compact silty clay.			0.35m	
8801		88		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay.			0.35m	
8802		88		Deposit	light orange brown, compact sandy clay.				
8803	8803	88	Pit	Cut	oval in plan (0.80m by 0.50m and 0.10m deep) with shallow sloping side and a concave base.	0.80m	0.50m	0.10m	
8804	8803	88	Pit	Fill	mid orange brown, soft silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks.	0.80m	0.50m	0.10m	
8805	8805	88	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.70m and 0.20m deep) orientated north to south, with steep sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.20m	
8806	8805	88	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay, with moderate stones and charcoal flecks.	1.80m+	0.70m	0.20m	
8807	8807	88	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (2.06m+ by 0.70m and 0.25m deep) orientated east to west, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	2.06m+	0.70m	0.25m	
8808	8807	88	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stones.	2.06m+	0.70m	0.25m	
8809	8808	88	Ditch	Cut	Inear in plan (2.18m+ by 0.80m and 0.20m deep) orientated east to west, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	2.18m+	0.80m	0.20m	
8810	8810	88	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stones.	2.18m+	0.80m	0.20m	
8811	8811	88	Ditch	Cut	was linear in plan (2.10m+ by 0.90m and 0.20m deep) orientated north to south, with shallow sides and a concave base, that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	2.10m+	0.90m	0.20m	
8812	8811	88	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty clay, with occasional charcoal flecks and stones.	2.10m+	0.90m	0.20m	
8900		89		Deposit	mid grey brown, friable silty sand.			0.30m	
8901		89		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty sandy, with flint stones.			0.28	
8902		89		Deposit	light orange brown, friable sand and gravel, with clay patches.				
8903	8903	89	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.65m and 0.20m deep) orientated northwest to southeast, with steep sides and a flat base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	0.65m	0.20m	
8904	8903	89	Ditch	Fill	mid orange brown, friable silty sand, 0.10m thick.	1.80m+	0.65m	0.10m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
8905	8903	89	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, friable silty sand.	1.80m+	0.65m	0.10m	
8906	8906	89	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 0.40m and 0.15m deep) orientated northwest to southeast, with steep sides and a flat base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	0.40m	0.15m	
8907	8906	89	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, friable silty sand. No finds were present.	1.80m+	0.40m	0.15m	
8908	8908	89	Ditch	Cut	was linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.20m and 0.55m deep) orientated west to east, with steep sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.55m	
8909	8908	89	Ditch	Fill	pale grey brown, friable silty sand.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.30m	
8910	8908	89	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, friable silty sand.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.25m	
8911	8911	89	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.20m and 0.50m deep) orientated east to west, with steep sides and a concave base that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.50m	
8912	8911	89	Ditch	Fill	pale grey brown, friable silty sand.	1.80m+	1.20m	0.50m	
9000		90		Deposit	light orange brown, sand and gravel.				
9001		90		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty sandy, with flint stones.			0.30m	
9002		90		Deposit	mid grey brown, friable silty sand.			0.20m	
9003	9003	90	natural	Cut	Irregular in plan, with irregular sides and base.	1.80m+	2.55m	0.30m	
9004	9003	90	natural	Fill	pale grey brown, silty sand.	1.80m+	2.55m	0.30m	
9100		91		Deposit	mid grey brown, silt sand.				
9101		91		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm silty sandy.			0.20m	
9102		91		Deposit	mid grey brown, soft silty sand.			0.40m	
9200		92		Deposit	mid grey brown, soft silty sand.			0.40m	
9201		92		Deposit	dark orange brown, hard silty sandy.			0.20m	
9202		92		Deposit	mid orange brown, friable sand silt and clay.				
9203	9203	92	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (1.80m+ by 1.35m and 0.39m deep) orientated east to west, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base, that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	1.80m+	1.35m	0.39m	
9204	9203	92	Ditch	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty sand.	1.80m+	1.35m	0.39m	

Context No	Feature No	Trench	Feature Type	Category	Description	Length	Width	Depth	Samples
9205	9205	92	Gully	Cut	linear in plan (3.30m+ by 0.37m and 0.10m deep) orientated northeast to southwest, with gradual sloping sides and a concave base, that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	3.30m+	0.37m	0.10m	
9206	9205	92	Gully	Fill	mid grey brown, soft silty sand.	3.30m+	0.37m	0.10m	
9500		95		Deposit	dark grey brown, soft silty sand.			0.40m	
9501		95		Deposit	mid orange brown, compact silt sandy.			0.20m	
9502		95		Deposit	light orange brown, friable sand silt and clay.				
9503	9503	95	Ditch	Cut	linear in plan (3.50m+ by 0.40m and 0.06m deep) orientated north to south, with shallow sides and a concave base, that ran beyond the limits of the trench.	3.50m+	0.40m	0.06m	
9504	9503	95	Ditch	Fill	dark grey brown, soft silty sand.	3.50m+	0.40m	0.06m	
9600		96		Deposit	dark grey brown, firm silty clay.			0.45m	
9601		96		Deposit	light yellow brown, mid sandy clay.			0.30m	
9602		96		Deposit	mid orange brown, firm sandy clay.				

FINDS TABLES

Table 2 Finds types by context (initial recording during processing)

Context Number	PotteryCount	PotteryWeight g	CBM Count	CBM Weight g	Fired Clay Count	Fired Clay Weight g	Slag Count	Slag Weight g	Struck Flint Count	Struck Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Flint Count	Heat-altered Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Stone Count	Heat-altered Stone Weight g	Stone Count	Stone Weight g	A Bone Count	A Bone Weight g	Shell Count	Shell Weight g	Other	Overall Finds Date
0002									8	78												preh
0003	3		3	307																		Rom
0301	56	346																				preh
0304	1	1																				preh
0404					3	7	3	51														
0406	15									_												preh
0504	38	201			2	11																Rom
0506	24	42																				Rom
0801	1	24																				Rom
0806	4	2							4	13												preh
0808	11	8																				preh
0810	10											31										preh
0812	4	23							2	4		6					10	-				Rom
0813	3	3							6	101		71					13	7				Rom
0814																					Lave quernstone 1 (343g)	
0903					3	14			1	5		22										Preh?
0904								r	3	64												
0909	1	2			2	1																Rom
0915	5	46																				Rom

Context Number	PotteryCount	PotteryWeight g	CBM Count	CBM Weight g	Fired Clay Count	Fired Clay Weight g	Slag Count	Slag Weight g	Struck Flint Count	Struck Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Flint Count	Heat-altered Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Stone Count	Heat-altered Stone Weight g	Stone Count	Stone Weight g	A Bone Count	A Bone Weight g	Shell Count	Shell Weight g	Other	Overall Finds Date
0919	8	58																				
1104	4	11	1	5																		Rom
1106					1	19																
1305	6	15							1	4												Rom
1408					2	8	6	222	1	2												preh
1510	33	223	23	1711			3	646	1	12							3	1				Rom
1514	2	52	3	346													32	32				Rom
1516	3	83																				Rom
1517	9	87	10	1255																		Rom
1519	1	31																				Rom
1522	6	92	2	113																		Rom
1526	10	145																				Rom
1528	50	1775	120	20473			1	681					1	252								Rom
1605			4	572	1	10																Rom
1804	3	4																				Rom
1806									1	6	-	57										preh
3406									1	19												preh
4303																						
4304							1	3	8	103	-	265										preh
4305									2	7	-	185										preh
4306											-	37	1	25								
4308									2	4	-	37										preh
4708																						Preh?
4712			1	4													32	106				Rom
4806	4	10																				preh

Context Number	PotteryCount	PotteryWeight g	CBM Count	CBM Weight g	Fired Clay Count	Fired Clay Weight g	Slag Count	Slag Weight g	Struck Flint Count	Struck Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Flint Count	Heat-altered Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Stone Count	Heat-altered Stone Weight g	Stone Count	Stone Weight g	A Bone Count	A Bone Weight g	Shell Count	Shell Weight g	Other	Overall Finds Date
4810	14	12																				preh
5104	46	252							2	3												preh
5504	20	230	2	37																		Rom
5601	18	266							1	30												Rom
5609	4	12																				preh
5719																						Rom
5720	9	31																				
5807									1	7												preh
6108	1	4																				
6112																	3	75				
6114																						preh
6306	2	5																				preh
6310			1	4	5	26			1	7												Rom
6312	3	17			4	11																preh
6314	5	28			1	33																preh
6316					3	25																preh
6405																						
6406					19	490																
6504																						
6600		10							1	6											Clay pipe 1 (5g)	p-med
6601	1	61																				
6706	2	40																				Rom
6707	4	33																				preh
6714	1	11																				Rom
7001																						

Context Number	PotteryCount	PotteryWeight g	CBM Count	CBM Weight g	Fired Clay Count	Fired Clay Weight g	Slag Count	Slag Weight g	Struck Flint Count	Struck Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Flint Count	Heat-altered Flint Weight g	Heat-altered Stone Count	Heat-altered Stone Weight g	Stone Count	Stone Weight g	A Bone Count	A Bone Weight g	Shell Count	Shell Weight g	Other	Overall Finds Date
7004											-	14										
7012									1	-		25										preh
7405									3		-	115										preh
7505	3	3							3		-	128										preh
7508									2	25	-	342										preh
7804																						preh
8202	40	39							1													preh
8405 8406	16 11	39 36							ľ	11												Rom
8412	7	28																			Lava quernstone 72 pieces amd frags.	Med? (RA1)
8505	29	165																			Lava quernstone 1 (7g)	preh
8600									1	10												preh
8603	1	2																	3	7		Med (RA15)
8605									2	4												preh
8704	6	1																				preh
9204			1	8																		Med/p-med
9206	1	3																				preh
9504			1	503																		Med/p-med

Table 3 Prehistoric pottery by context

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
0301		deposit	56	346	Preh	Significant part of an Early Neolithic Mildenhall style bowl with burnished line decoration on rim top and neck (Fabric HMF)	E Neo, c. 3700-3200 BC
0304	0303	pit	1	1	Preh	Small sherd, abraded (Fabric HMG)	Preh – L Neo-BA?
0406	0405	ditch	15	155	Preh	Thick hand-made sherds, smoother surfaces (Fabric HMS)	Preh – IA?
0506	0505	pit	23	36	Preh	Group of body sherds mostly from same pot with smoothed surface (Fabric HMS)	IA? MIA-LIA
0806	0805	ditch	4	2	Preh	Abraded fragments in sandy fabric (Fabric HMS) one grey and possibly Rom	Preh & Rom? – IA?
808	0807	ditch	11	8	Preh	Group of body sherds some with smoothed surface (Fabric HMS), possibly also some oxidised fired clay? frags present	IA? – MIA-LIA?
0810	0809	pit	10	26	Preh	Smoothed surfaces, same pot, relatively fine, well-embedded flint- temper (Fabric HMF)	Prob LBA-EIA
0812	0811	ditch	3	6	Preh	One sherd dark sandy (Fabric HMS) with two small fragments of ?residual oxidised flint-tempered pottery probably of earlier date (Fabric HMF)	IA? – MIA-LIA?
0813	0811	ditch	2	2	Preh	Small sherds, one (Fabric HMF) dated probably LBA-EIA, other (Fabric HMS dated probably IA	Preh LBA/EIA & IA?
1305	1303	ditch	2	3	Preh	One sherd (Fabric HMS) probably IA, one other small sherd flint- tempered (Fabric HMF) and probably earlier	IA – M-LIA? with residual
4708 <14>	4707	ditch	6	7	Preh	One sherd (Fabric HMS) small pieces (Fabric HMF) LBA/EIA, possibly EIA	LBA/EIA
4806	4805	ditch	4	10	Preh	One sherd (Fabric HMS) three sherds (Fabric HMF) LBA/EIA possibly EIA	LBA/EIA
4810	4809	pit	14	12	Preh	Collection of abraded fragments (Fabric HMS) probably IA	IA – MIA-LIA?
5104	5103	pit	46	252	Preh	Sherds from probably at least three pots, one a jar with carinated shoulder (See Brudenell 2011, Fig 3 no. 11) all sherds flint-tempered with well embedded small-medium flint or medium flint, no decoration; (LBA/EIA poss LBA)	LBA?

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
5609		deposit	4	12	Preh	Three sherds flint-tempered (LBA-EIA?) one sand-tempered (Fabric HMS) (dated LBA-EIA)	LBA-EIA
5719	5717	oven	1	5	Preh	One sherd (Fabric HMF) probably LBA/EIA (residual)	LBA/EIA
6114	6113	cremation		3		Prehistoric pottery from cremation (not seen)	preh
6306	6305	pit	2	5	Preh	Slightly coarse flint-temper (Fabric HMF)	LBA/EIA - LBA?
6310	6309	ditch	9	57	Preh	Two sherds (Fabric HMS) other are flint-tempered (Fabric HMF) LBA/EIA probably EIA, all slightly abraded and residual in this context	
6312	6311	ditch	3	17	Preh	Rim and body sherd (Fabric HMS) LBA-EIA possibly EIA?	LBA-EIA
6314	6313	ditch	5	28	Preh	Rim and body sherds (Fabric HMS) LBA-EIA possibly EIA?	LBA-EIA
6316 <6>	6315	ditch	1	2	Preh	Small sherd (Fabric HMS) looks IA	IA MIA-LIA?
6707	6705	pit	1	33	Preh	Moderately large single sherd, medium-coarse sand and some large crushed? Quartz (Fabric HMSQ) appears LBA-EIA	LBA-EIA?
7505	7505	ditch	3	3	Preh	Small abraded sherd, moderately thick, possibly some grog in fabric and small stone (temper?)	Preh
7804	7803	pit	47	170	Preh	All moderately thin sherds tempered with small-medium flint, all plain, includes two base sherds, LBA-EIA	LBA-EIA – LBA?
8405	8403	ditch				Bag not seen	
8505	8503	pit	29	165	Preh	Several sherds with flinger tip impressions, oxidised (Fabric HMFG and HMS including upright, plain rim sherd (Fabric HMS) and one similar sherd with finger pinch, also single sherd with scored lines (Fabric HMF), misc other sandy sherds, some with some flint and grog – possibly Beaker (ie finger pinch sherd) – Beaker coarseware, or possibly more generally Bronze Age – larger quantity of pottery from Sample <1> confirms Beaker; also one oxidised heavily flint-tempered sherd not closely dated	
8505 <1>	8503	pit	130	474	Preh	Beaker rim sherd (Fabric HMFG) with rows of finger nail impressions, other sherds decorated with finger tip impressions in sandy fabrics with some flint and some grog (Fabric HMFG) including base sherd – Beaker coarseware; includes some	

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
						oxidised heavily flint-tempered sherds not closely dated (c. count and part estimated c. 130 sherds and fragments of pot)	
8704	8703	ditch	6	1	Preh	Abraded fragments, appear prehistoric (Fabric HMS)	Preh
9206	9205	gully	1	3	Preh	Small sandy sherd, slightly thick (Fabric HMS) possibly IA?	Preh - IA?

Table 4 Roman pottery by context

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
0003		deposit	3	9	Rom	Small sherds, one (Fabric LSH?) one (Fabric GMB) one (Fabric GX)	L Rom – M-L4C?
0504	0503	ditch	38	201	Rom	Rim (complete in sherds) from a narrow mouth Jar (Fabric GX)	Rom
0506	0505	pit	1	6	Rom	Neck sherd (Fabric BSW)	Rom
0801		deposit	1	24	Rom	Base sherd (Fabric GX)	Rom
0812	0811	ditch	1	17	Rom	Necked jar rim and shoulder (Fabric GX)	Rom prob M1-2C
0812 <12>	0811	ditch	7	32	Rom	Rims and sherds from a minimum of two pots in greyware, slightly abraded (Fabric GX) – not closely dated	Rom
0813	0811	ditch	1	1	Rom	Small sherd (Fabric GX)	Rom
0909	0908	pit	1	2	Rom	Small sherd in greyware (Fabric GX)	Rom
0915	0914	pit	5	46	Rom	Four sherd (Fabric GX) one sherd (Fabric BSW)	Rom
0919	0918	ditch	8	58	Rom	Rim sherd from a Going B4 (Cam 37-type) bowl with bead rim (E2- 3C) other greywares sherd (Fabric GX)	Rom E2-3C
1104	1103	ditch	4	11	Rom	Greyware body sherds (Fabric GX)	Rom
1305	1303	ditch	4	12	Rom	Two sherds inc. rim from Hadham (Fabric HAX) (L3-4C) single rim from a shell-tempered jar (Fabric LSH) (M-L4C)	L Rom c. M-L4C
1510	1509	ditch	33	223	Rom	Includes rim sherds from a Going B2 (Cam 40B-type) bowl (Fabric GX) (M2-3/4C) and straight necked jar or bowl with stab decoration on the shoulder (probably 1-2/3C) (Fabric GX) other	

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
						sherds (Fabric GX and BSW); also several sherds of shell- tempered Rom pottery inc. base sherds presumed late shell- tempered ware (Fabric LSH)	
1514	1513	ditch	2	52	Rom	One thick sherd of greyware (Fabric GX)	Rom
1516	1515	ditch	3	83	Rom	Rim from a neckless jar in coarse sandy greyware (Fabric GX) and a rim from a greyware dish, Going B1 (Fabric GX) (2-4C)	Rom 2-4C
1517	1515	ditch	9	87	Rom	Two sherds of Nene Valley C.C. (Fabric NVC) (c. L2/3-4C), sherd from an East Anglian greyware mortaria (Fabric GXM), other greyware sherds inc. bowl rim (Fabric GX)	
1519	1518	pit	1	31	Rom	Sandy buff-ware base sherd (Fabric BUF)	Rom - M1-3C?
1522	1520	ditch	6	92	Rom	Sherd of Nene Valley C.C. (Fabric NVC) (c. L2/3-4C), one sherd misc. sandy oxidised red ware (Fabric RX), three sherds, inc. rim misc. greywares (Fabric GX)	
1526	1525	ditch	10	145	Rom	Roman greywares (Fabric GX), min of three pots, one in plain greyware with part of a lightly incised circular motif (see Hull 1958, pottery from the 'Mithreaum' Fig 65 no.64)	
1528	1525	ditch	50	1775	Rom	Single near complete (near whole) flanged bowl of form Dr 38 (Suffolk Roman pottery Form 6.14) from which the entire flange has been removed and the rough edge slight smoothed down so that it rather resembles a Dr 45 mortarium (weight 672g), section of rim broken with fragments missing appears recent break, internal centre of base worn; Greyware fabric, pale grey and black exterior, pale orange fabric core (Fabric GX) (c. 3-4C). Possibly a placed pot? Other pottery: Samain single sherd East Gaul (SAEG) (c. M2- M3C), one sherd Hadham (Fabric HAX) (c. L3-4C), Nene Valley single sherd, abraded (Fabric NVC) (c. 3-4C); greyware sherds including a flanged bowl Going form B6 (c. L3-4C) and open bowl Going form E5 (c. M3-4C) also one sherd decorated with comb lines; minimum of eleven other pots (total for context minimum of sixteen pots represented).	

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
1804	1803	gully	3	4	Rom?	Small sandy coarseware/ greyware sherds, abraded presumed Roman	Rom? (IA/Rom)
5504	5503	ditch	20	230	Rom	One sherd nene Valley (Fabric NVC) (c. 3-4C), one sherd Hadham oxidised ware (Fabric HAX) (L3-4C), rim and other sgerds from a shell-tempered jar (Fabric LSH) (c. M-L4C), one abraded sherd in a micaceous oxidised fabric (not identified) other unsourced greyware sherds (Rom)	
5504 <>	5503	ditch	3	1	Rom	fragments	Rom
5601		deposit	18	266	Rom	One sherd Nene Valley (Fabric NVC) (c. 3-4C), one sherd from and unslipped Nene Valley mortarium, one abraded sherd in a micaceous oxidised fabric (not identified); other unsourced greyware sherds including rimd from two Going Form B4 bowls (2-3C).	Rom – 3-4C
5719	5717	oven	1	2	Rom	Small greyware rim sherd (Fabric GX)	Rom
6310	6309	Ditch	5	36	Rom	Abraded sherds from slack shouldered jar/bowl and small bowl? (Fabric GX)	Rom c. 2-4C
6706	6705	pit	2	40	Rom	Greyware base and body sherd (Fabric GX)	Rom
6714	6709	ditch	1	11	Rom?	Faint broad corrugation on exterior and not obviously when turned but probably Roman, coarse sand greyware fabric (Fabric GX)	Rom?
8405	8403	ditch	16	39	Rom	Small coarseware/ greyware sherds, one rim with single groove on top (Rom)	Rom
8405 <2>	8403	ditch	2	2	Rom	Sall sherds/fragments one Roman, other possibly fired clay?	Rom

Context	Feature	Context type	Pottery No.	Pottery Wt(g)	Period	Description/Notes	Spot date
5720		deposit	9	31		?Missing bag	
6108	6107	pit	1	4	Med?	Single thin sandy sherd with black surface, appears probably med (Fabric MCW)	Med ? (c. 13-14C?)
6600		deposit	1	10	p-med	Rim (Fabric GRE)	c. 16-18/19C
6601		deposit	1	61	p-med	Thick rounded rim unglazed GRE or possibly e even very large flower pot	c. 16-E20C
8406	8403	ditch	11	36	Med/p-med	Grey ware sherds (Fabric MCW) (c. 13-14C), three orange sandy wares (also Fabric MCW?) and one abraded thick glazed sherd (possibly Fabric GRE)	
8412	8411	ditch	7	28	Med	Grey ware sherds (Fabric MCW) (c. 13-14C)	Med
8603	8602	ditch	1	2	mod	Staffordshire-type factory ware/creamware (Fabric CRW)	Mod – c. L18-E20C

Table 5 Medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery by context

Table 6 Ceramic building material catalogue

Key: RT=Roman tegula tile; RI=Roman imbrex tile; RB=Roman brick; RF=Roman flue tile; RBT=Roman brick or tile; BR=post-Roman brick; PT=peg tile; BT-undated brick/tile

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/	F/L	Date	Form	No	Wt/g	Description/ comments	Finds date
		layer	type						(associated dating)
0003			deposit	Rom	RT RI RB	3	307	Pieces from broken (flanged) tegula and Roman bricks (two pieces) in fine-medium size sand fabrics (f-ms), primarily oxidised ornage in colour	Rom (pottery L Rom – M-L4C?)
1104	11	1103	ditch	Med/p- med	PT	1	5	Small piece, probably peg tile in fine sand fabric (fs)	Med-p-med c. 13- 14C onward
1510	15	1509	ditch	Rom	RT RI RB	23	1711	Quantity of pieces from broken tegula and imbrex roof tiles and Roman bricks in fine-medium size sand fabrics (f-ms), primarily oxidised ornage in colour, closely identified pieces:	Rom (pottery - M2C+, probably 4C?)

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/ layer	F/L type	Date	Form	No	Wt/g	Description/ comments	Finds date (associated dating)
								Tegula (RT): 4 flanged pieces, one with back (upper) cutaway, tile bases c. 20mm thick.Imbrex (RI): 1 piece c. 17mm thick.Brick (RB): 2 pieces c. 30mm+ thick	
1514	15	1513	ditch	Rom	RB	3	346	Piece (plus frags) from a broken brick (30mm thick) in a fine- medium size sand fabric (f-ms), oxidised ornage in colour	Rom
1517	15	1515	ditch	Rom	RT RB RF	10	1255	Small quantity of pieces from broken tegula and imbrex roof tiles and Roman flue tile in fine-medium size sand fabrics (f- ms), primarily oxidised ornage in colour, closely identified pieces: Tegula (RT) : 2 flanged pieces, one with lower cut away of Warry Type B6 (suggested dating 2C) (Warry 2006 fig 1.3), Brick (RB) : 2 pieces, 30mm and 35mm thick. Roman flue tile (RF) : small piece from a combed flue tile (18g); piece is small and square and could possibly have been used as a tessera.	Rom L2/3-4C
1522	15	1520	ditch	Rom	RBT	2	113	Two of pieces of broken brick or tile (probably tegula) in a fine-medium size sand fabric (f-ms), oxidised ornage in colour	Rom (pottery L2/3- 4C)
1528	15	1525	ditch	Rom	RT RI RB	120	20473	Large quantity of pieces from broken tegula and imbrex roof tiles and Roman bricks in fine-medium size sand fabrics (f-ms), primarily oxidised ornage in colour with a few pices that have grey colour areas on their surfaces; closely identified pieces: Tegula (RT) : 27 flanged pieces (tile bases c. 20mm thick) with a minimum of four distinct different flange shapes (ie four moulds), end pieces include two lower cut-aways one of Warry Type B6 other Warry Type C4 (suggested dating 2C and M2-M3C) (Warry 2006 fig 1.3), also one back(upper) cut away, pne tile piece (cut away C4 piece) cracked and burnt or overfired; one piece with a nail fixing hole(Warry 2006, 102-104- possibly more common on later tiles of <i>c</i> . M3C-4C date), one piece with arch 'signature' on surface.	Rom (pottery M/L3-4C)

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/ layer	F/L type	Date	Form	No	Wt/g	Description/ comments	Finds date (associated dating)
								 Imbrex (RI): 11 pieces, one preserves complete section, largest piece c. 160mm in length; pieces c. 11mm-17mm thick, most are c. 17mm. Brick (RB): 18 pieces can be identified as Roman brick either from their nature, including the presence of corner pieces without flanges (3 in number) or by thickness (c. 30mm-35mm thick); max surviving lenth is155mm; while no complete measurements they suggest square tile-like briks (Besslis or Pedalis bricks) rather than elongated or large building bricks and which are commonly used to construct hypocausts; two pieces have animal paw and hoof pints in the surface (not closely identified as to species). 	
1528	15	1525	ditch	p-med	BR	1	80	Piece of abraded brick, post-Roman, almost certainly post- medieval, sandy fabric, medium sand (ms) (presumed intrusive)	Post-med
1605	16	1604	pit	Rom	RF	4	572	Two of pieces (plus 2 frags) from broken flue tile in fine- medium size sand fabric (f-ms), oxidised ornage in colour: Roman flue tile (RF) : two joining pieces from the combed face of a box flue tile, tile thickness 20mm, not sooted internally.	Rom
4712	47	4710	ditch	Rom?	RBT	1	4	Small piece in fine-medium size sand fabric (f-ms), oxidised ornage in colour	Rom?
5504	55	5503	ditch	Rom	RI PT	2	37	Two pieces from broken imbrex in fine-medium size sand fabric (f-ms), oxidised ornage in colour	Rom (pottery – L3-4C)
6310	63	6309	ditch	-	B/T	1	4	Small piece, oxidesed, medium sand fabric (ms)	Not closely dated (pot preh and Rom)
9204	92	9203	ditch	Med/p- med	PT	1	8	Small piece, probably peg tile in fine sand fabric (fs)	Med-p-med c. 13- 14C onward
9504	95	9503	ditch	Med/p- med	BR	1	503	Piece from a brick (BR) incoarse sandy fabric with some stones and occasional pale (yellowish) clay pellets,	L med-p-med - dated c. 14/15- 17C

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/ layer	F/L type	Date	Form	No	Wt/g	Description/ comments	Finds (associated	date
								thickness 40mm, some whilte lime mortar on one surface, suggests Late med or 'Tudor'-type?	dating)	

Table 7 Fired clay catalogueKey: f-ms=fine to medium sand, ms=medium sand; m-cs=medium-coarse sand

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/ layer	F/L type	Fabric	Surface	Form	No	Wt/g	Abr	Description/ comments	Associated finds dating evidence
0404	4	0403	ditch	ms m- cs			3	7		Three small pieces - oxidised	
0504	5	0503	ditch	ms			2	11	*	Two small pieces - oxidised	Rom
0903	9	0902	pit	ms			3	14		One small piece and and fragments - oxidised	Preh?
0903 <11>	9	0902	pit	f-ms			40	52	*	Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample: approx. 40 pieces and fragments - oxidised	Preh?
0909	9	0908	pit	f-ms			2	1	*	Two small oxidised pieces	Rom
1106	11	1105	gully	fs	*	object	1	19		Edge piece, quite hard, uneven surface, possibly this is CBM? - oxidised with thin buff surface	
1408	14	1407	pit	m-cs			2	8	*	Two small oxidised pieces	preh
1408 <13>	14	1407	pit	ms			3	2	*	Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample – oxidised orange and brownish-red	preh
1605	16	1604	pit	m-cs			1	10		Sandy - oxidised	Rom
4708 <>	47	4707	ditch	ms			20	12		Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample: approx. 20 pieces and fragments – oxidised orange and brownish-red	Preh?

Ctxt	Tr	Feature/ layer	F/L type	Fabric	Surface	Form	No	Wt/g	Abr	Description/ comments	Associated finds dating evidence
5504 <8>	55	5503	gully	f-ms			11	1		Small very broken-up pieces/ fragments from processing bulk soil sample - oxidised	Rom
5719 <10>	57	5717	oven	f-ms ms			200	737		Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample: approx. 150-200 pieces and fragments - oxidised	Rom
5720	57		deposit	fs	*	structural	9	31		Moderately well fired, flat uneven surfaces, dark core orange-buff surface	
6310	63	6309	ditch	f-ms m- cs	*	Structural	5	26		Small pieces, areas of flat surface - oxidised	Rom
6312	63	6311	ditch	ms			4	11	*	Small irregular pieces, slightly vesicu;lar - oxidised	Preh
6314	63	6313	ditch	m-cs	*		1	33		Flat oxidised piece with flat surface	preh
6316	63	6315	ditch	ms	*		3	25		Main piece with curving surface - oxidised	preh
6316 <6>	63	6315	ditch	ms			4	1		fragments	preh
6405 <5>	64	6403	oven	ms			40	80	*	Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample: approx. 40 pieces and fragments – oxidised orange and brownish-red	
6406	64	6403	oven	f-ms	*	Structural	19	490		Fine-medium sand fabric with occasional small stones; irregular, broken pieces with common voids from poor wedging and/or some burnt-out organic material? – oxidised, One piece with slight curning surface – oxidised with darker surface	
6504 <4>	64	6503	ditch	ms			40	246		Small very broken-up pieces from processing bulk soil sample: approx. 40 pieces and fragments – oxidised brownish-red	

Table 8 Struck flint by contextKey: (HH)=hard hammer strike

Context	Tr	Feature	Context type	Struck Flint No.	Struck Flin Wt(g)	t Description	Notes	Spot date
0001			unstratified	3	64	All thick pieces: one core piece, one thick secondary flake (HH), one possible shatter piece		Preh - later prehistoric?
0002			unstratified	8	78	One scraper tool made with abrupt retouch along the side of a tertiary flake (HH); six other small-medium flakes, (both secondary and primary) some (HH) one with small modified notch on edge; one natural stone piece		Preh – Neo-BA?
0806	8	0805	ditch	4	13	Scraper made on secondary fake, although much of dorsal surface is cortex, battered striking area, retouch mostly around distal end, two small secondary flakes, one long thin triangular section flake		Preh – Neo-BA?
0812	8	0811	ditch	2	4	Small tertiary flake/snapped blade, one natural stone piece		Preh
0813	8	0811	ditch	6	101	One small secondary flake with previous flake removal and several moderately large shatter pieces		One preh?
0903	9	0902	pit	1	5	Small secondary flake,	Possibly a natural piece?	Natural?
1305	13	1303	ditch	1	4	Small tertiary flake		Preh
1408	14	1407	pit	1	2	Small secondary (blade-like) flake (HH)		Preh
1510	15	1509	ditch	1	12	Thick, crude secondary flake (HH)		
1806	18	1805	ditch	1	6	Secondary, broad flake with thickly corticated striking platform		Preh
3406	34	3405	ditch	1	19	Large secondary flake in light grey flint		Preh
4304	43	4303	ditch	8	103	One large broken secondary flake with modification/use wear along one edge, three small secondary and tertiary flakes, two other flake pieces and two larger shatter pieces		Preh
4305	43	4303	ditch	2	7	Secondary flake, previous flake removals; one small flint stone piece (natural)		Preh
4308	43	4307	ditch	2	4	Snapped tertiary flake, small secondary flake		Preh

Context	Tr	Feature	Context type	Struck Flint No.	Struck Flint Wt(g)	Description	Notes	Spot date
4708 <14>	47	4707	ditch	1	2	Small primary flake		Natural?
5104	51	5103	pit	2	3	Two small flint flake pieces, one partly heat affected		Preh?
5601	56		deposit	1	30	Natural flint stone		natural
5807	58	5806	ditch	1	7	Primary flake from edge of corticated stone/cobble		Preh?
6310	63		deposit	1	7	Tertiary flake, broken?, with previous flake removals on dorsal face		Preh
6600	66		deposit	1	6	Small thick tertiary flake, abrupt retouch/use wear on one edge, possible small crude scraper?	Scraper?	Preh
7012	70	7011	pit	1	5	Crude secondary flake (HH)	Shatter piece?	Preh?
7405	74	7403	ditch	3	49	Large thick crude secondary flake (HH) and one small secondary flake; one natural piece		preh
7505	75	7505	ditch	3	66	One primary flake with plunge fracture (HH), large thick secondary flake (HH) one shatter piece		preh
7508	75	7506	ditch	2	25	Thick crude tertiary flake in pale grey flint with broad striking platform, secondary flake/shatter piece?		Preh
7804 <3>	78	7803	pit	3	8	Crude flake with patinated dorsal face and two small flakes/spalls	Possibly natural?	Natural?
8202 <1>	82		deposit	38	210	Group of small and medium sized primary and secondary flakes, mostly HH struck with some small spall-like pieces	Some possible flint working debris?	
8405	84	8403	ditch	1	11	Secondary flake with modified? striking platform		Preh
8405 <12>	84	8403	ditch	3	4	Small stone falkes	Natural	Natural
8600	86		deposit	1	10	Secondary flake with heavily battered edges		Preh
8605	86	8604	gully	2	4	Small secondary and tertiary flakes, thin, small striking platforms		Preh

Table 9 Heat-altered stones

Key: SQ=sandstone/quartzite

Ctxt	Tr	Part of Feature/ layer	F/L type	Find type	No	Wt/g	Mostly burnt/ calcined flint	Mostly heat discoloured flint	Description/ comments	Associated finds dating
0810	8	0809	pit	flint	1	32		*	Possibly just natural un-affected stone	preh
0812	8	0811	ditch	flint	1	6				Rom
0812 <12>	8	0811	ditch	flint	1	1		*	fragment	Rom
0812 <12>	8	0811	ditch	SQ	3	240			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rom
0813	8	0811	ditch	flint	4	73				Rom
0903	9	0902	pit	flint	2	24	*	*		Preh?
0903 <11>	9	0902	pit	flint	4	12	*	*		
1408 <13>	14	1407	pit	flint	1	5		*		preh
1528	15	1525	ditch	SQ	1	252				Rom
1806	18	1805	ditch	flint	2	57		*		preh
4304	43	4303	ditch	flint	25	267	*			preh
4305	43	4303	ditch	flint	15	185	*			preh
4306	43	4303	ditch	flint	3	37	*			
4306	43	4303	ditch	SQ	1	25	*			
4306 <9>	43	4303	ditch	flint	24	66	*			
4308	43	4307	ditch	flint	4	38	*			preh
5504	55	5503	ditch	flint	6	9	*			Rom
5719 <10>	57	5717	oven	flint	25	111		*	Mostly heat discoloured	Rom
6316	63	6315	ditch	Flint	3	7	*			preh
6405 <5>	64	6403	oven	Flint	3	2		*		
6504 <4>	64	6503	ditch	flint	4	15		*		
7004	70	7003	ditch	flint	1	14	*			
7012	70	7011	pit	flint	2	25		*		preh
7405	74	7403	ditch	flint	5	117		*		Preh
7505	75	7505	ditch	flint	24	127	*			preh
7508	75	7506	ditch	flint	14	343	*			preh
7804	78	7803	pit	SQ	3	43				preh

Ctxt	Tr	Part of Feature/ layer	F/L type	Find type	No	Wt/g	Mostly burnt/ calcined flint	Mostly heat discoloured flint	Description/ comments	Associated finds dating
7804 <3>	78	7803	pit	flint	10	78		*		
8405 <2>	84	8403	ditch	flint	30	54		*	Stone fragments	Rom
8505	85	8503	pit	SQ	11	284				Preh
8505 <1>	85	8503	pit	flint	10	94		*	Some frags of burnt stone (SQ)	Preh

Table 10 Slag

Ctxt	Tr	Part of Feature/ layer	F/L type	No	Wt/g	Туре	Description	Associated finds dating
0404	4	0403	ditch	3	51	Medium fe	Medium slag, iron based	
1408	14	1407	pit	6	222	Medium fe	Medium slag, iron based, one piece adhering to sandy fired clay	preh
1408 <13>	14			14	76	Medium fe	Medium slag, iron based	preh
1510	15	1509	ditch	3	646	Medium- heavy fe	Medium-heavy iron based slag, one piece dia c. 80mm with rounded base, small but possibly a smithing hearth base	Rom
1528	15	1525	ditch	1	681	Heavy fe	Lump of heavy iron based slag, charcoal present in soil on surface	Rom
4304	43	4303	ditch	1	3	Light/glassy	Light glassy slag	Preh

Table 11 Registered finds (RA)

RA	Ctxt	Feature	Object	Material	Finds	Fragment	Weight	Description	Depth	Width	Lgth.	Dia.	Period
No.	No.		Name		Category	Count	(g)		mm	mm	mm	mm	
1	8412	ditch	Quern	Stone	но	72	76.7	Fragments of lava quernstone. The stone is grey and vesicular. There are no obvious tooling marks on the larger pieces; one of which has been measured.	24.2	19.1	27.8		Roman- ?medieval
2	0800	topsoil	Coin	Copper alloy	СТЈ	1	4.9	Worn and corroded discoidal shaped object. Possibly a button or coin.	1.3			27	Modern?

3	0900	topsoil	Coin	Copper alloy	СТЈ	1	15.6	Incomplete worn and corroded coin, with damaged flan edge. Obv: raised bust facing right. Rev: possibly standing figure. Possibly a 1st - 2nd century denomination such as As, dupondius or sestertius.	3.6			32	Roman
4	2000	topsoil	Weight and coins	Composite		3	203.9	Conical lead weight in poor condition with central suspension bar visible in the base: H:29mm, D:37.9mm; W: 191.3g. Copper alloy coin worn and corroded with no visible detail: D:2 mm Dia: 28mm; W: 8.5g. Copper alloy Georgian coin: obv: bust left, GEORGIVS []. Rev: seated Britannia, BRITAN []. D:1.7mm, Diam: 22.5mm; W: 4g					Post- medieval
5	2101	subsoil	Shot	Lead	MW	2	20.2	Two complete spherical shot with casting lines visible around their circumference. The largest shot has an indentation from use; it measures Dia: 13.8mm and weighs 13.6g. It is likely 18th century pistol shot. The small shot measures Diam: 10.5mm and weighs 6.5g. This too could be later pistol shot.					Post- medieval
6	3800	topsoil	Buckle	Copper alloy	DA	1	6.4	An incomplete double loop annular buckle with decorative frame; D-shaped in cross-section with the reverse of the buckle being flat. One of the loops has two oblique projections. Missing pin. Date: c. 1400 - 1500.	2.6	29.5	37.5		Early post- medieval
7	4100	topsoil	Jetton	Copper alloy	СТЈ	1	2.9	Worn and corroded Nuremberg jetton of the Rose and Orb type. Detail missing from the faces and from the legend. 15th century in date.	1			26	Post- medieval

8	4600	topsoil	Mount	Silver	UN	1	0.3	Fragment of a discoidal silver object with upturned rim. The reverse has two slight grooves, possibly damage. The front is decorated with a panel of cross-hatching and gilding. Possibly a belt or casket mount?	0.6	9.4	9.3		Med - Post- med
9	1200	topsoil	Coin	Silver	СТЈ	1	0.5	Worn, hammered long-cross half penny with damage to edges, minted in London. Possibly for Edward I (1279 - 1307). Obv: worn forward facing crowned bust, crown has trifoliate side fleurs. Initial mark is a cross pattee followed by EDW []D []. Rev: Long cross with 3 pellets in each quarter, legend CIVI/TAS/LON/DON	0.5			15	Medieval
10	5601	subsoil	Terret ring	Copper alloy	EO	1	7.1	An incomplete harness fitting terret ring of late Iron Age to Roman date, c.100 BC - AD 100. The terret is of the 'simple' type, comprising a rectangular basal strap loop flanked by raised sub-ovate collars. The remains of an ovate loop extends either side of the collars, both arms of which have an ovate section and taper to worn breaks.	5.8	8.9	41.7		Late Iron Age
11	5601	subsoil	Strap end	Copper alloy		1	12.6	Elongate, moulded object with reel and bead elements that finish with a knob, that has a hole in the top. The lower edge of the knob is decorated with a row of oblique notches. The terminal opposite the knob is rectangular in section and bifurcated.	12.2	12.1	53.9		Roman
12	1517	ditch	Coin	Copper alloy	СТЈ	1	0.77	Worn and corroded 4th century nummus with damage to flan edges for House of Constantine. Obv: bust facing right. Rev: two soldiers with one standard; symbol M on the banner -part of mint mark. In	1.7			15	Roman

								exergue TRP (Trier). Date: AD 335-41, Reece period 17.				
13	1528	ditch	Waste	Lead	UN	1	35.2	Roughly oval shaped lead object; plano- convex in cross section. The exterior surfaces exhibit cracking and some corrosion products.	6.8	39.5	42.5	
14	0001	US	Setting	Glass	UN	1	14.9	Incomplete black glass/obsidian object. It is multi-faceted into a pyramidal shape with flattened apex. The base would have been octagonal; in the centre of the underside there is a rectangular slot containing the remains of a copper alloy fixing. It could have been used as a setting in a mount.	14.2	25	30.4	
15	8603	ditch	vessel	Glass	НО	1	0.08	Thin fragment of colourless glass, sub- rectangular in plan. No flaking but slight iridescent on the surfaces.	0.4	8.7	14.5	Medieval
16	0903	pit	Nail	Iron	BS	1	2.8	Truncated nail with flat, sub-oval head and tapering shank, square in cross section.	9	10.3	24.8	

Table 12 Animal bone

Ctxt	Tr	Part of Feature/	F/L type	No	Wt/g	Cut marks	Description	Associated finds dating
		layer						
0813	8	0811	ditch	12	13		Fragmented ruminant teeth: size suggests cattle teeth rather	Rom
							than sheep	
0903 <11>	9	0902	pit	4	3		Bone fragments	Preh?
1510	15	1509	ditch	3	1		Fragmented ruminant teeth, small pieces	Rom
1515	15	1515	ditch	33	32		Fragmented ruminant teeth: size suggests cattle teeth rather	Rom
		1515					than sheep	
4712	47	4710	ditch	32	107		Large mammal: two long bone pieces (surfaces corroded),	Rom
							possibly tibia, other log bone pieces	
5504 <8>	55	5503	ditch	1	1		Bone frgament	Rom
6112	61	6111	Post	3	76		Long bone pieces, probably cattle	Rom
		6111	hole					

PLANT MACROFOSSILS AND OTHER MATERIAL FROM SAMPLE PROCESSING (TABLES 12-14):

Table 13 Contexts associated with prehistoric finds

Sample No.	1	3	6	14	
Context No.	8505	7804	6316	4708	
Cut No.	8503	7803	6315	4707	
Feature type	pit	pit	ditch	ditch	
Trench no.	85	78	63	47	
		LBA-	MIA-	LBA-	
Date	BA	EIA	LIA	EIA	
Cereals/other food plants					
<i>Triticum</i> sp. (grains)		#			
Hordeum sp. (grains)				#	
Secale/Avena sp. (grains)				#	
Indent frags (grains)		#	#		
Small legumes			#	#	
Tree/shrub charred					
Corylus avellana L.	##	#			
Sambucus sp.		#			
Weeds/other charred					
?Poaceae (seed)				#	
Polygonum sp.	#				
Weeds/other un-charred					
Rubus sp.	#	xx			
Ploygonum sp. (Rumex?)			#		
Chenopodium sp.		#	#		
Other plant macrofossils					
Charcoal 0-5mm	ХХ	xxx	x	xxx	
Charcoal 5-10mm	XXX	х		XX	
Charcoal >10mm	х			х	

Sample No.	1	3	6	14
Context No.	8505	7804	6316	4708
Non-floating residue				
Charcoal 0-10mm	#	#		##
Ferrous globules/flakes/spheroids				#
Sample volume (litres)	40	40	40	40
Volume of flot (ml)	300	80	10	300
Flot sorted %	30%	25%	100%	30%
C14 suitable material	Y	Y	Y	Y
Species id	Y	Ν	Ν	Ν
Further work	Ν	Р	Ν	Ν

Table 14 Contexts associated with Roman finds

Sample No.	2	8	10
Context No.	8405	5504	5719
Cut No.	8403	5503	5717
Feature type	ditch	ditch	oven
Trench no.	84	55	57
		L3-4	
Date	Rom	С	Rom?
Cereals/other food plants			
Triticum sp. (grains) bread wheat	xx	#	
<i>Triticum</i> (grains)			#
<i>Triticum</i> (grains) <i>Hordeum</i> sp. (grains)	xx		# #
	xx	#	
Hordeum sp. (grains)	xx xx	#	#

Sample No.	2	8	10
Context No.		5504	5719
Weeds/other charred			
?Poaceae (seed)	#	#	#
?Brassica sp.			#
Weeds/other un-charred			
Thlaspi arvense L.	#		
Fallopia convolvulus L.	#		
? <i>Rumex</i> sp.	#		
? <i>Carex</i> sp.	#		
Chenopodium sp.		#	
?Legume/?Pisum sp.			#
Other plant macrofossils			
Charcoal 0-5mm	хх	xxx	ххх
Charcoal 5-10mm	хх	х	х
Charcoal >10mm		х	
Vitrified organic material			#
Other materials			
Small animal bones		#	
Non-floating residue			
Charcoal 0-10mm	#	##	
Sample volume (litres)	40	40	40
Volume of flot (ml)	100	80	60
Flot sorted %	50%	62%	50%
C14 suitable material	Y	Y	Yw
Species id	Y	Ν	Υ
Further work	Y	Ν	N

Sample No.	4		5	7	9	11	12	13
Context No.	6404	6404	6405	6114	4306	0903	0812	1408
Cut No.	6403	6405	6403	6113	4303	0902	0811	1407
Feature type	oven	oven	oven	crem	ditch	ditch	ditch	pit
Trench no.	64	64	64	61	43	9	8	14
Date	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN
Cereals/other food plants								
<i>Triticum</i> sp. (grains)	#					#		
Secale/Avena sp. (grains)						#		
Indent frags (grains)			#				#	
Pisum sp.	#							
Tree/shrub charred								
Corylus avellana L.						#		#
Weeds/other charred								
?Poaceae (seed)								#
Weeds/other un-charred								
Chenopodium sp.				#				
Fallopia convolvulus L.				#				
Mercurialis annua L.				#				
Veronica sp.							#	
Solanum sp.								#
Other plant macrofossils								
Charcoal 0-5mm	xx	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	xxx	ххх	xxx
Charcoal 5-10mm	x	ххх	хх	х	хх	хх	х	x
Charcoal >10mm	хх	xxx	х					
Other materials								

Table 15 Contexts either undated or not associated with closely dated finds

Sample No.	4		5	7	9	11	12	13
Context No.	6404	6404	6405	6114	4306	0903	0812	1408
Burnt bone				#				
Animal bone frags							#	
Non-floating residue								
Charcoal 0-10mm			#	xxx	##			
Charcoal 10-50mm	х			x				
Ferrous globules/flakes/spheroids								x
Sample volume (litres)	20	20	20	40	40	20	40	20
Volume of flot (ml)	200	1000	80	200	100	100	30	50
Flot sorted %	50%	10%	62%	50%	50%	50%	100%	80%
C14 suitable material	Y	Yw	N	Y	Yw	Yw	Ν	Ν
Species id	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Ν	N
Further work	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N

A47 Blofield to North Burlingham: Archaeological Evaluation

APPENDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM

To be completed

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

List of Projects | Manage Projects | Search Projects | New project | Change your details | HER coverage | Change country | Log out

Printable version

OASIS ID: cotswold2-402836

Project details

Project name	A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk	
Short description of the project	A trial trench evaluation (92 trenches excavated) in advance of road improvement works along the A47 in Norfolk. Evidence of multi-period occupation was encountered, principally Roman dated features suggesting nearby settlement or occupation. Also more sparse evidence of prehistoric activity.	
Project dates	Start: 05-05-2020 End: 05-07-2020	
Previous/future work	No / Not known	
Any associated project reference codes	ENF148862 - HER event no.	
Any associated project reference codes	NWHCM 2020:103 - Museum accession ID	
Type of project	Field evaluation	
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 4 - Character Undetermined	
Monument type	PIT Early Bronze Age	
Monument type	DITCH Roman	
Significant Finds	BOWL Middle Neolithic	
Significant Finds	BEAKER Early Bronze Age	
Methods & techniques	"Sample Trenches", "Targeted Trenches"	
Development type	Road scheme (new and widening)	
Prompt	National Planning Policy Framework - NPPF	
Position in the planning process	Between deposition of an application and determination	

Project location

Country	England
Site location	NORFOLK BROADLAND BLOFIELD A47 Blofield to North Burlingham
Postcode	NR34 4SU

OASIS FORM - Print view

Study area	64 Hectares
Site coordinates	TG 358 099 52.63499121744 1.48521999522 52 38 05 N 001 29 06 E Point

Project creators

r reject creators		
Name of Organisation	Cotswold Archaeology	
Project brief originator	SWECO	
Project design originator	Rhodri Gardner	
Project director/manager	Rhodri Gardner	
Project supervisor	Simon Picard	
Type of sponsor/funding body	Highways Agency	
Name of sponsor/funding body	Galliford Try	

Project archives

Physical Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Physical Archive ID	NWHCM: 2020.103
Physical Contents	"Animal Bones","Ceramics","Environmental","Human Bones","Worked stone/lithics","other"
Digital Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Digital Archive ID	NWHCM: 2020.103
Digital Contents	"Animal Bones","Ceramics","Environmental","Human Bones","Stratigraphic","Survey","Worked stone/lithics","other"
Digital Media	"Database","GIS","Images raster / digital photography","Spreadsheets","Survey","Text"
Paper Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Paper Archive ID	NWHCM: 2020.103
Paper Contents	"Animal Bones","Ceramics","Environmental","Human Bones","Stratigraphic","Survey","Worked stone/lithics","other"
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Diary","Drawing","Map","Photograph","Plan","Report","Section","Survey ","Unpublished Text"
Project bibliography 1	
	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

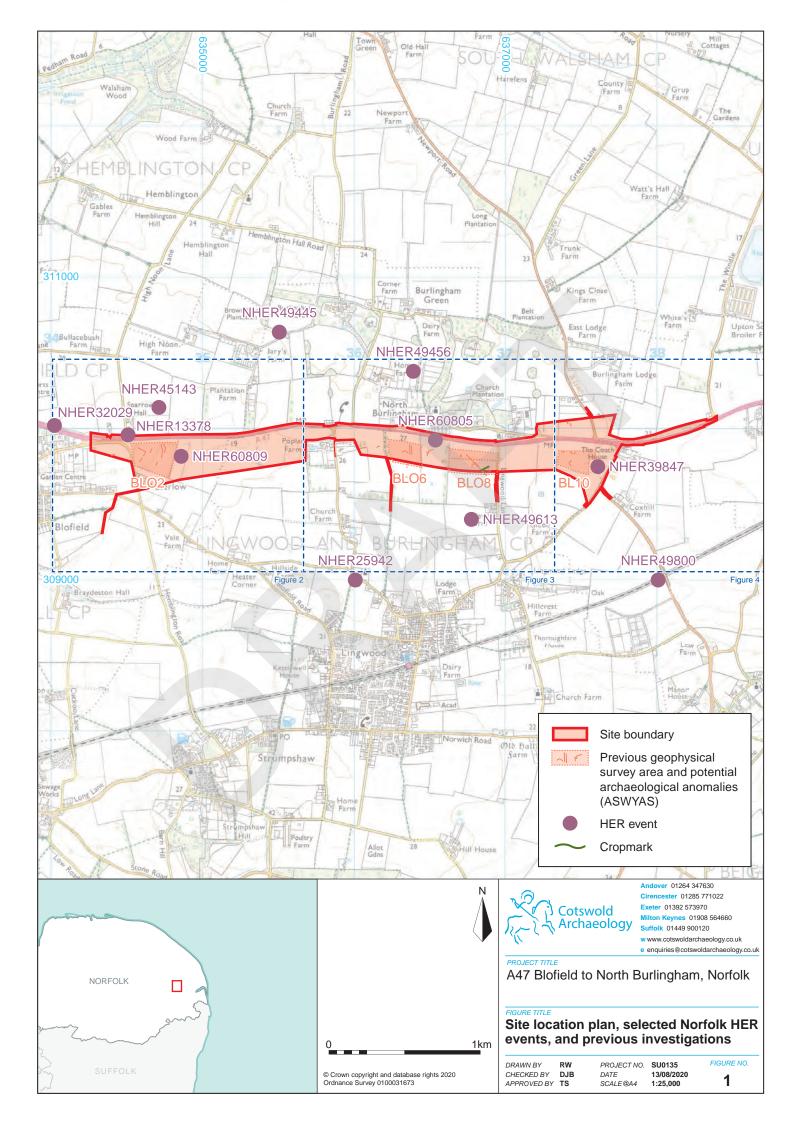
Title A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk. Archaeological Evaluation.

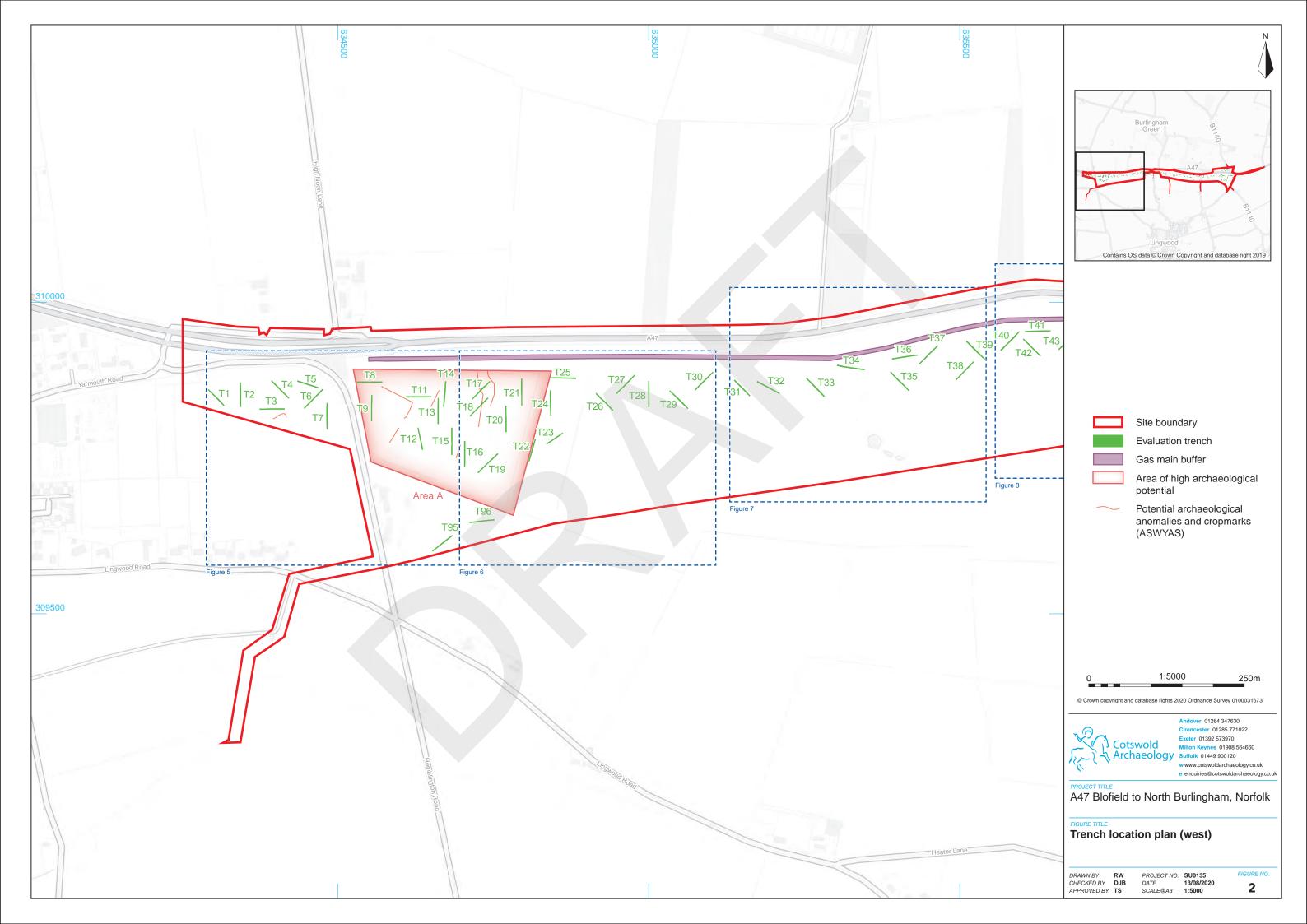
OASIS FORM - Print view

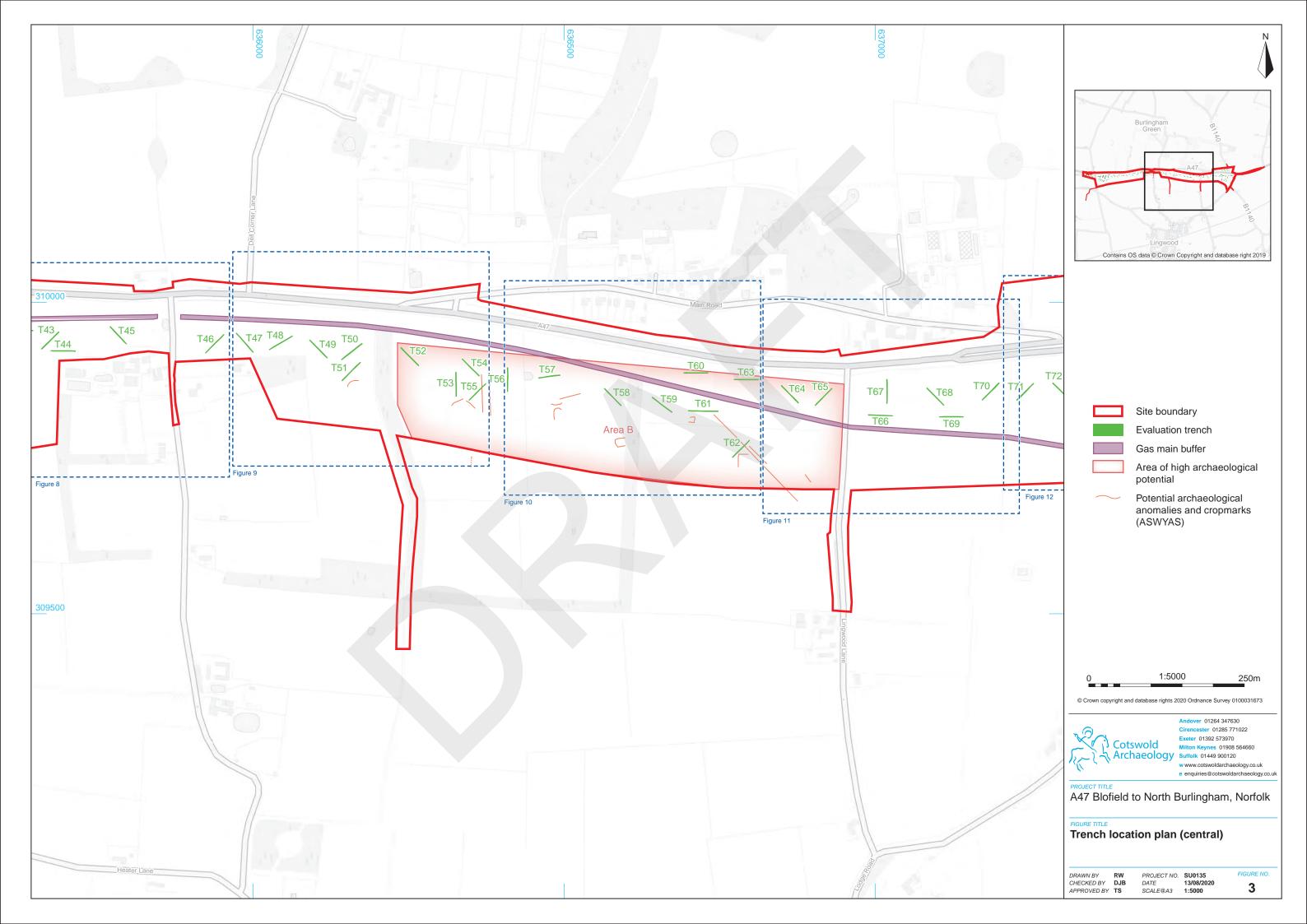
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Entered by	Rhodri Gardner (rhodri.gardner@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk)
Entered on	4 September 2020

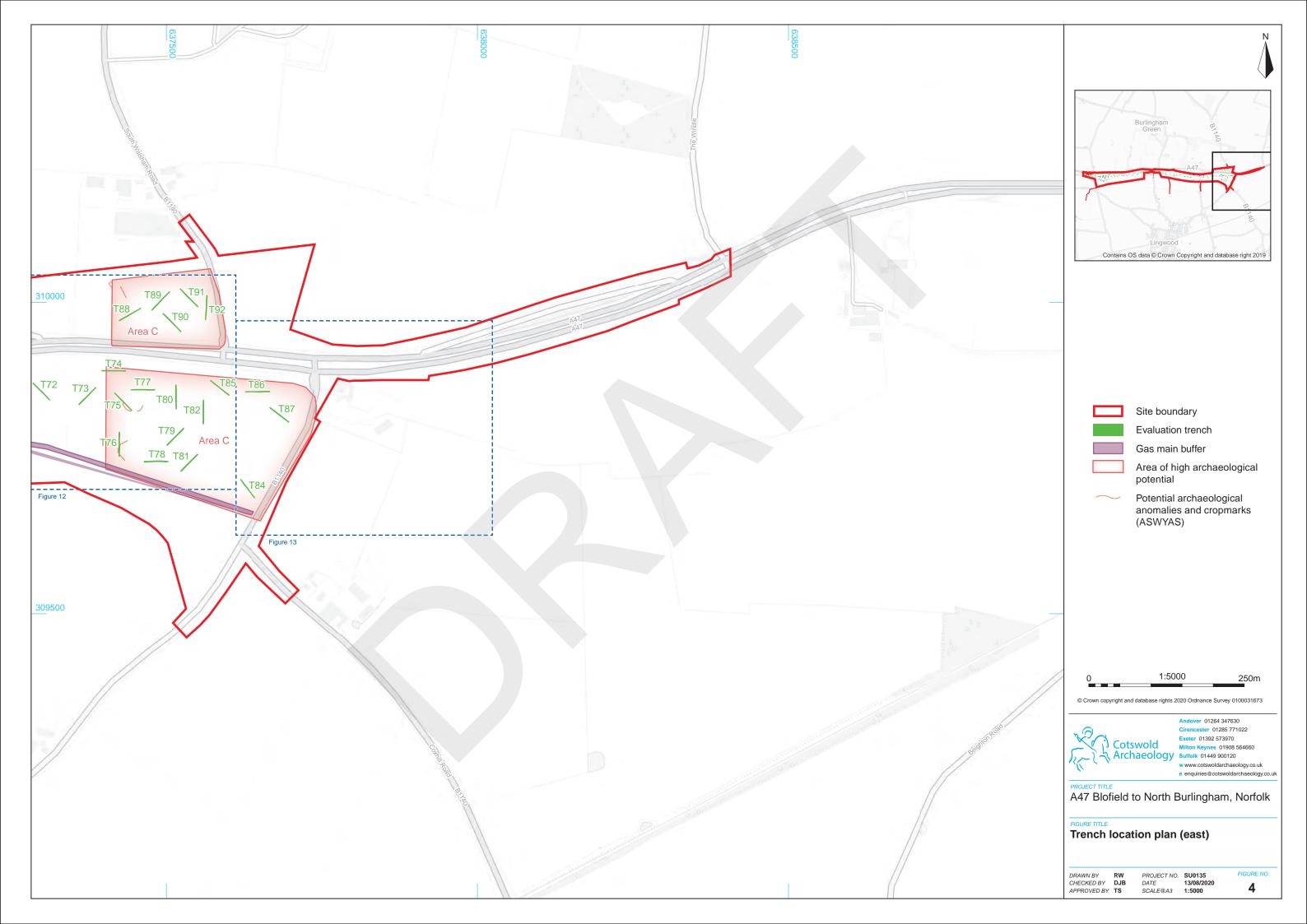
Please e-mail Historic England for OASIS help and advice © ADS 1996-2012 Created by Jo Gilham and Jen Mitcham, email Last modified Wednesday 9 May 2012 Cite only: http://www.oasis.ac.uk/form/print.cfm for this page

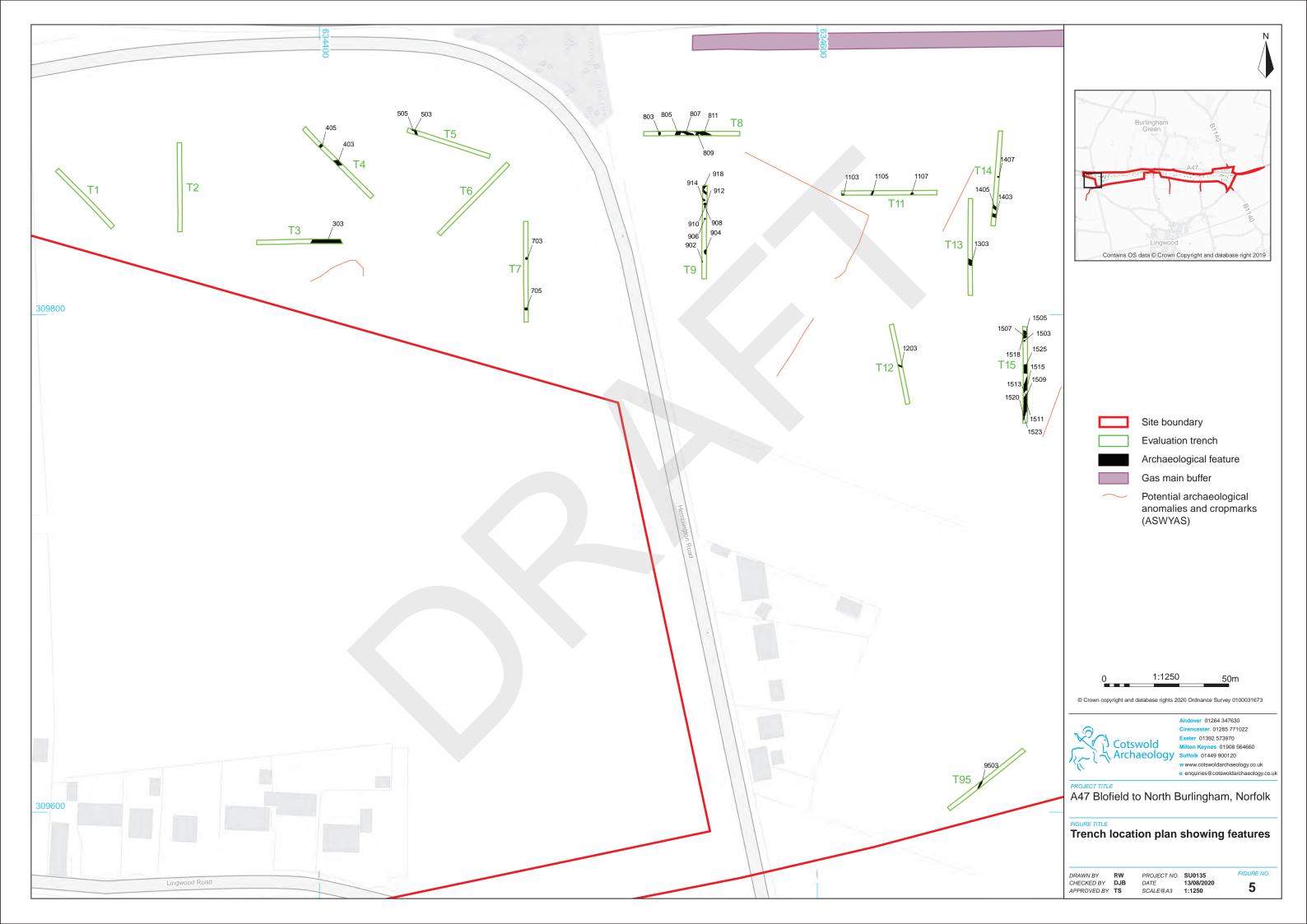
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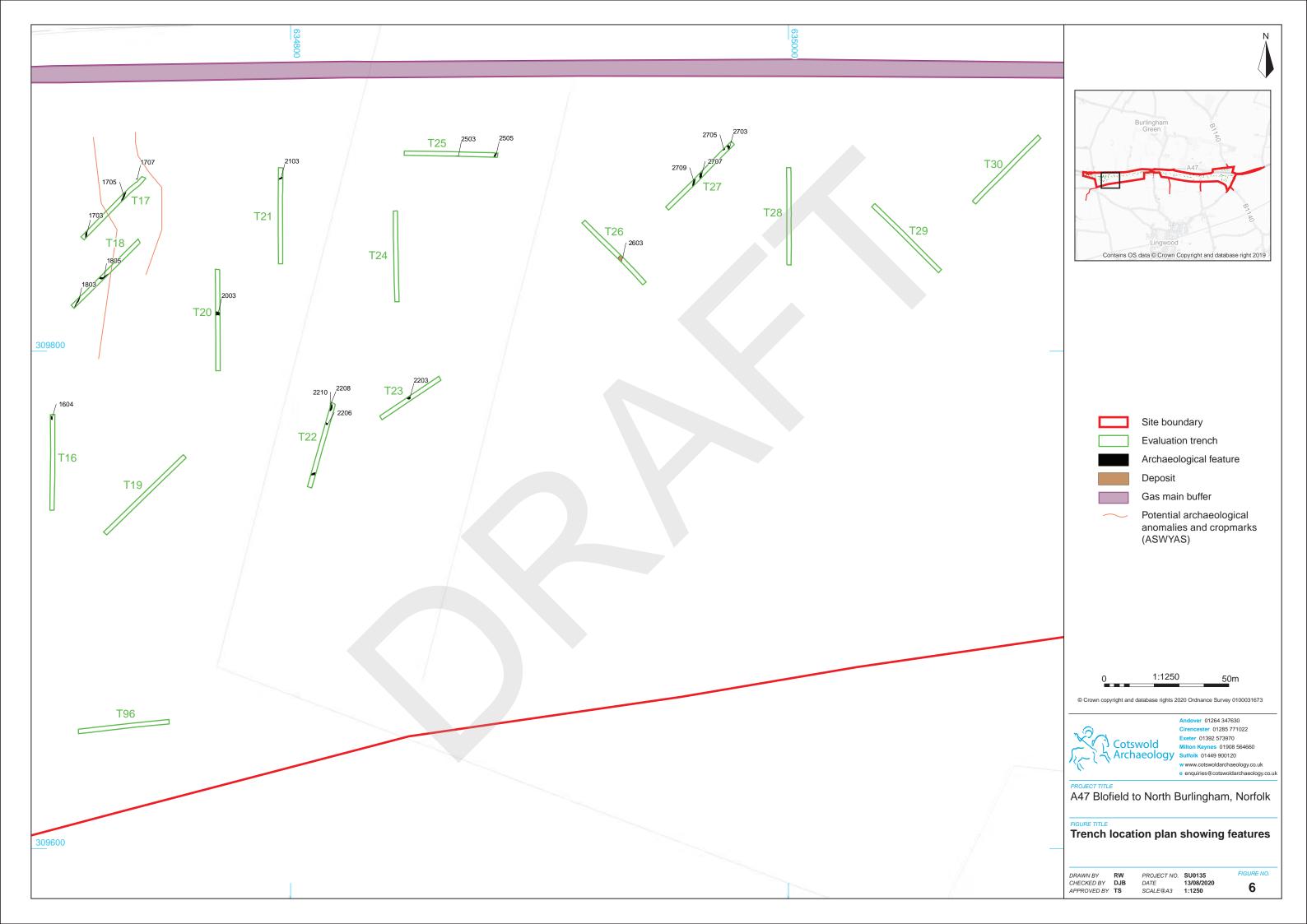


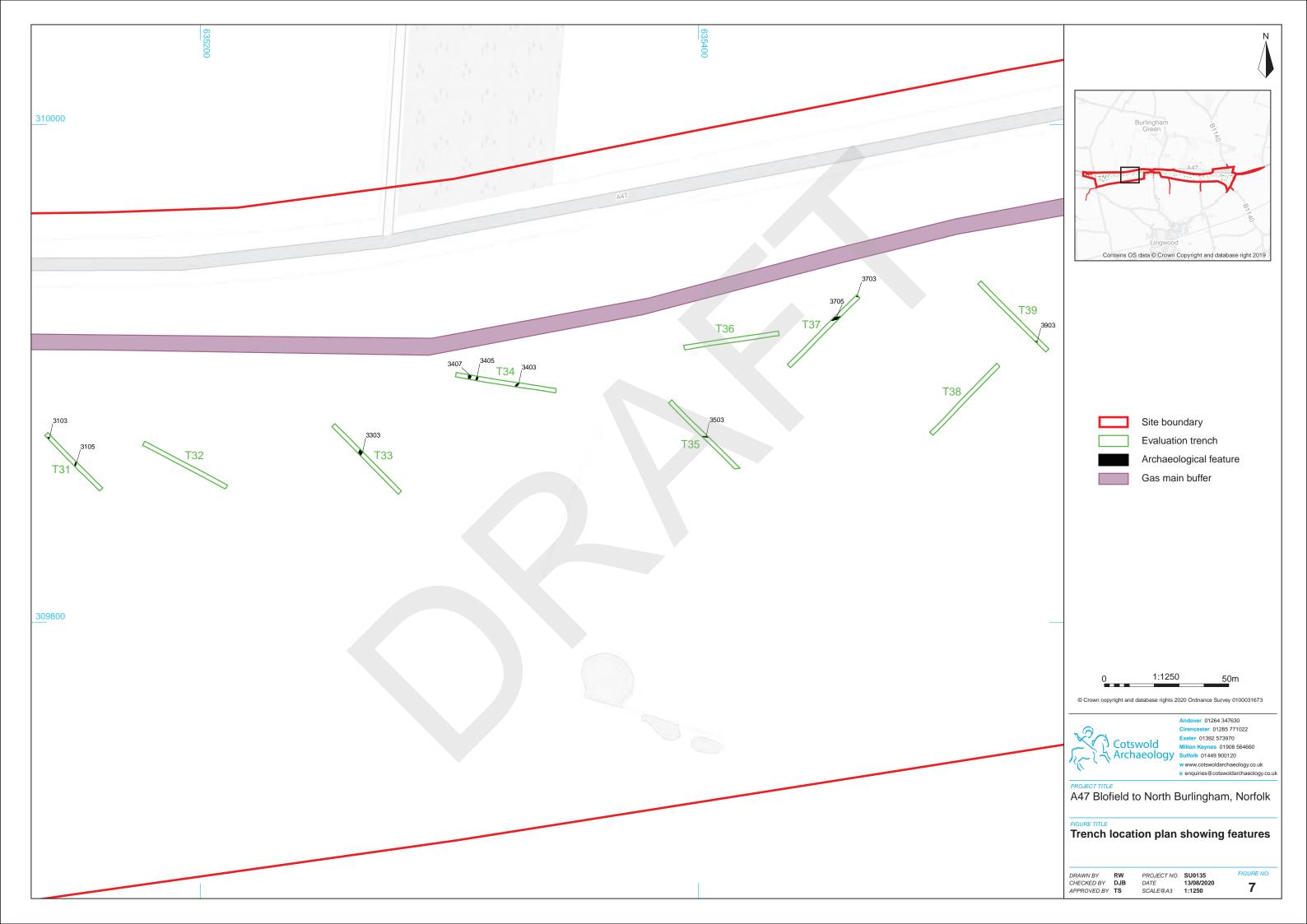


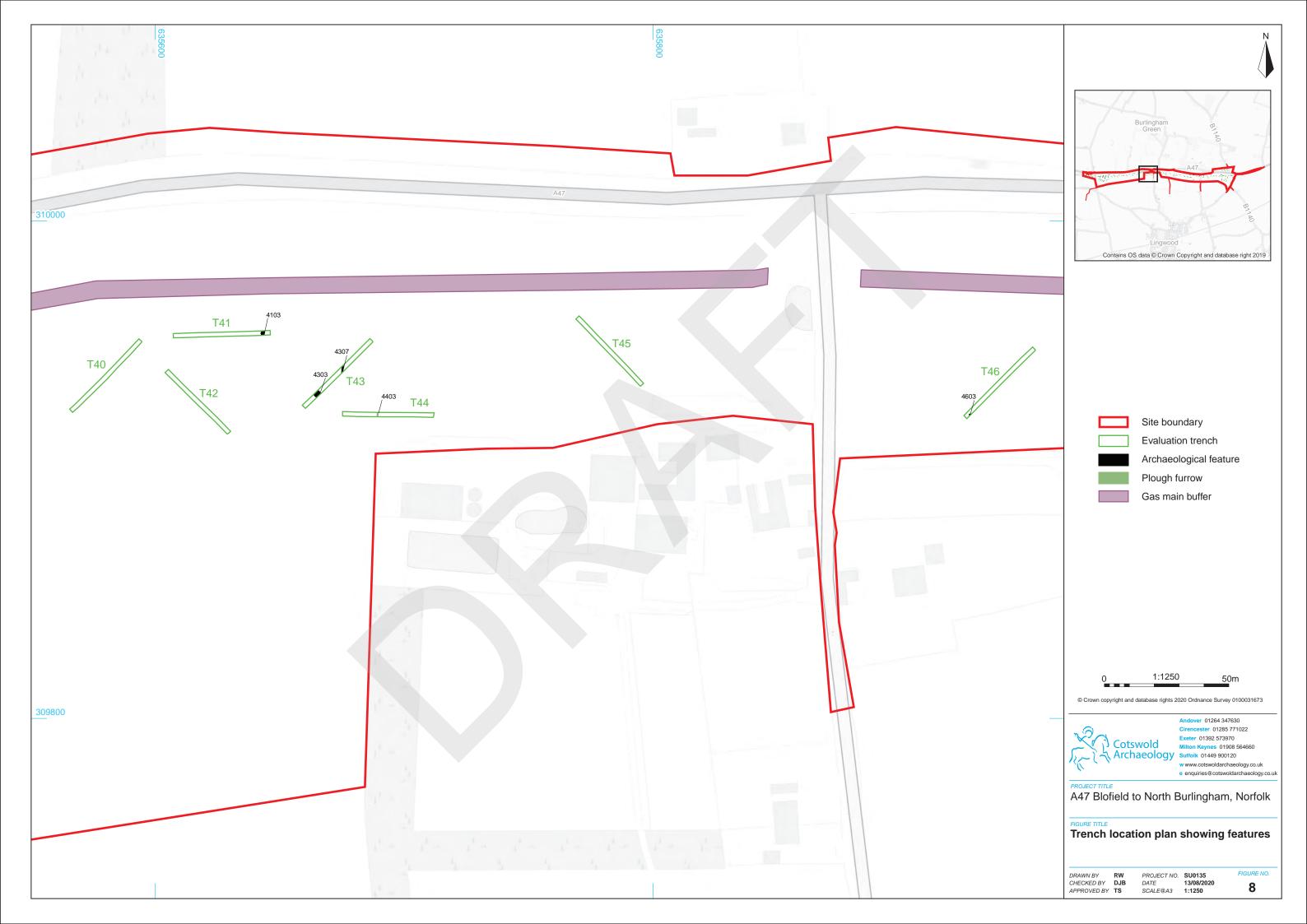


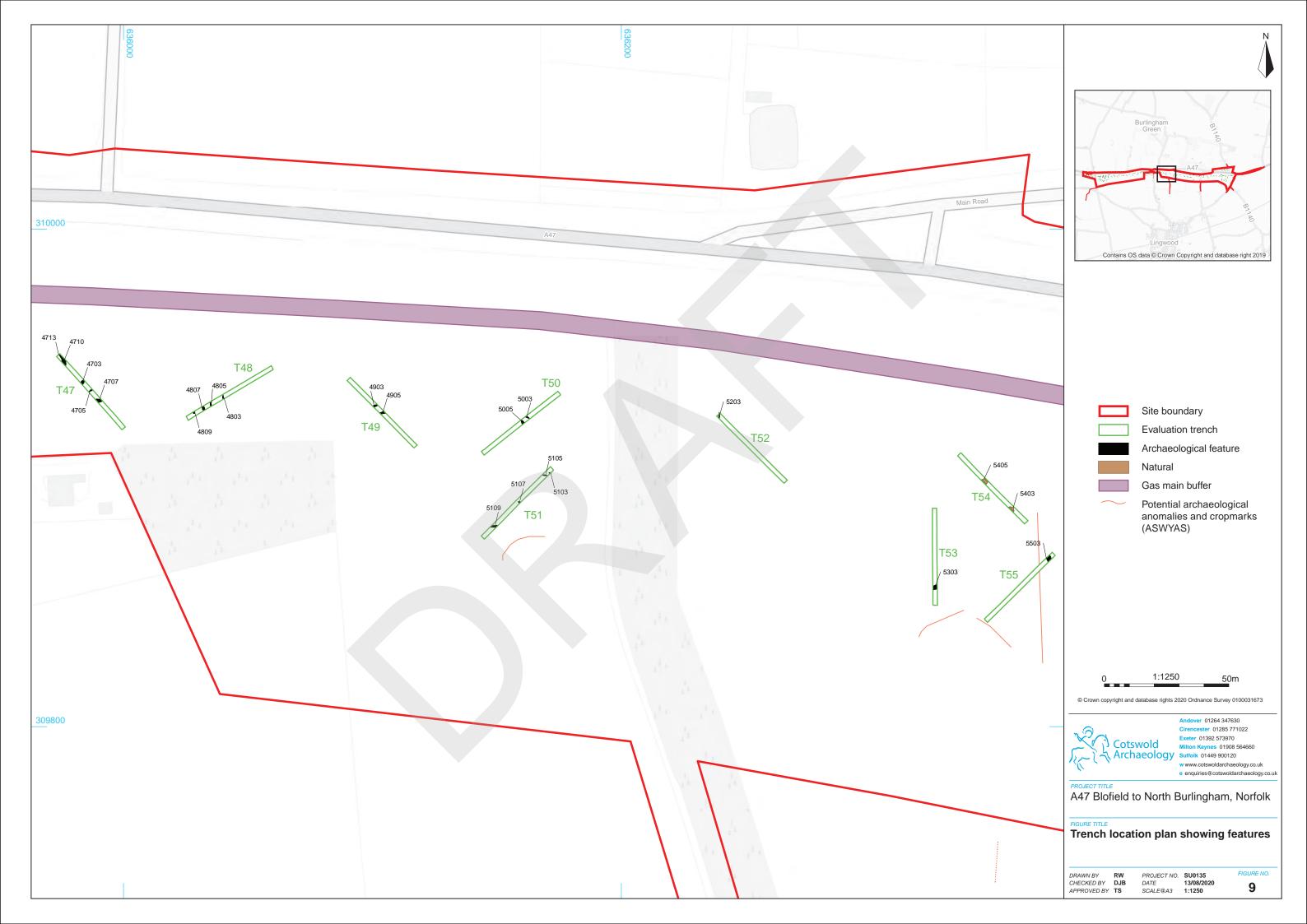


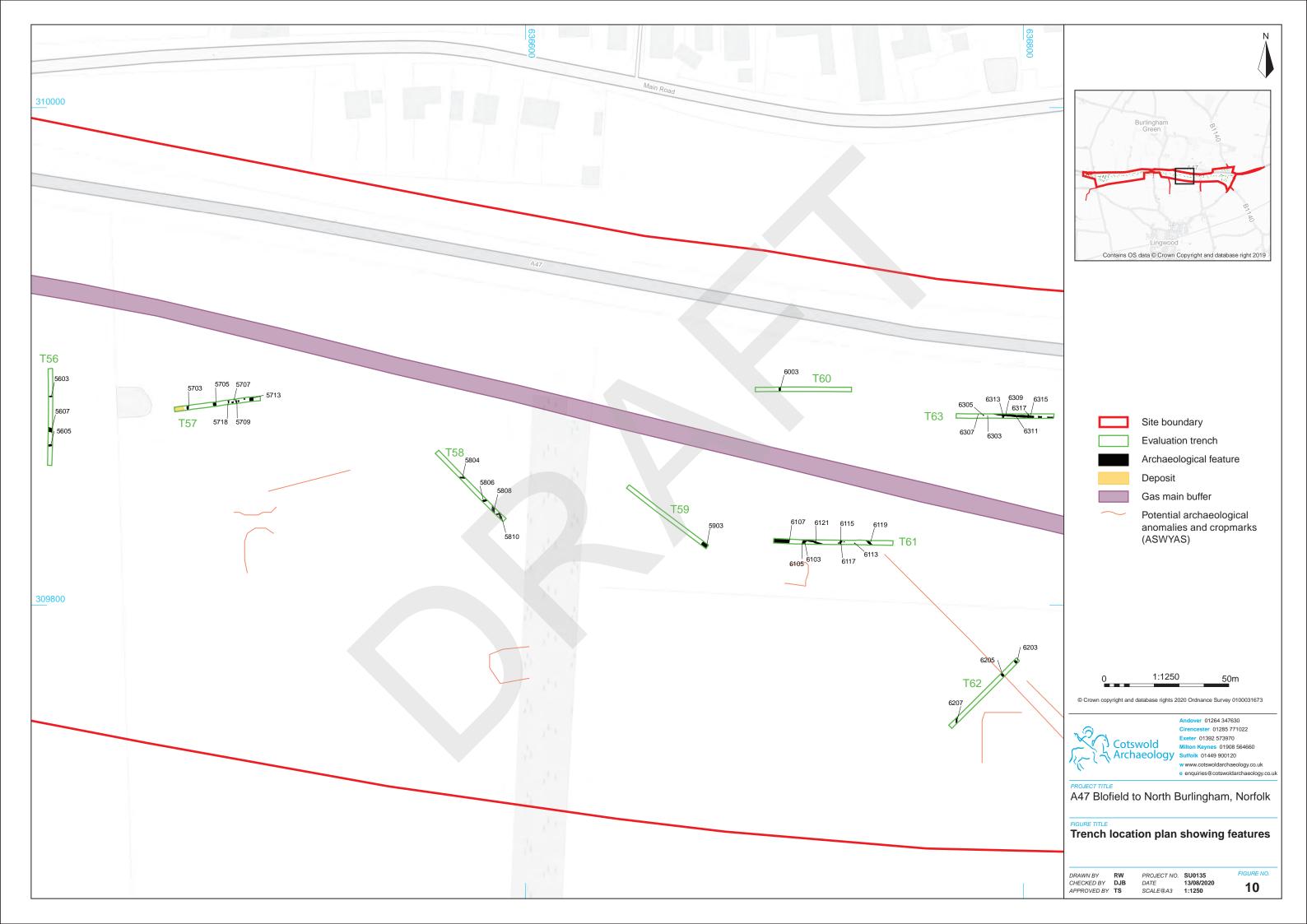




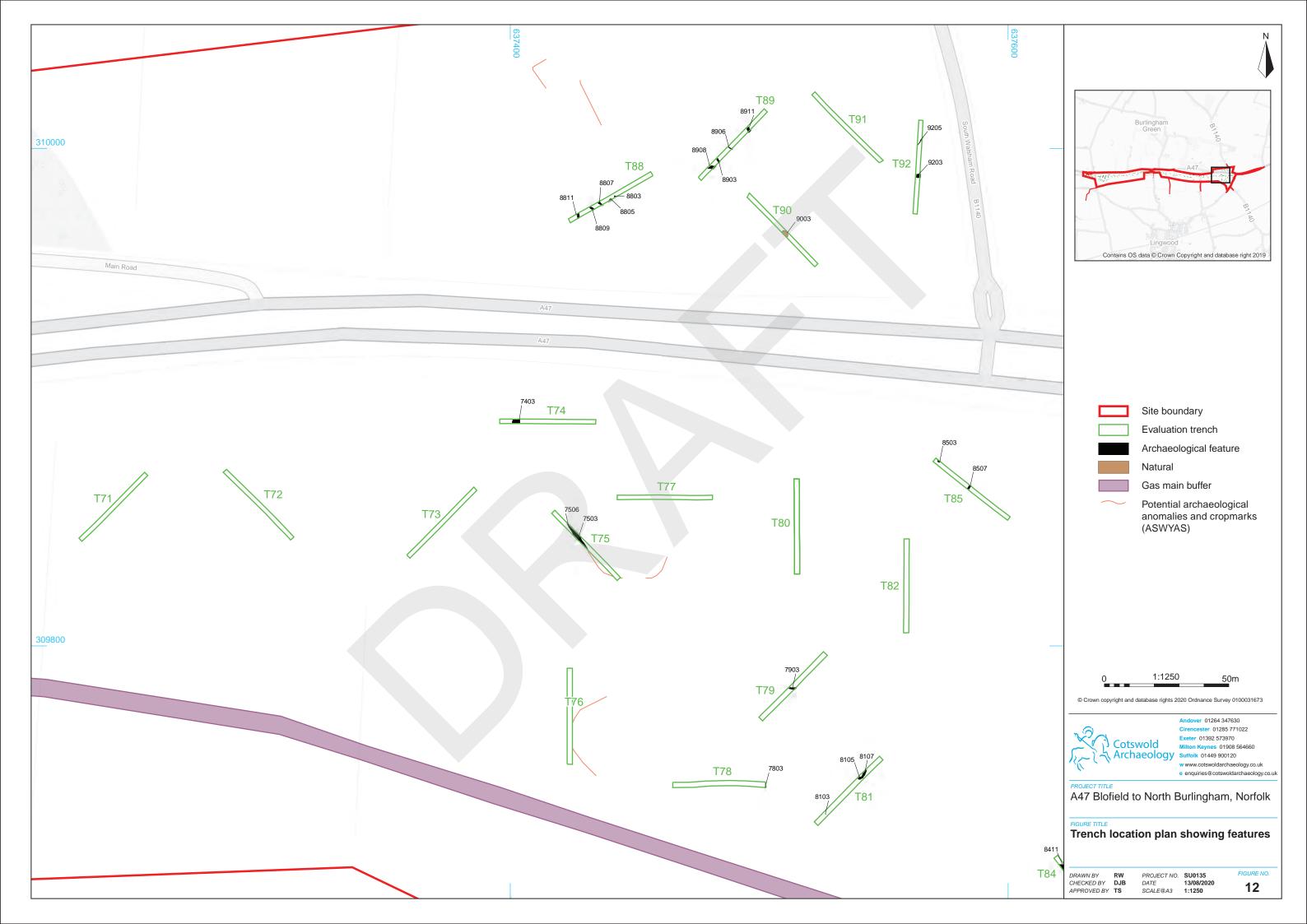


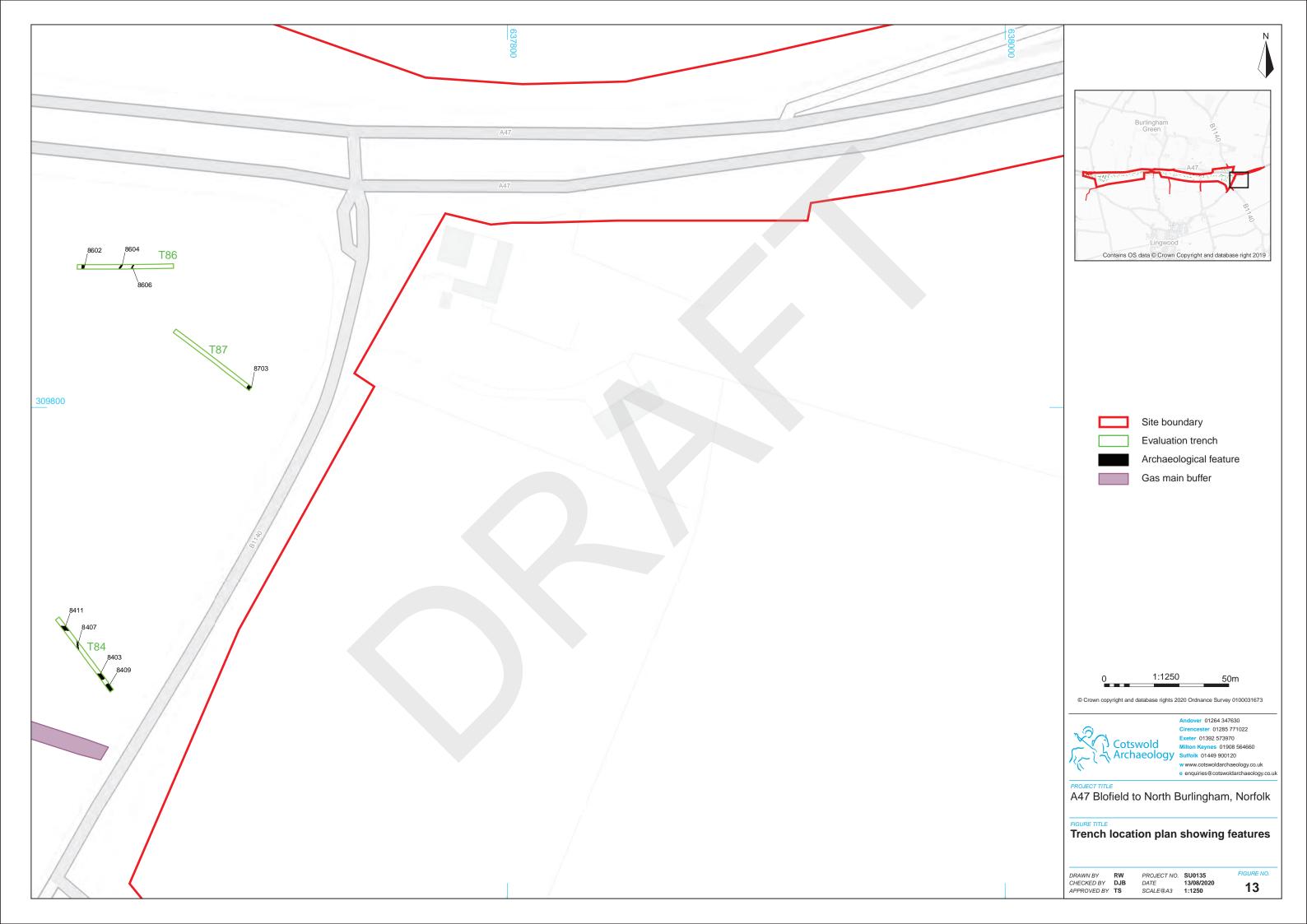


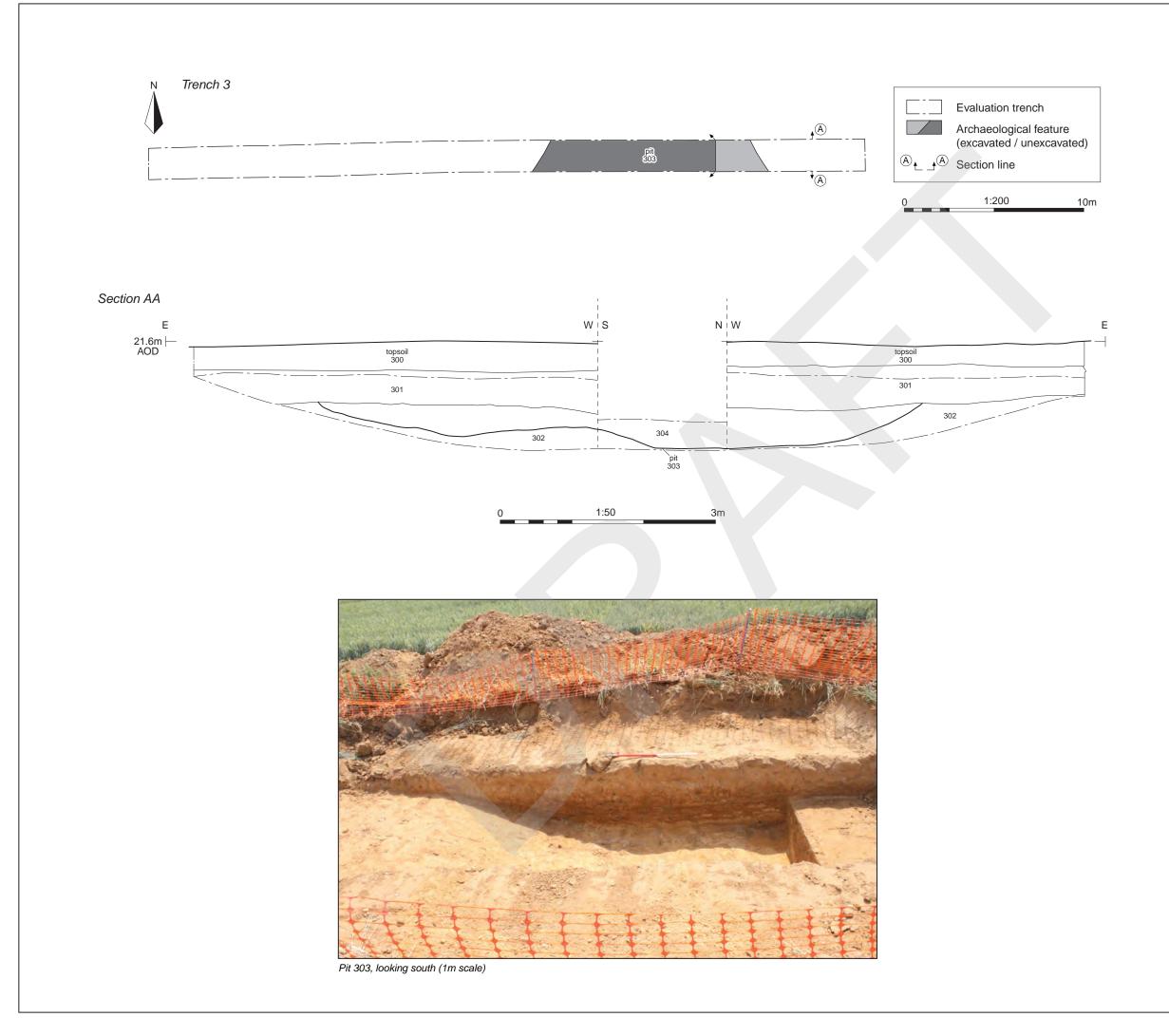














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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

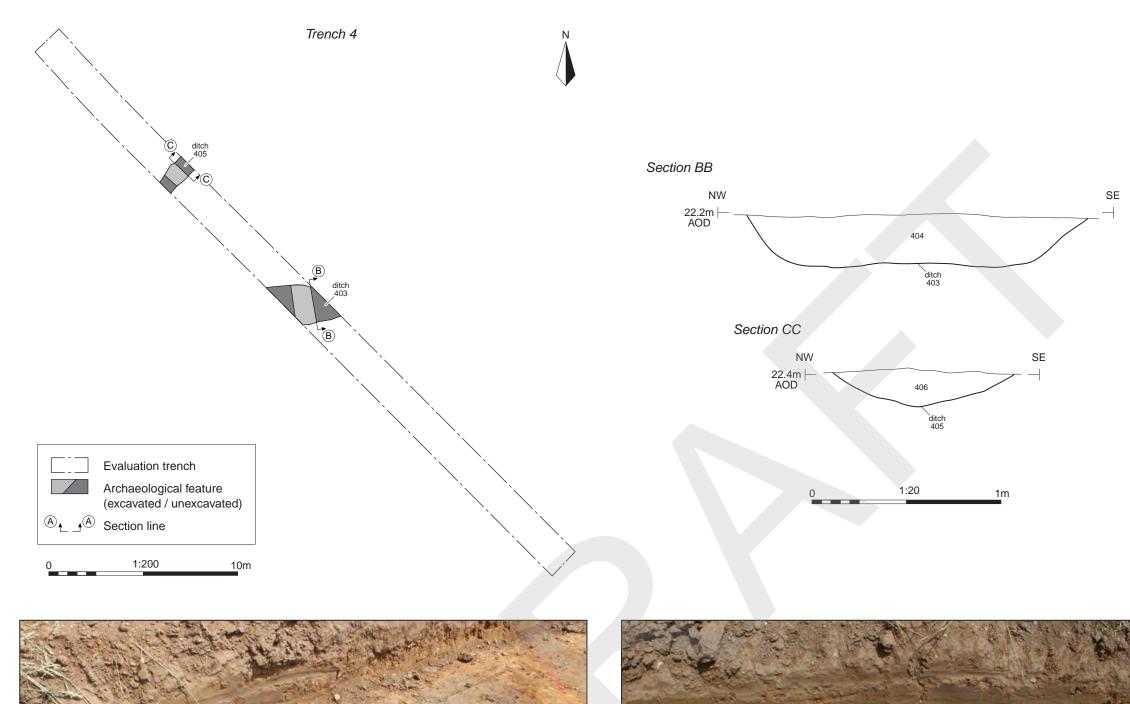
FIGURE TITLE Trench 3: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 0403, looking north-east (1m scale)



Ditch 0405, looking north-east (1m scale)



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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

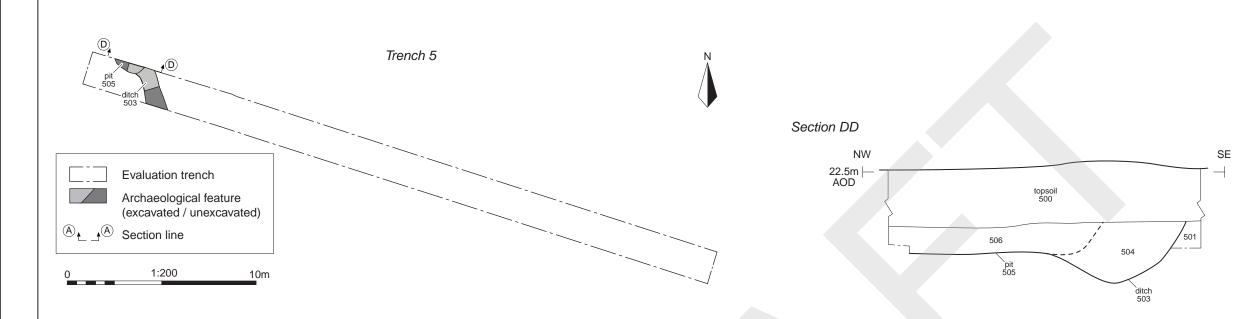
FIGURE TITLE Trench 4: plan, sections and photographs

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 1:200, 1:20





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1m

Pit 505 (left) and ditch 503 (right), looking north-east (1m scale)



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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

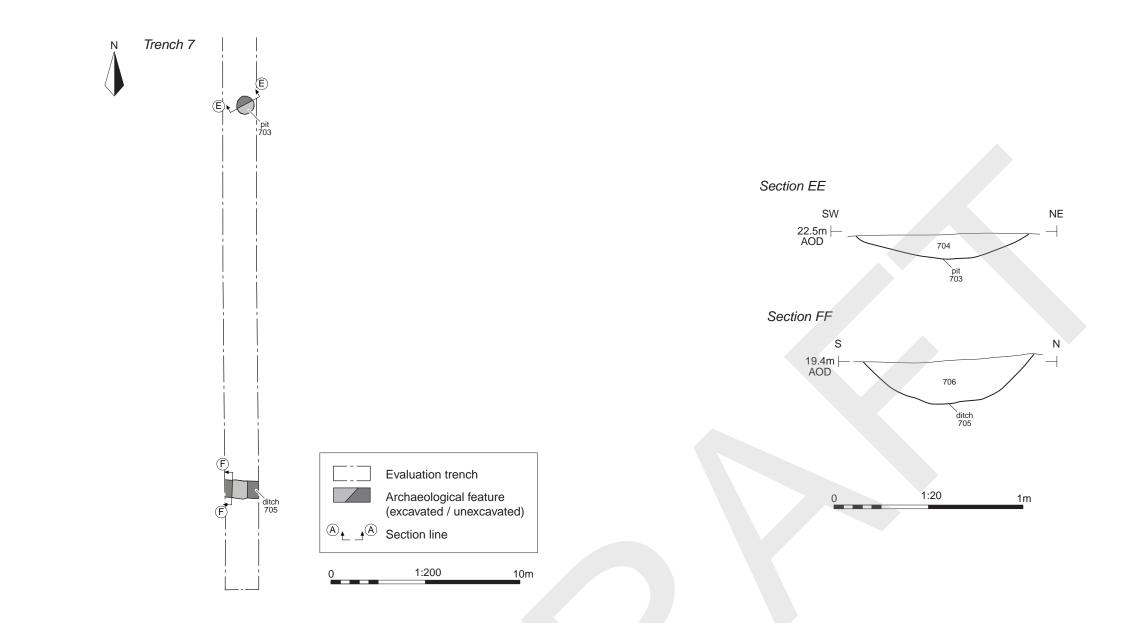
FIGURE TITLE Trench 5: plan, section and photograph

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 SCALE@A3
 1:200, 1:20





Pit 703, looking north-west (1m scale)



Ditch 705, looking west (1m scale)



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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

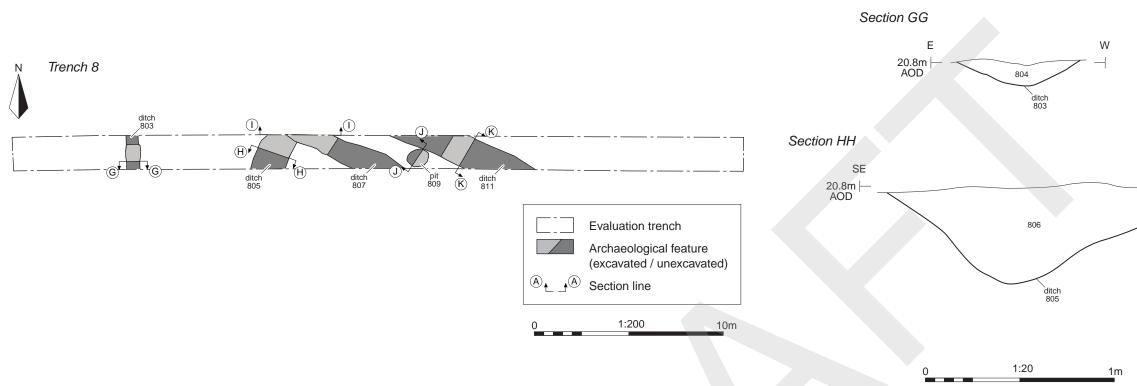
FIGURE TITLE Trench 7: plan, sections and photographs

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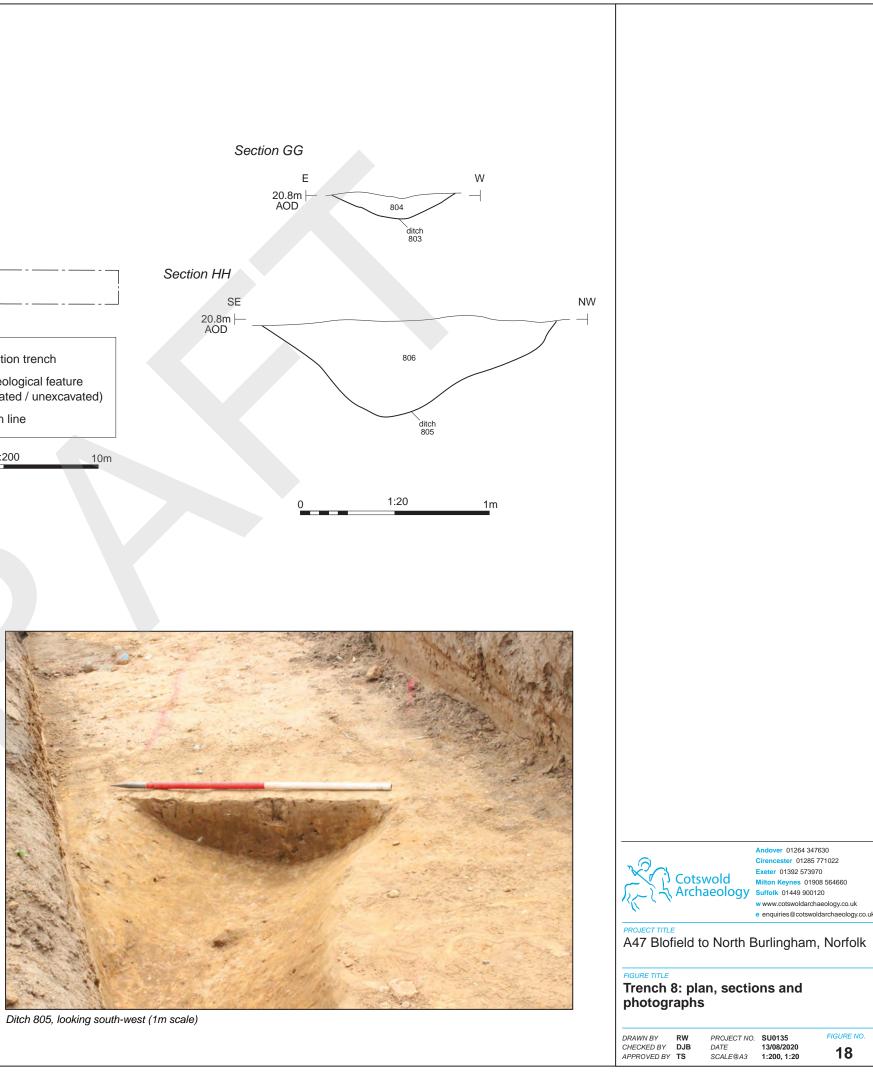
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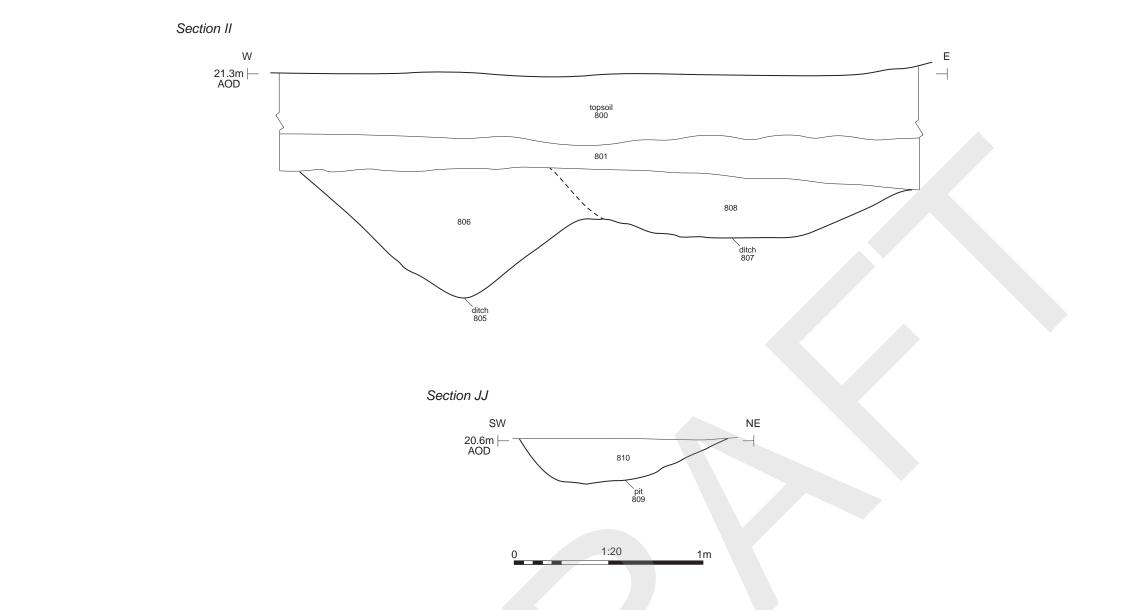
 SCALE@A3
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Ditch 83, looking south (0.3m scale)







Ditches 805 (left) and 807 (right), looking north (1m scale)

Pit 809, looking north-west (0.3m scale)



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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

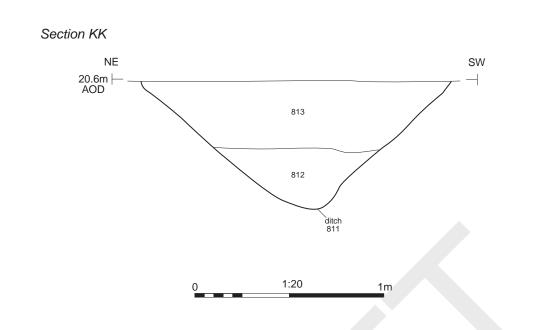
FIGURE TITLE Trench 8: sections and photographs

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 SU0135

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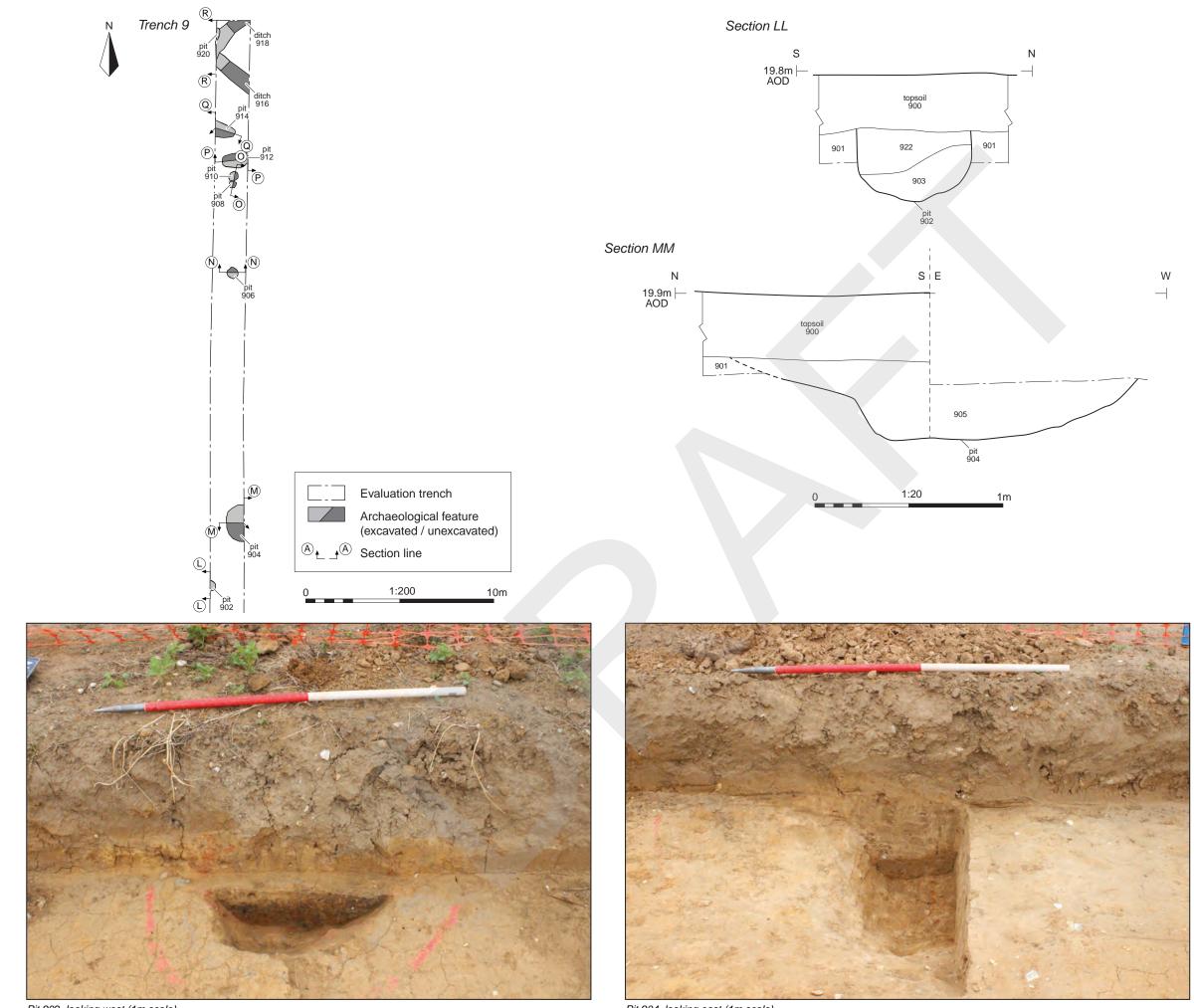
 SCALE@A3
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Ditch 811, looking south-east (1m scale)

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk FIGURE TITLE Trench 8: section and photograph
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Pit 902, looking west (1m scale)

Pit 904, looking east (1m scale)



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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

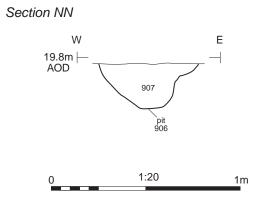
FIGURE TITLE Trench 9: plan, sections and photographs

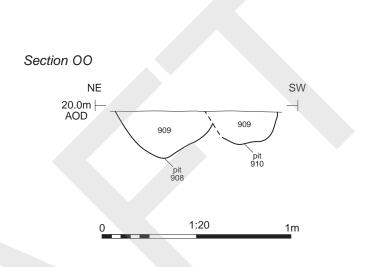
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Pits 908 (left) and 910 (right), looking south-east (0.3m scale)

Pit 906, looking north (0.3m scale)



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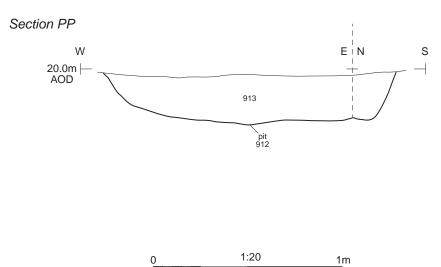
FIGURE TITLE Trench 9: sections and photographs

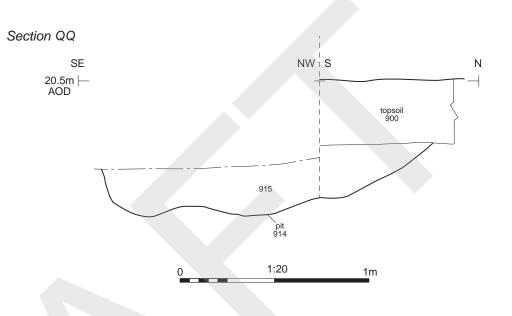
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Ditch 914, looking south-west (1m scale)

Pit 912, looking north (1m scale)



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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

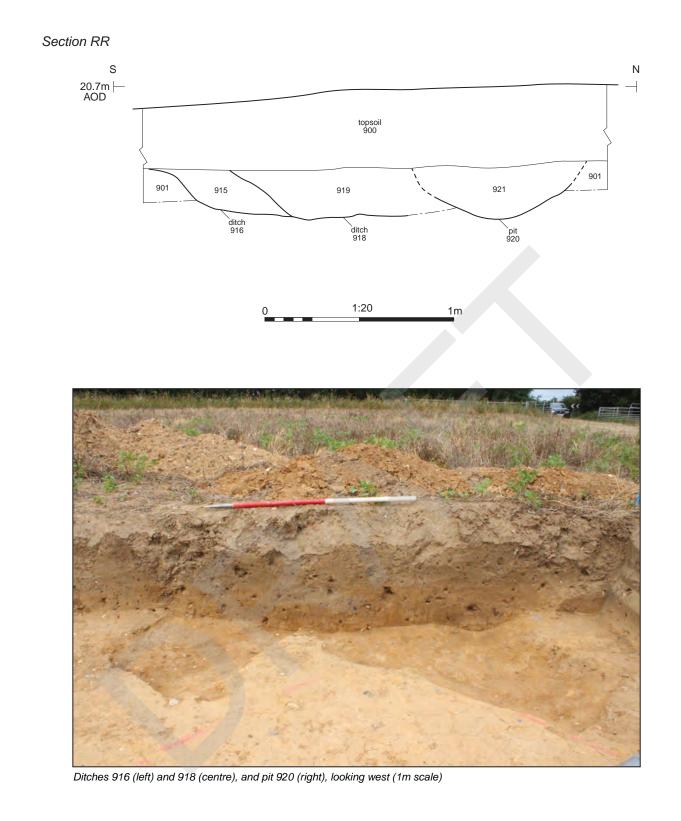
FIGURE TITLE Trench 9: sections and photographs

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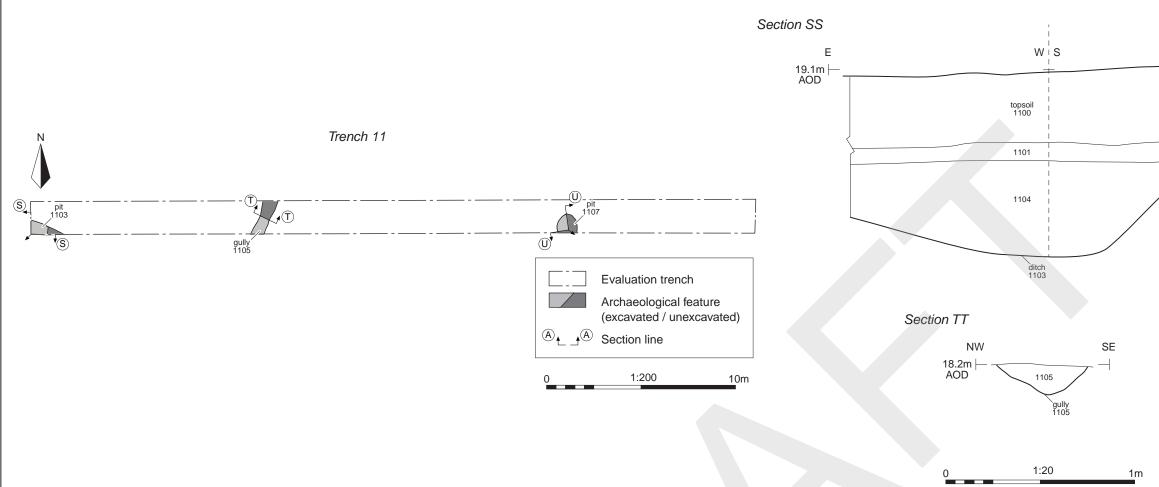
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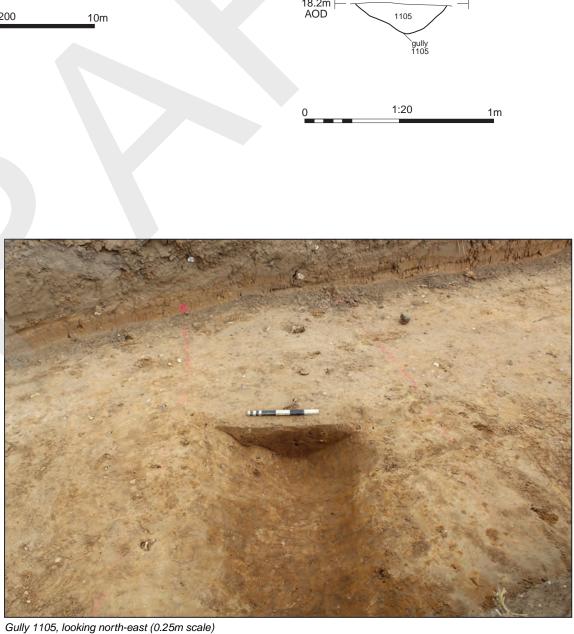
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FIGURE TITLE Trench 9: section and photograph
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Ditch 1103, looking south (1m scale)



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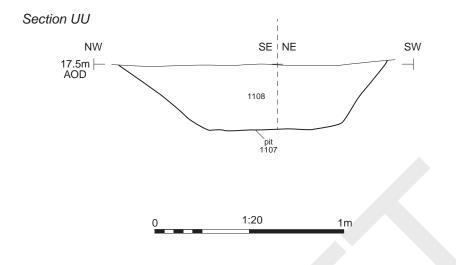
FIGURE TITLE Trench 11: plan, sections and photographs

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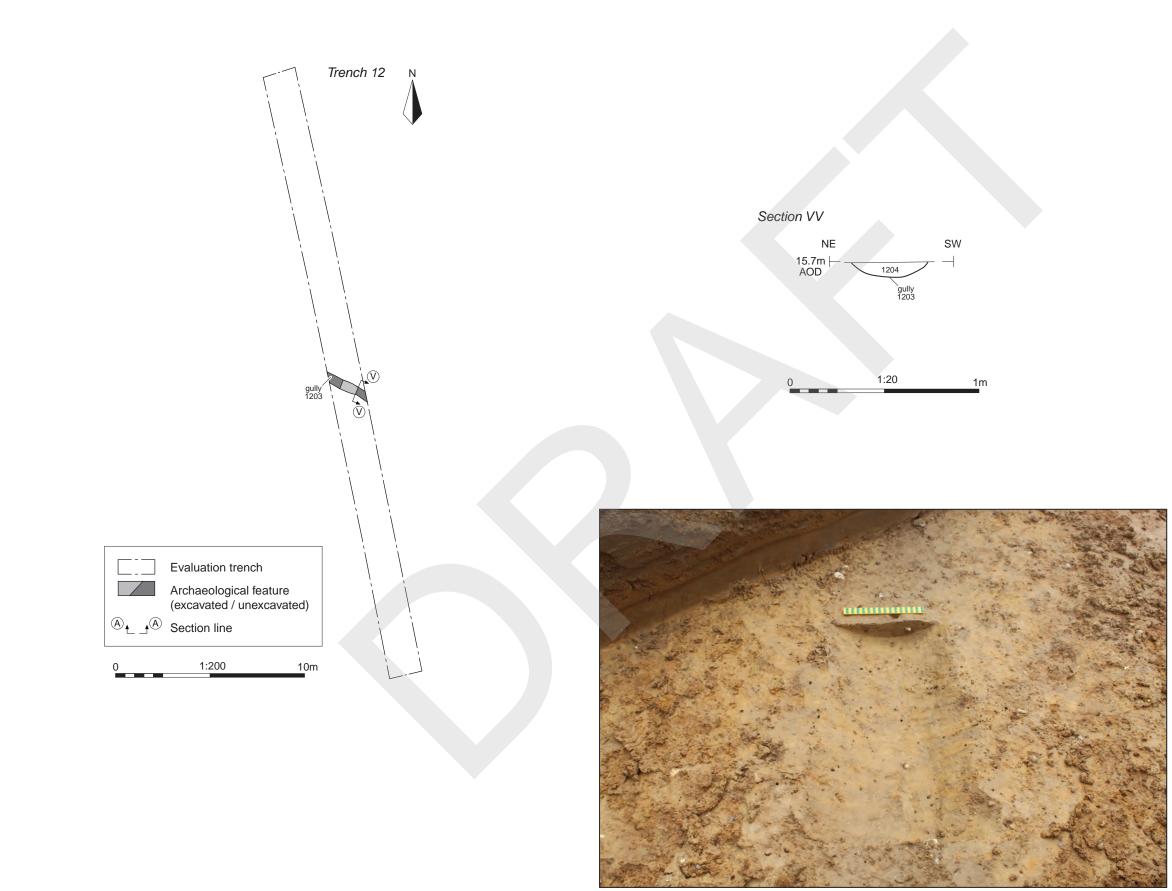
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Pit 1107, looking east (0.25m scale)

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Trench 11: section and photograph
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Gully 1203, looking south-east (0.3m scale)



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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

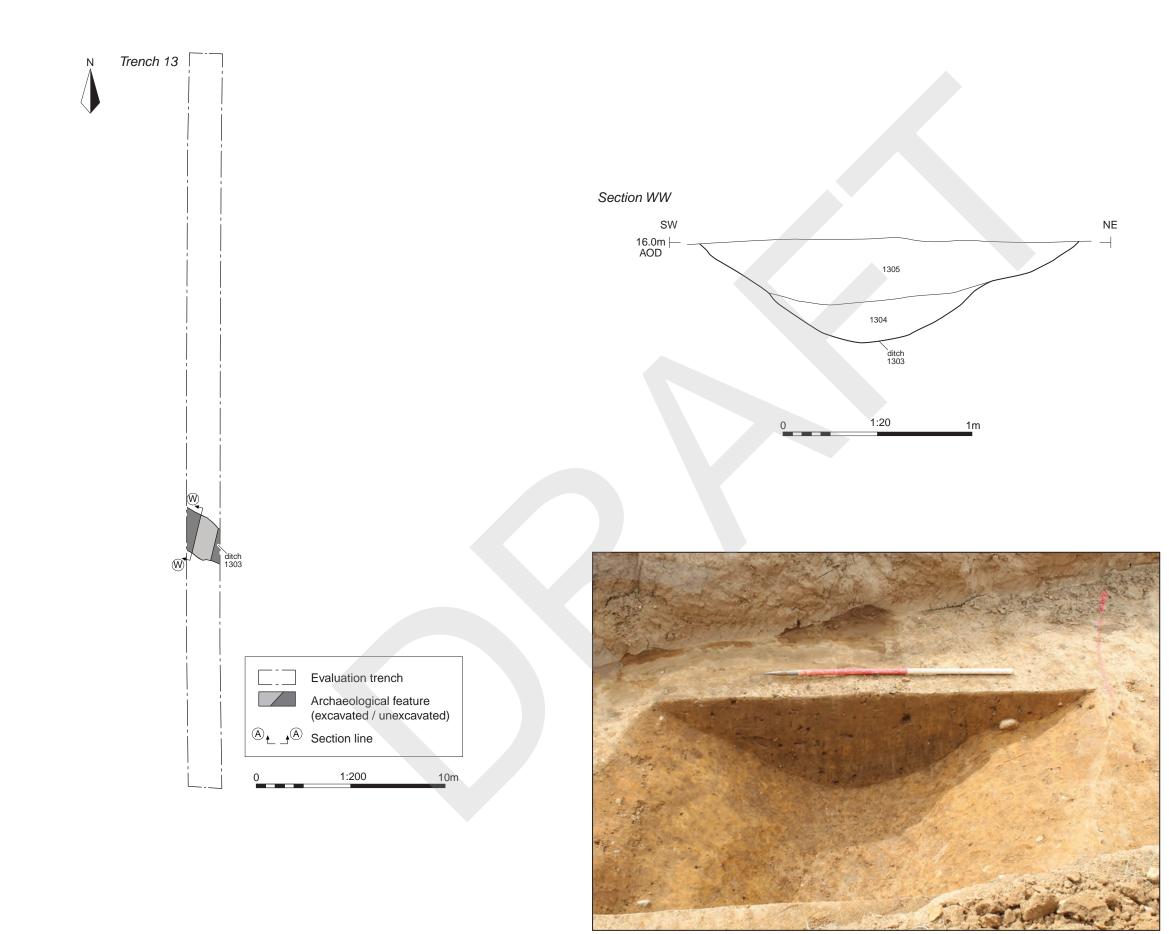
FIGURE TITLE Trench 12: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 1303, looking north-west (1m scale)



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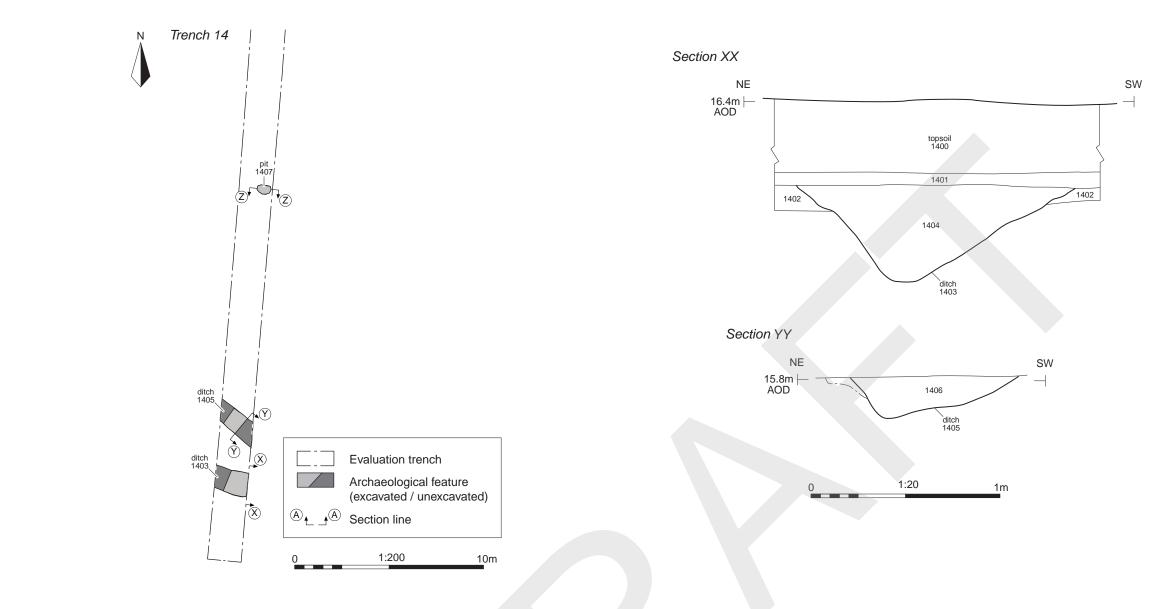
FIGURE TITLE Trench 13: plan, section and photograph

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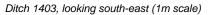
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Ditch 1405, looking south-east (1m scale)



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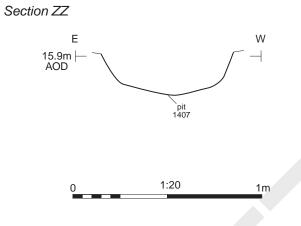
FIGURE TITLE Trench 14: plan, sections and photographs

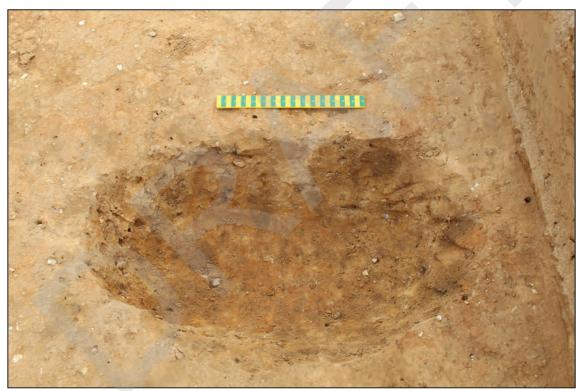
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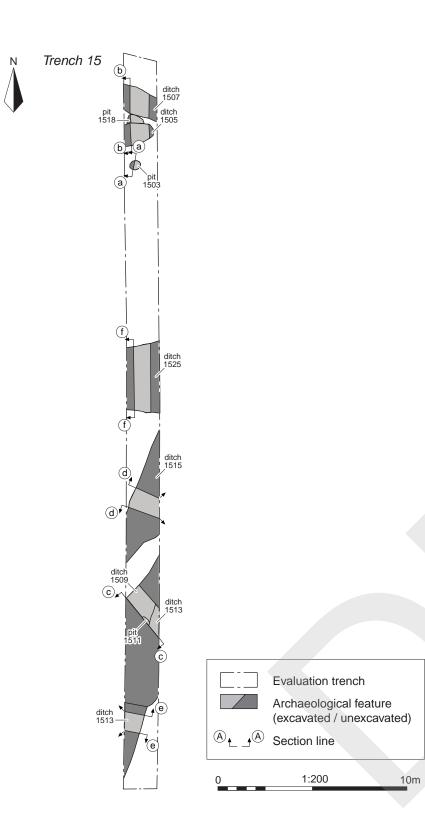
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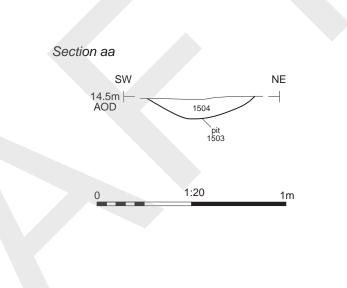




Pit 1407, looking north (0.3m scale)

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FIGURE TITLE Trench 14: section and photograph
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Pit 1503, looking north-west (0.3m scale)





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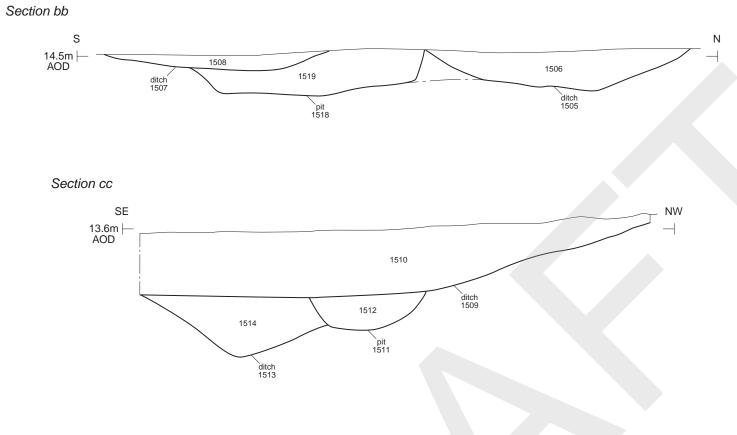
FIGURE TITLE Trench 15: plan, sections and photographs

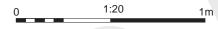
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Ditches 1507 (far left) and 1505 (right), and pit 1518 (centre), looking west (1m scale)



Ditches 1509 (top) and 1513 (lower-left), and pit 1511 (centre), looking south-west (1m scale)



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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

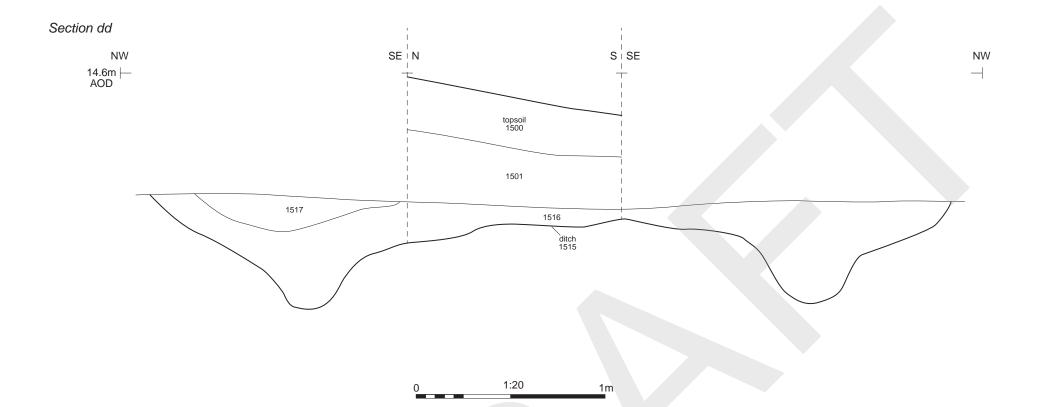
FIGURE TITLE Trench 15: sections and photographs

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Ditch 1515, looking north-east (1m scale)



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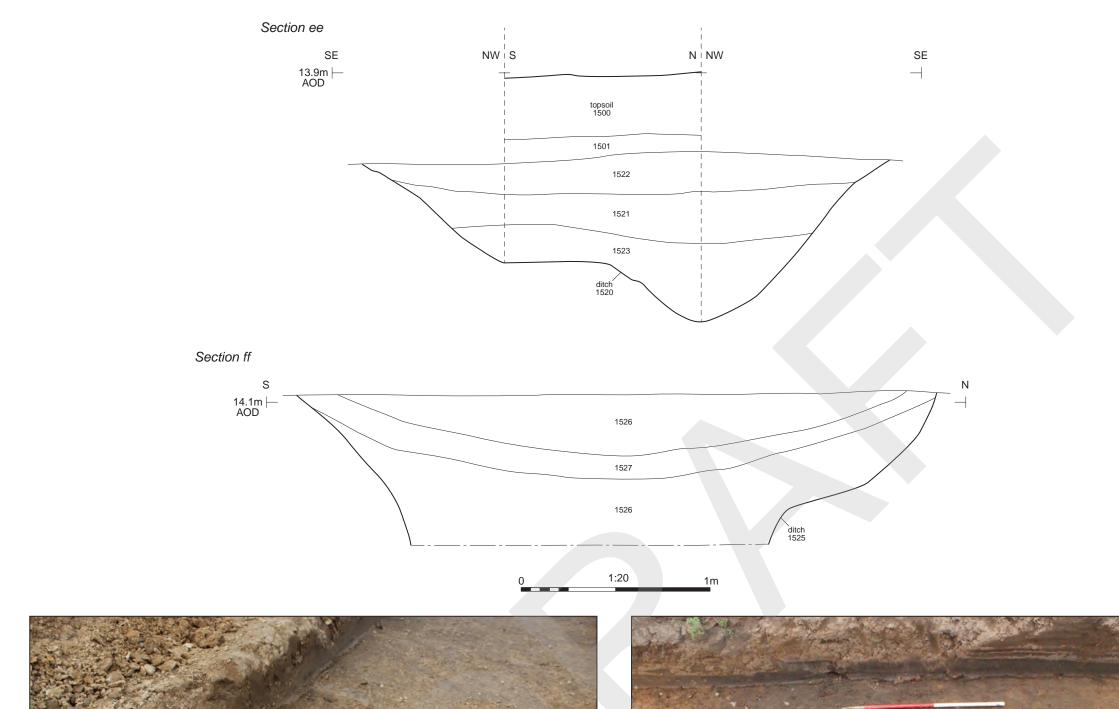
FIGURE TITLE Trench 15: section and photograph

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Ditch 1520, looking north-west (1m scale)

Ditch 1525, looking west (1m scale)



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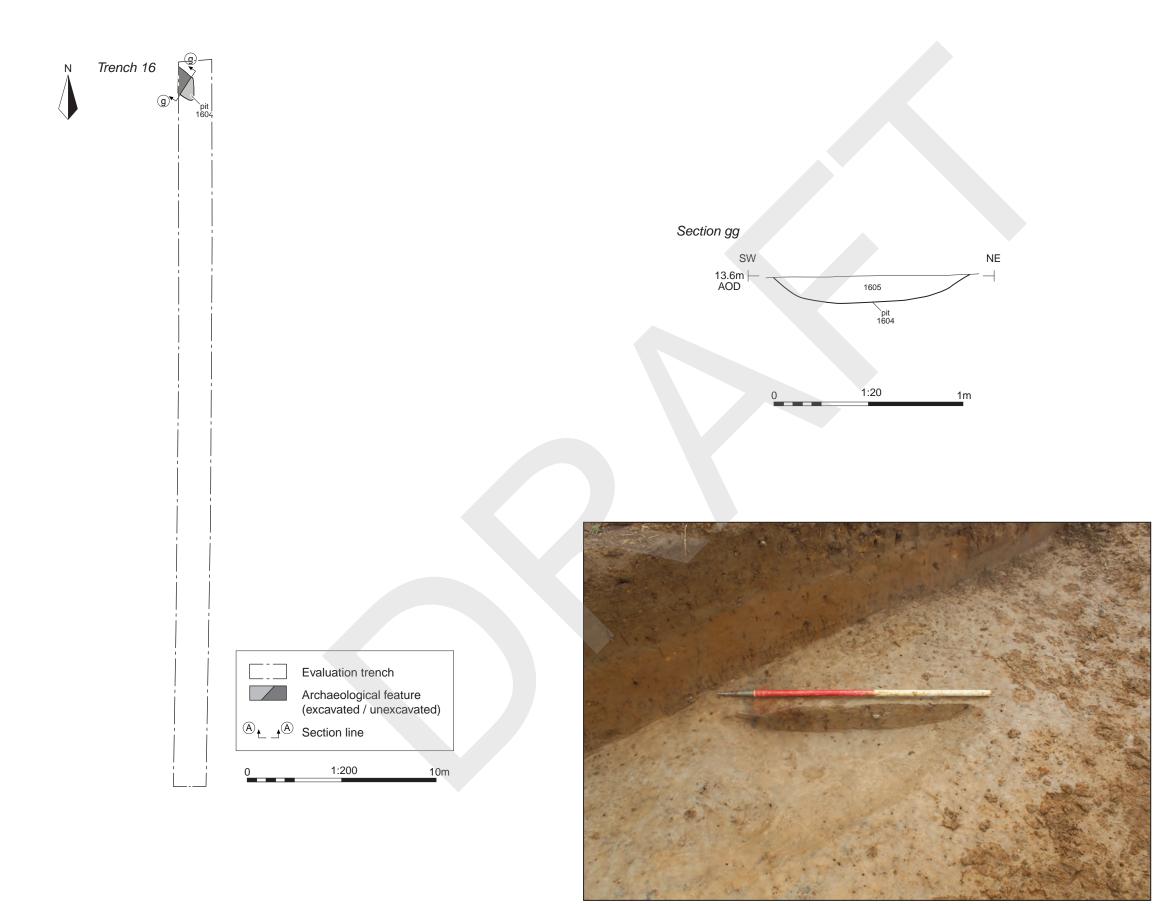
FIGURE TITLE Trench 15: sections and photographs

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Pit 1604, looking north-west (1m scale)



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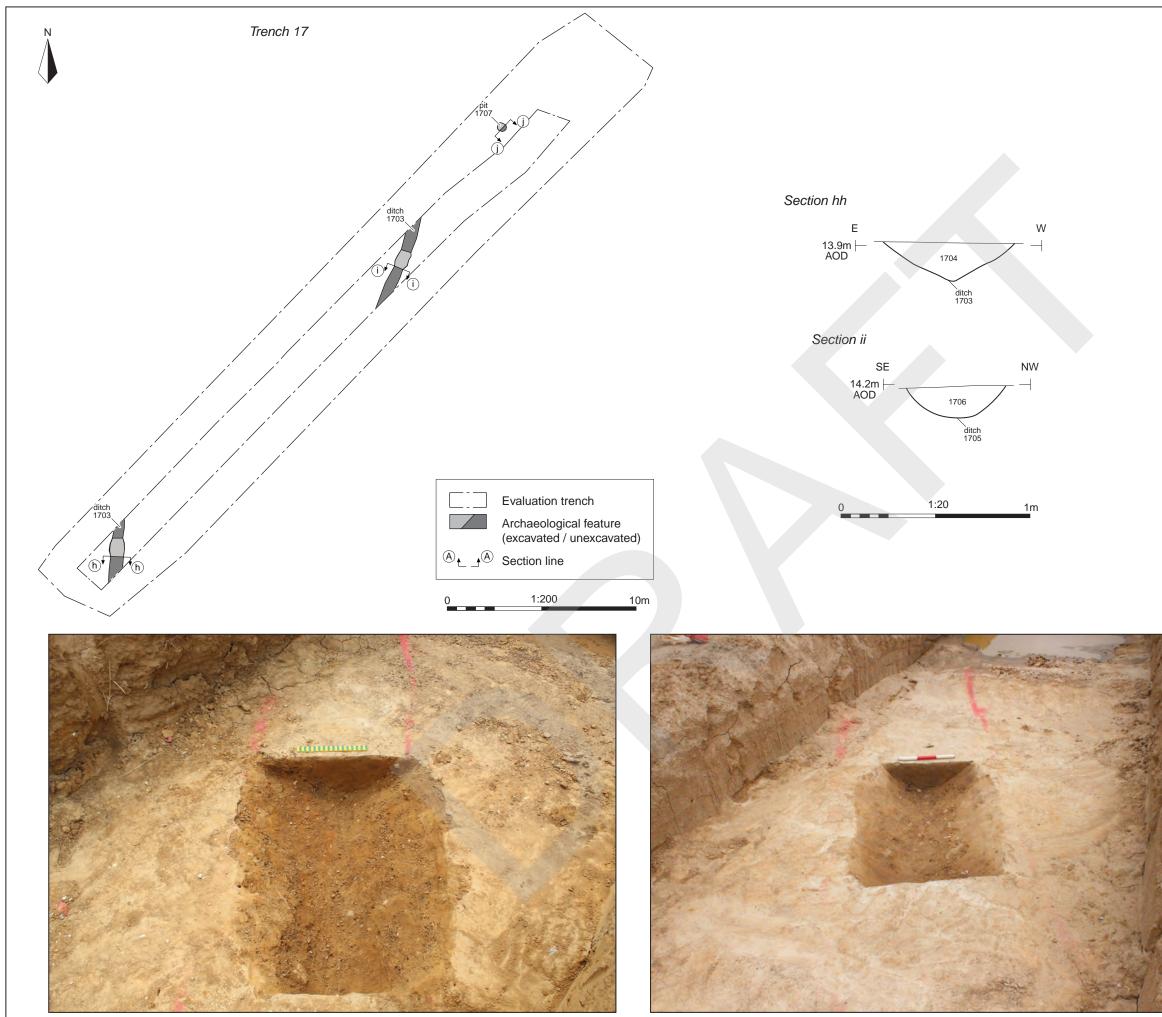
FIGURE TITLE Trench 16: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 1703, looking south (0.3m scale)

Ditch 1705, looking south-west (0.3m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

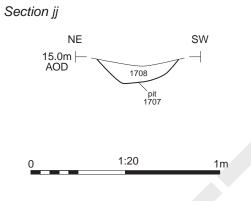
FIGURE TITLE Trench 17: plan, sections and photographs

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 SU0135

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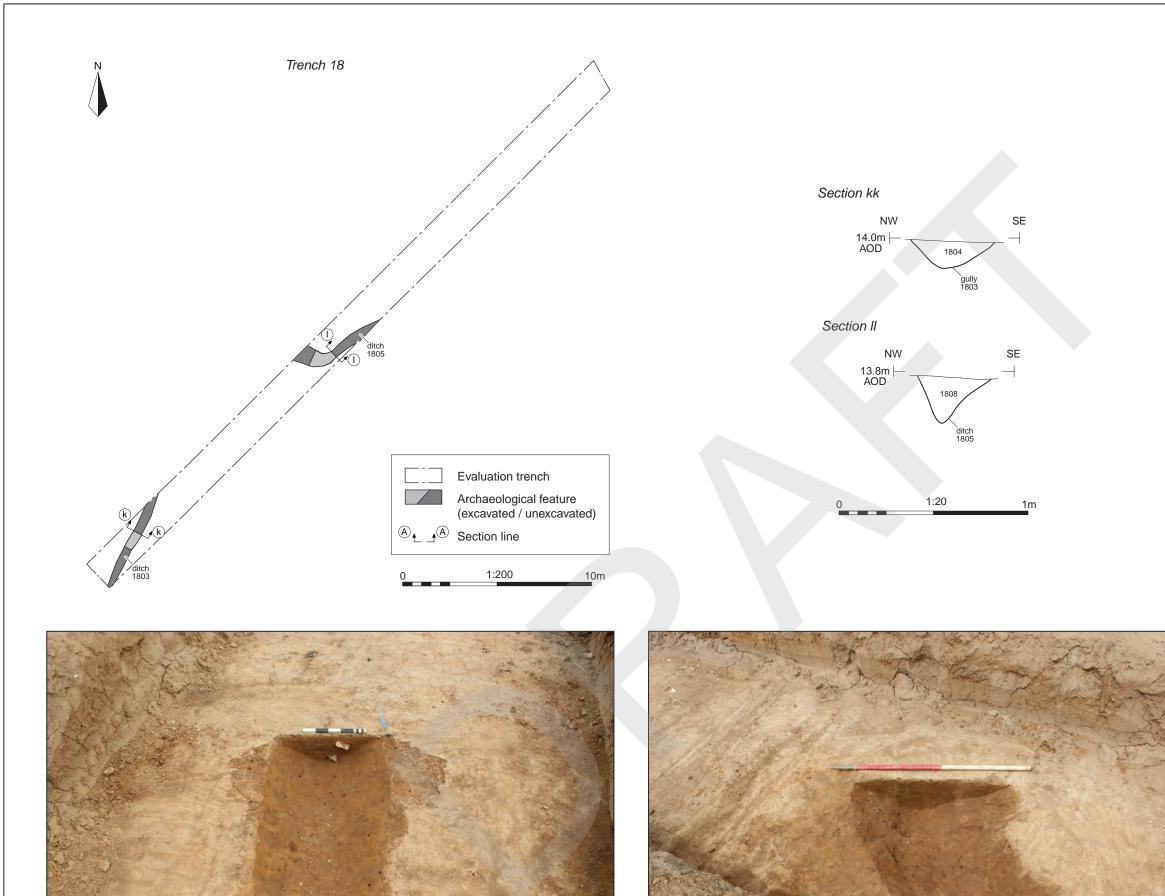
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Pit 1707, looking south-east (0.3m scale)

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Trench 17: section and photograph
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Ditch 1803, looking north-east (0.25m scale)

Ditch 1805, looking north-east (1m scale)





PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

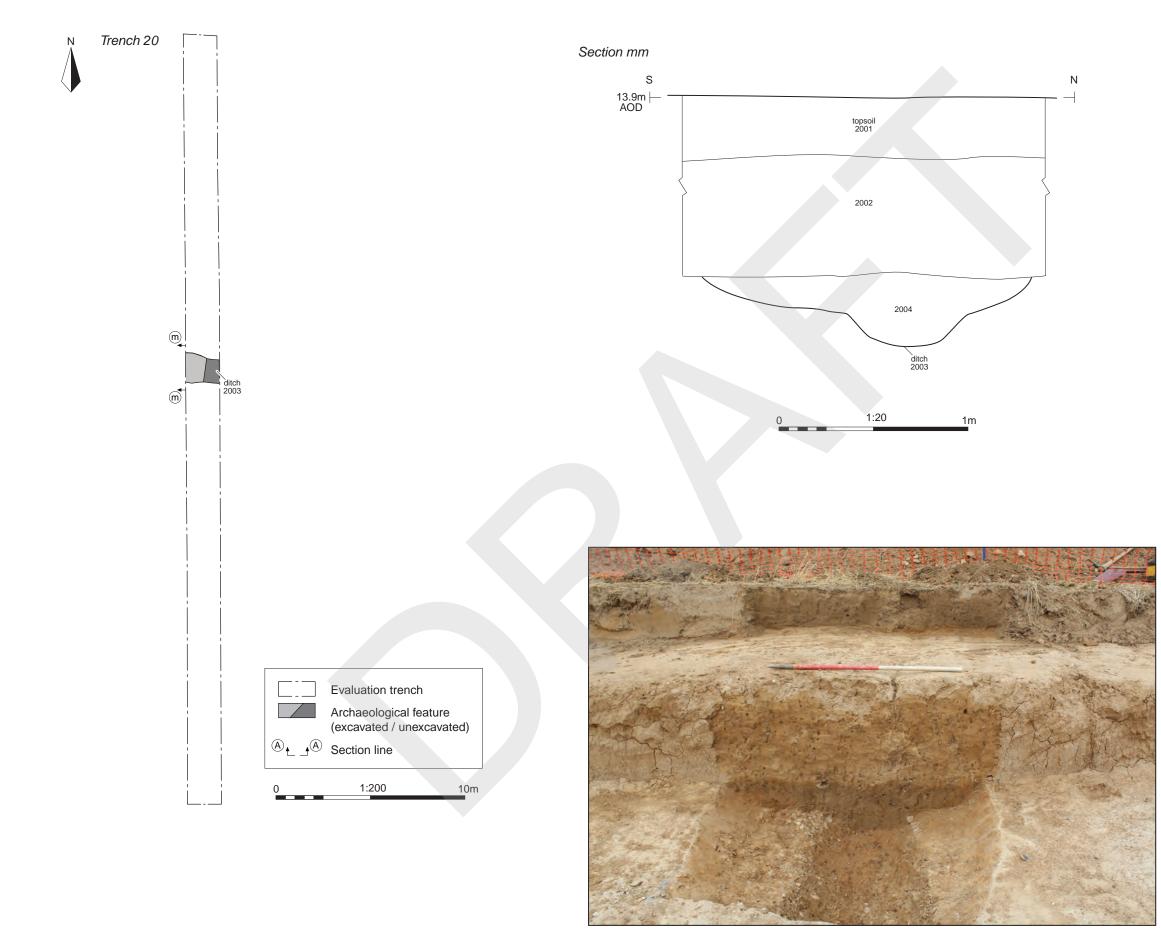
FIGURE TITLE Trench 18: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditch 2003, looking west (1m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

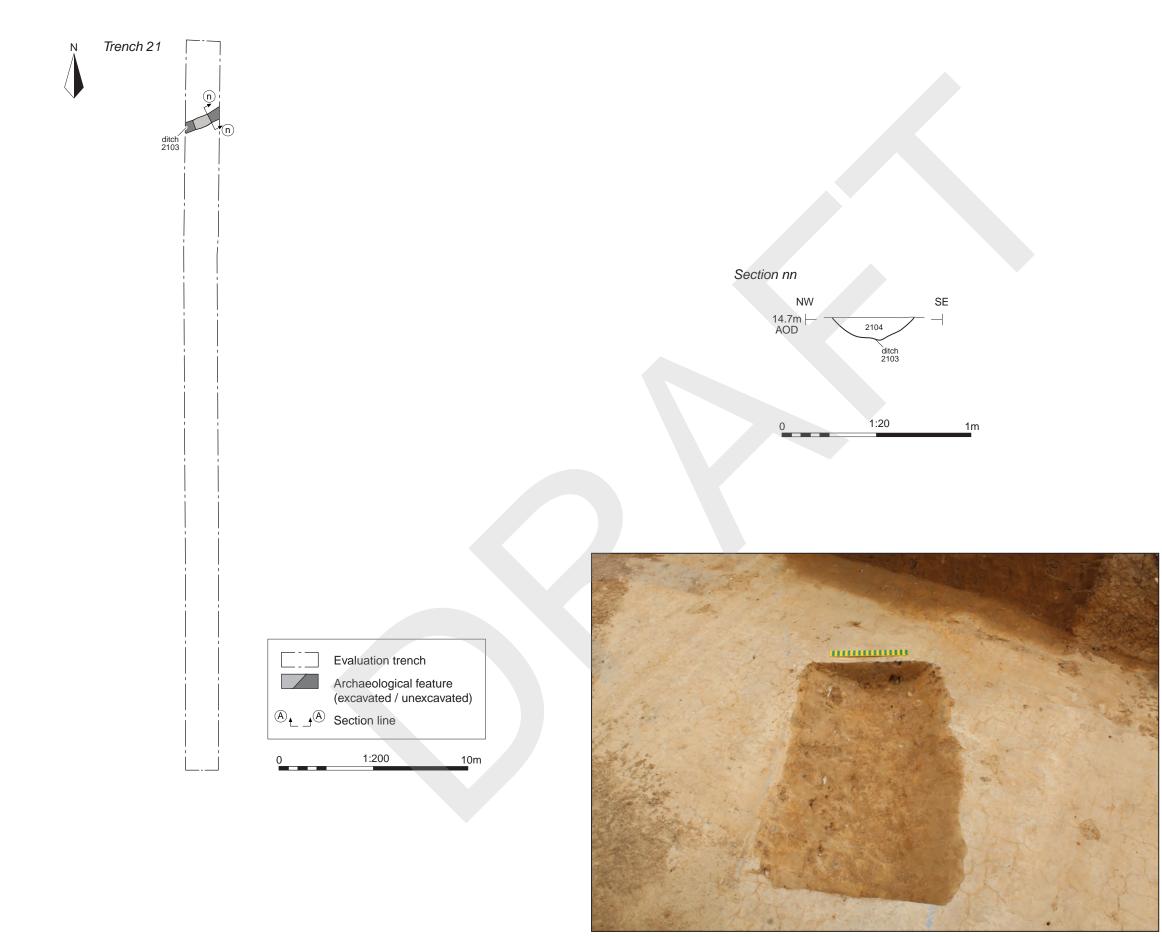
FIGURE TITLE Trench 20: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 2103, looking north-east (0.3m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

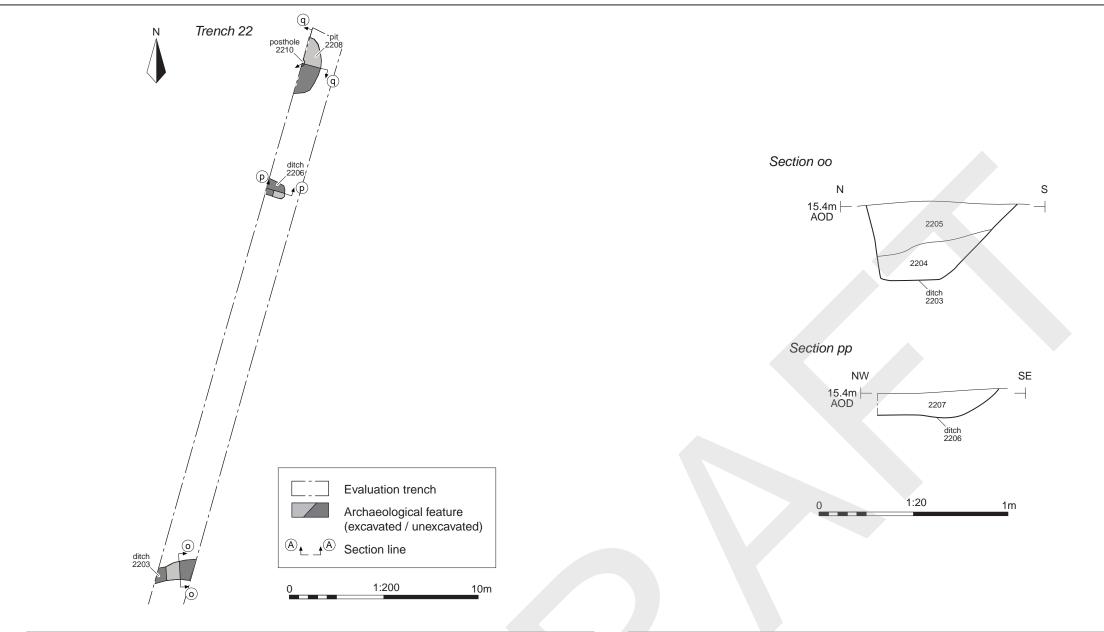
FIGURE TITLE Trench 21: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditch 2203, looking east (1m scale)

Ditch 2206 looking north-east (0.3m scale)



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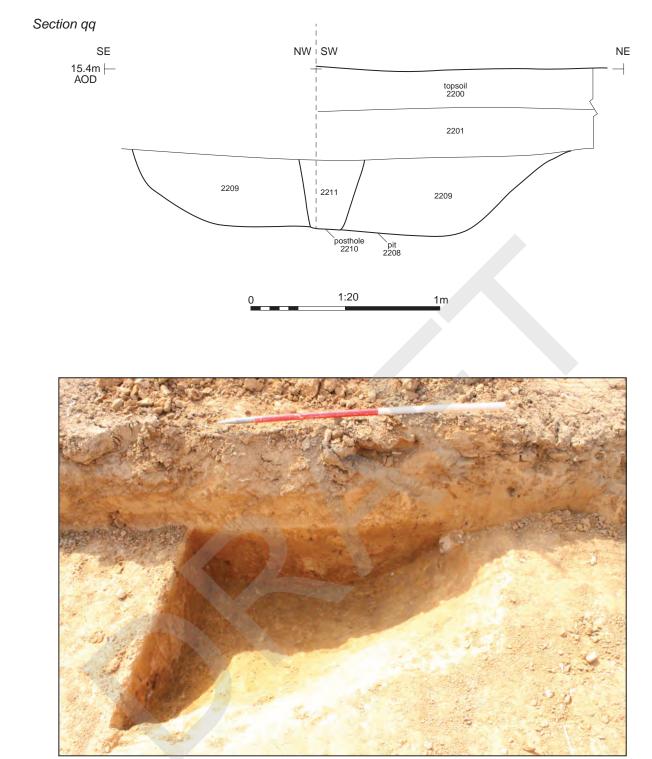
FIGURE TITLE Trench 22: plan, sections and photographs

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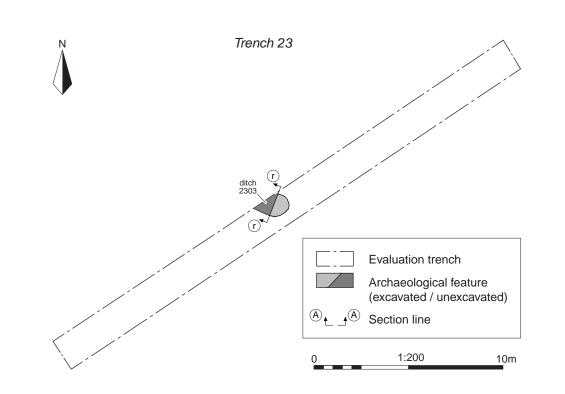
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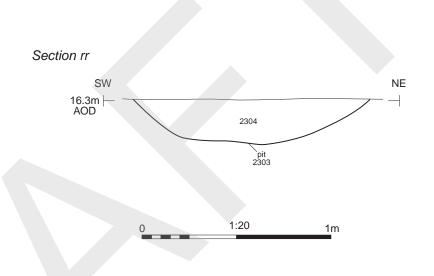
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Pit 2208 and posthole 2210, looking north-west (1m scale)

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FIGURE TITLE Trench 22: section and photograph
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Ditch 2303, looking north-west (1m scale)





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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

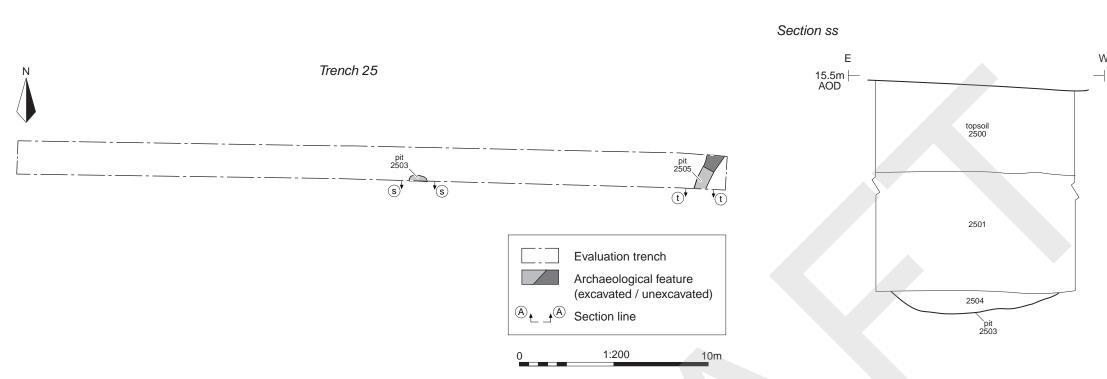
FIGURE TITLE Trench 23: plan, section and photograph

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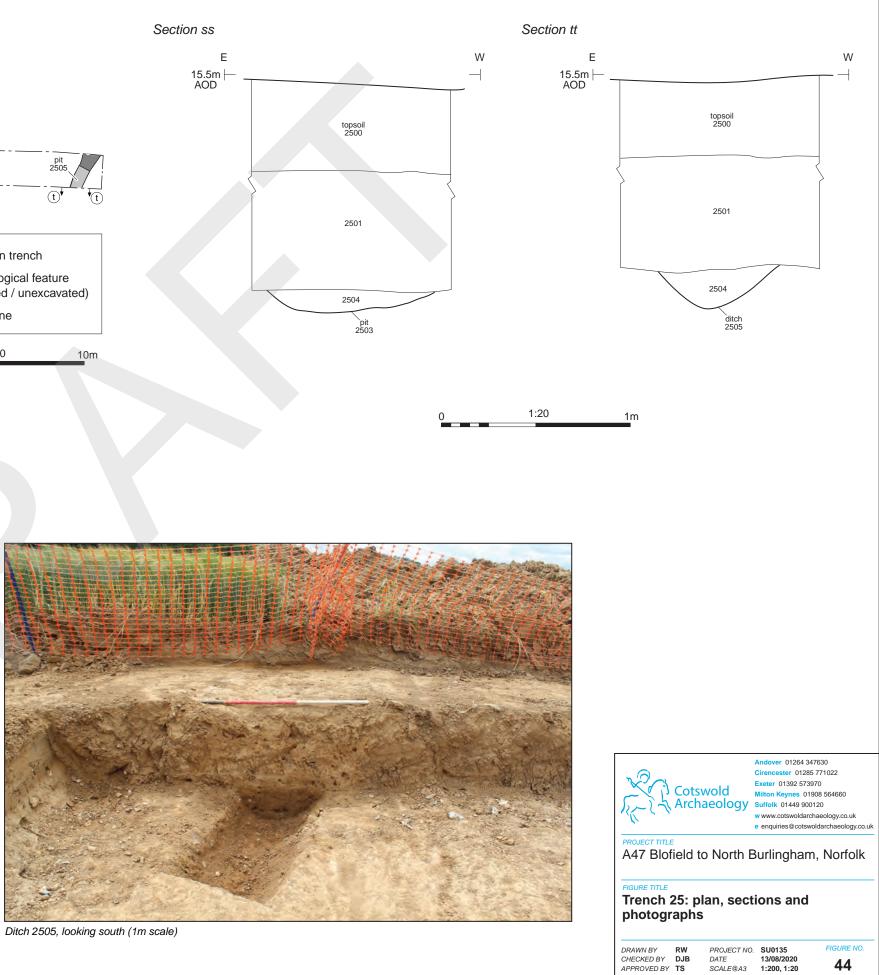
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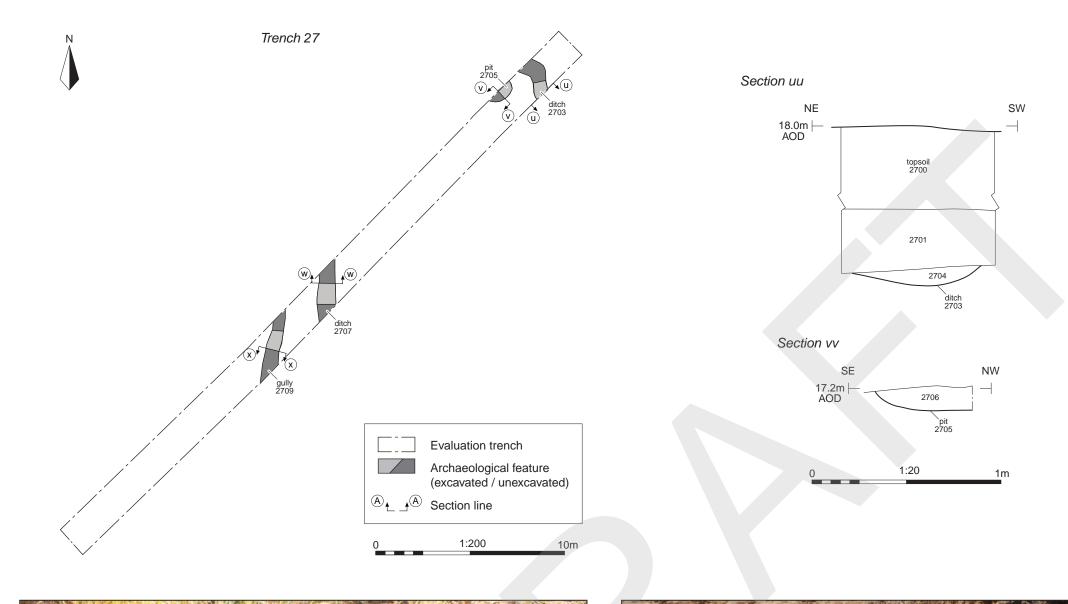
 SCALE@A3
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Pit 2503, looking south (1m scale)





Ditch 2703, looking south-east (1m scale)



Pit 2705, looking south-west (0.3m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

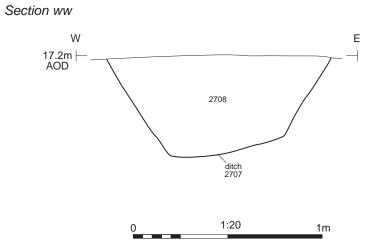
FIGURE TITLE Trench 27: plan, sections and photographs

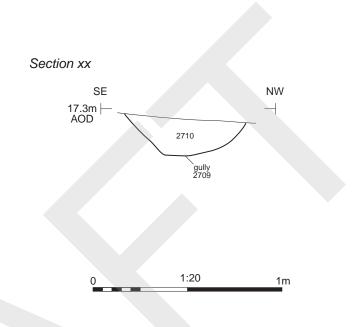
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Gully 2709, looking south-west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 2707, looking north (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

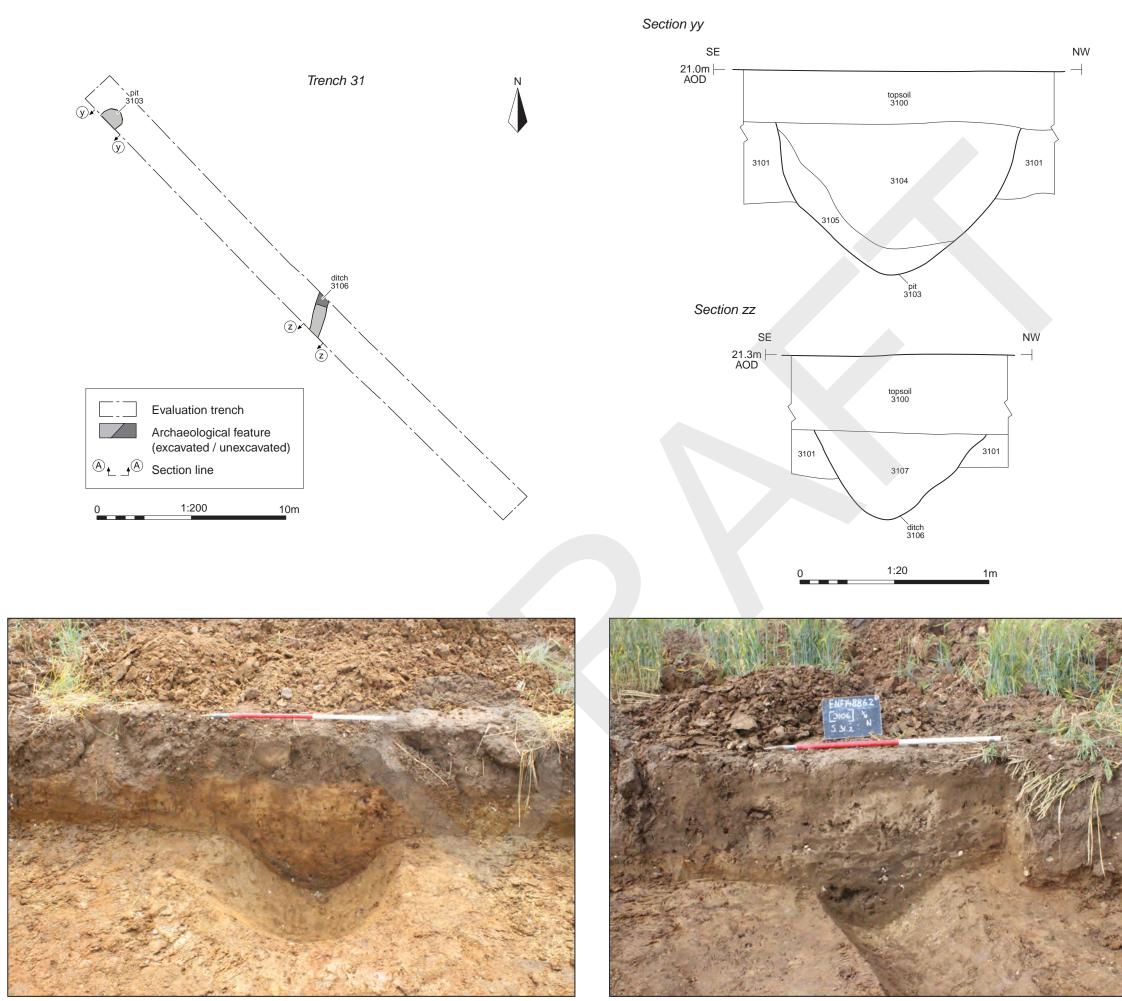
FIGURE TITLE Trench 27: sections and photographs

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Pit 3103, looking south-west (1m scale)

Ditch 3106, looking south-west (1m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

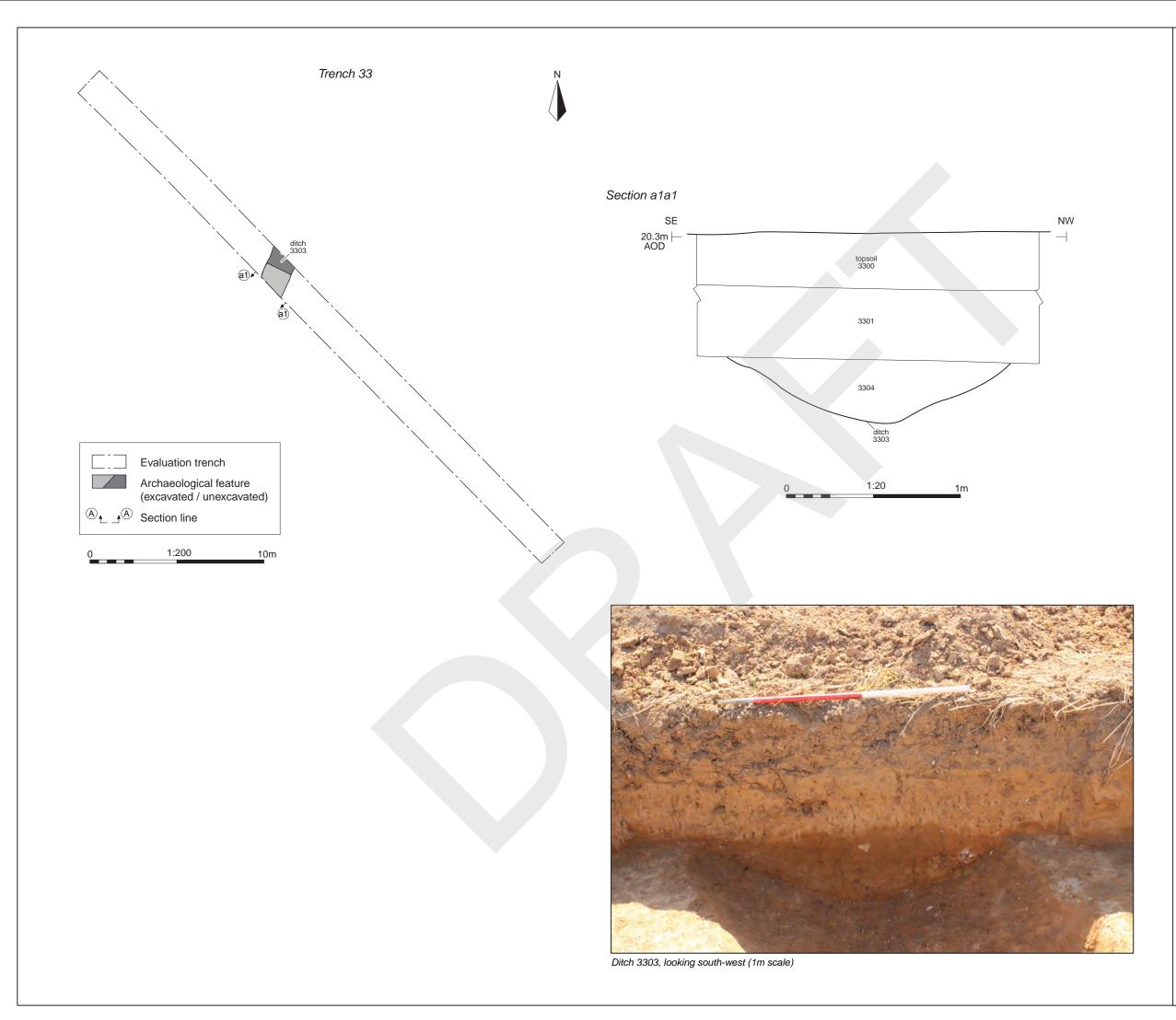
FIGURE TITLE Trench 31: plan, sections and photographs

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

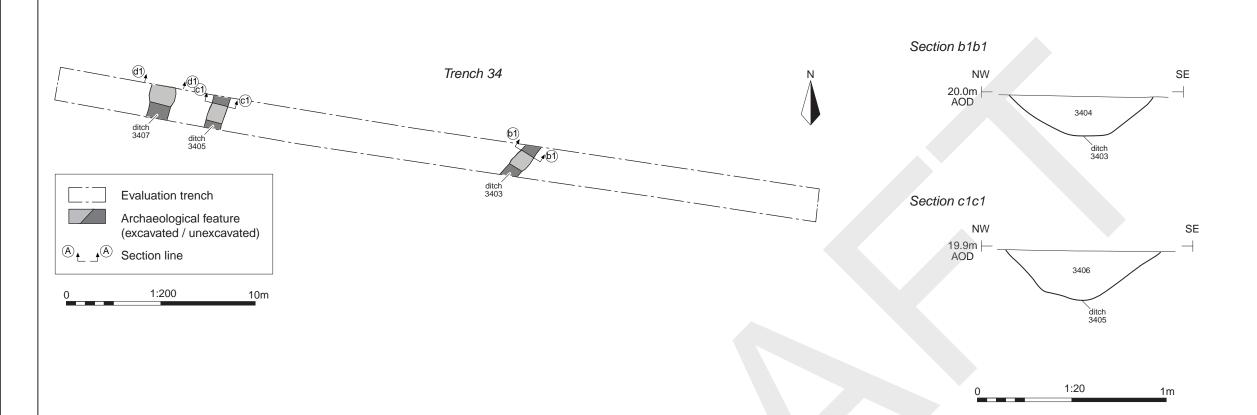
FIGURE TITLE Trench 33: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 3403, looking north-east (0.3m scale)

Dich 3405, looking north-east (0.3m scale)



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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

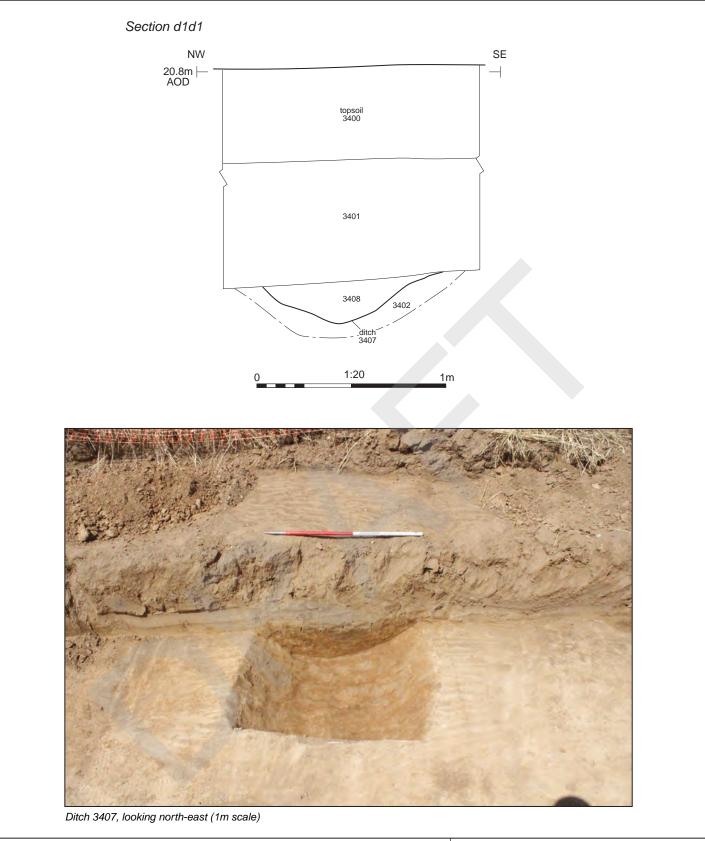
FIGURE TITLE Trench 34: plan, sections and photographs

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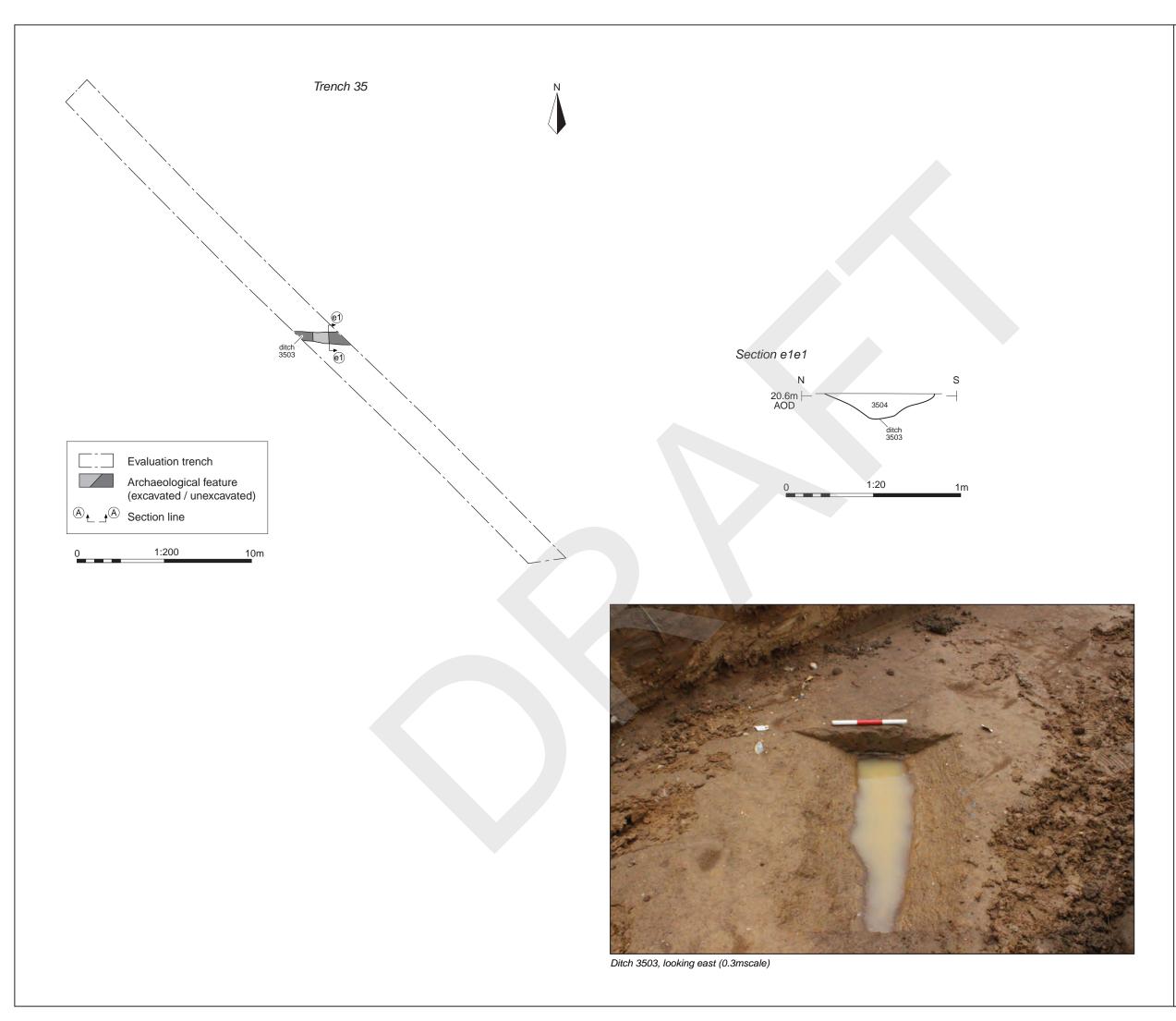
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FIGURE TITLE	ield t		urlinghan	n, Norfolk graph	
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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

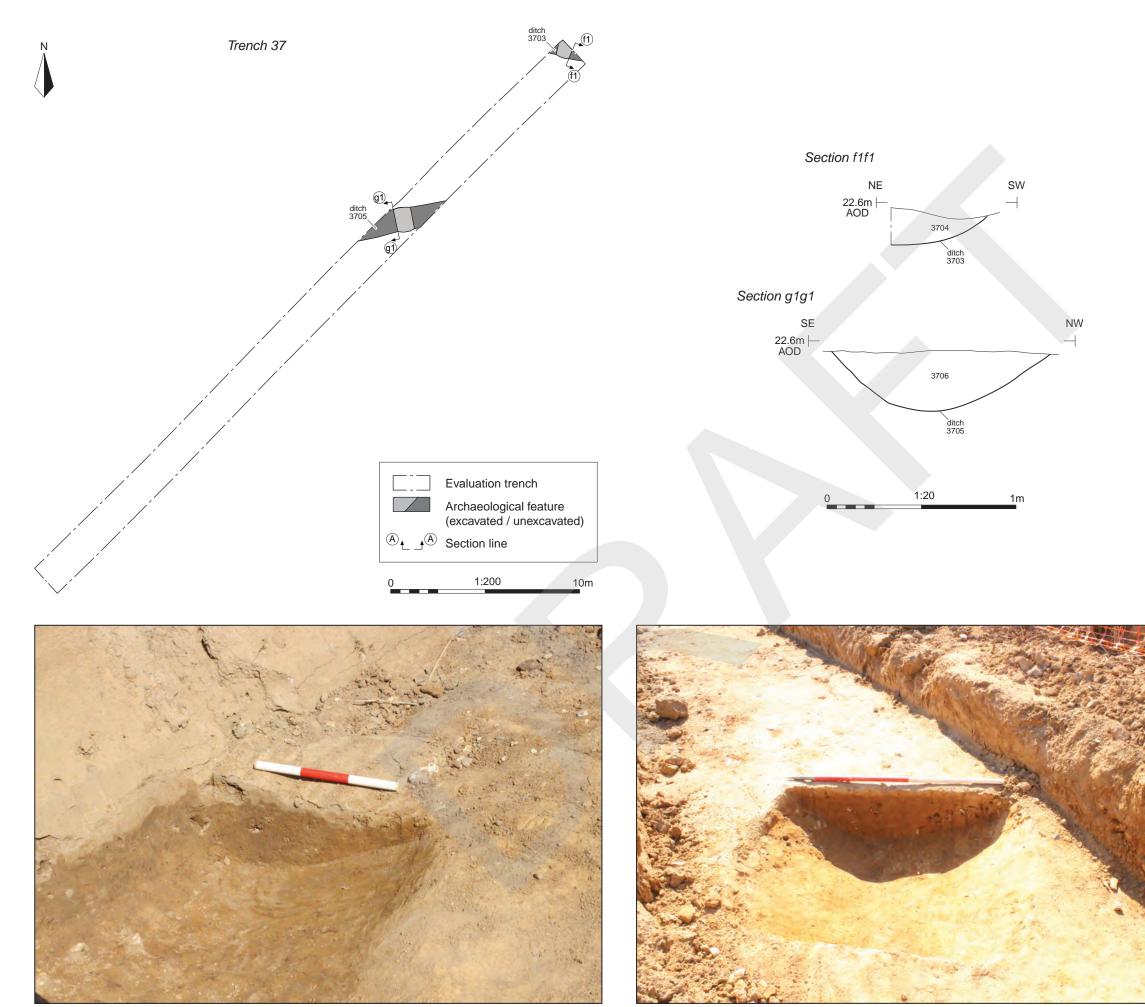
FIGURE TITLE Trench 35: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 3703, looking south-east (0.3m scale)

Ditch 3707, looking south-west (1m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

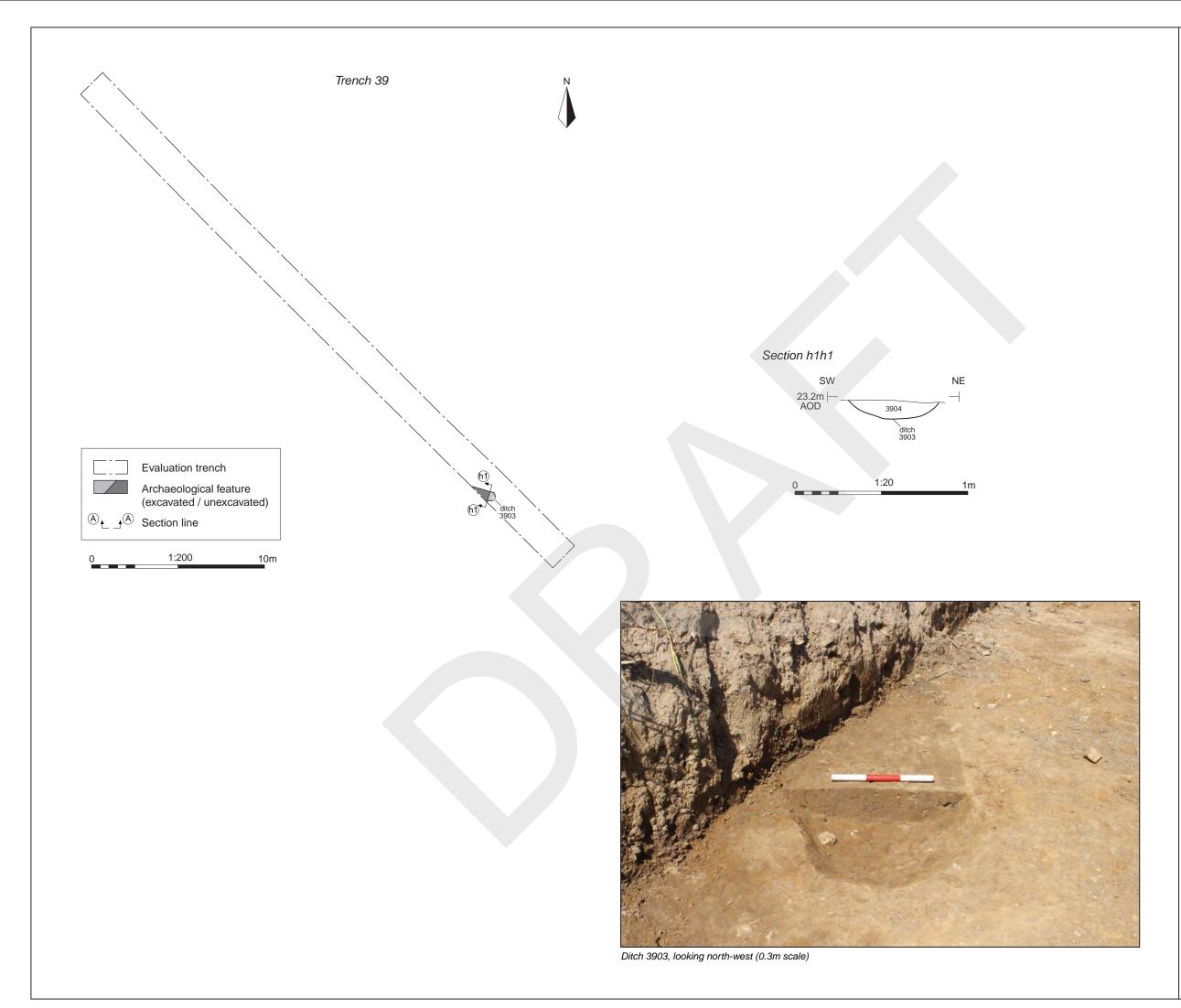
FIGURE TITLE Trench 37: plan, sections and photographs

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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

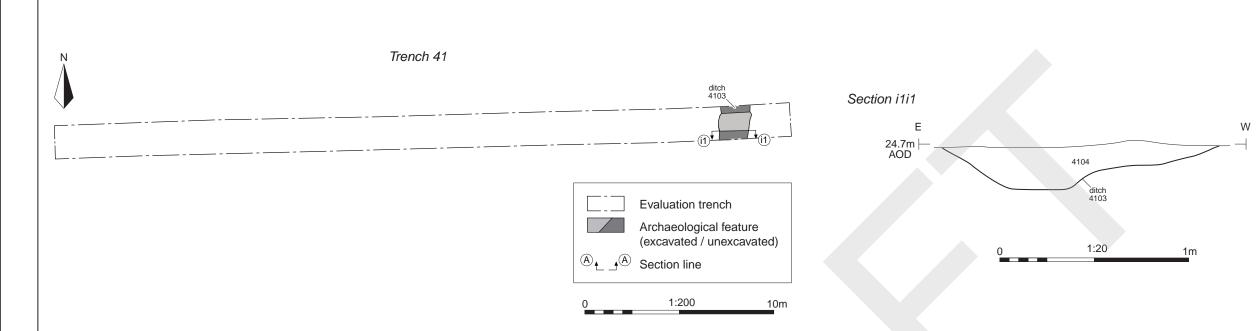
FIGURE TITLE Trench 39: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 4103, looking south (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

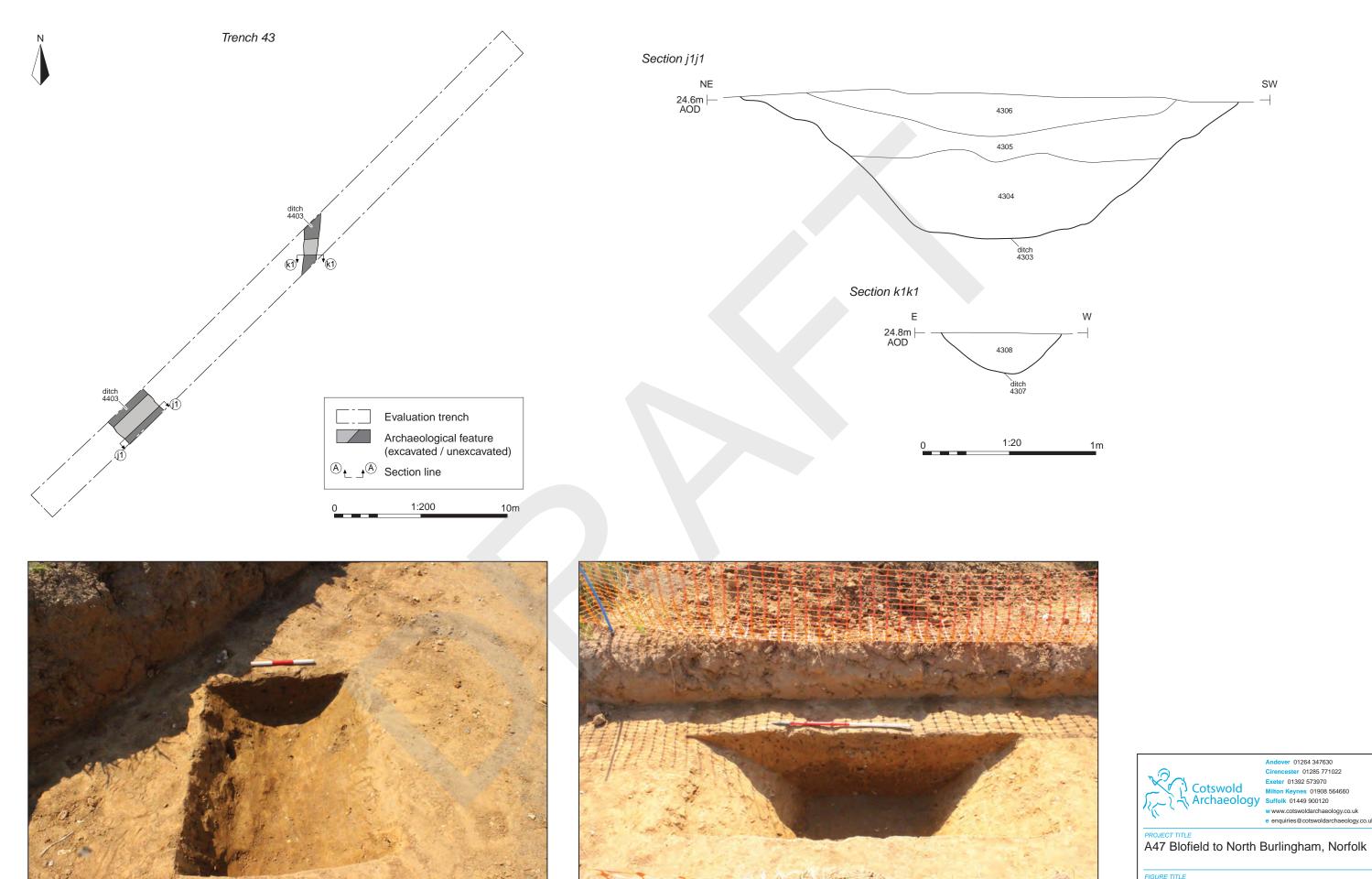
FIGURE TITLE Trench 41: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 4303, looking south (0.3m scale)

Ditch 4307, looking south-east (1m scale)

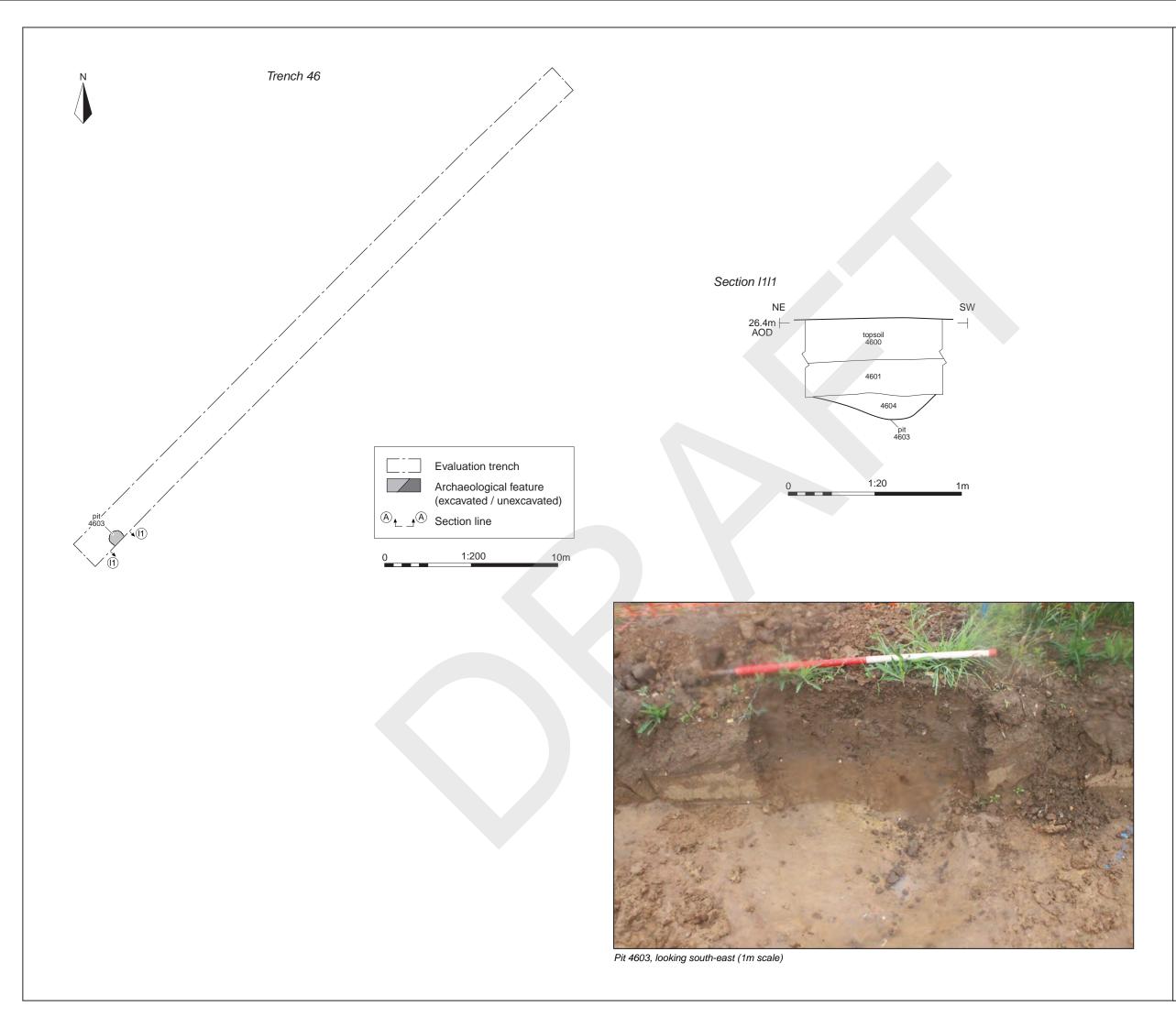
FIGURE TITLE Trench 43: plan, sections and photographs

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

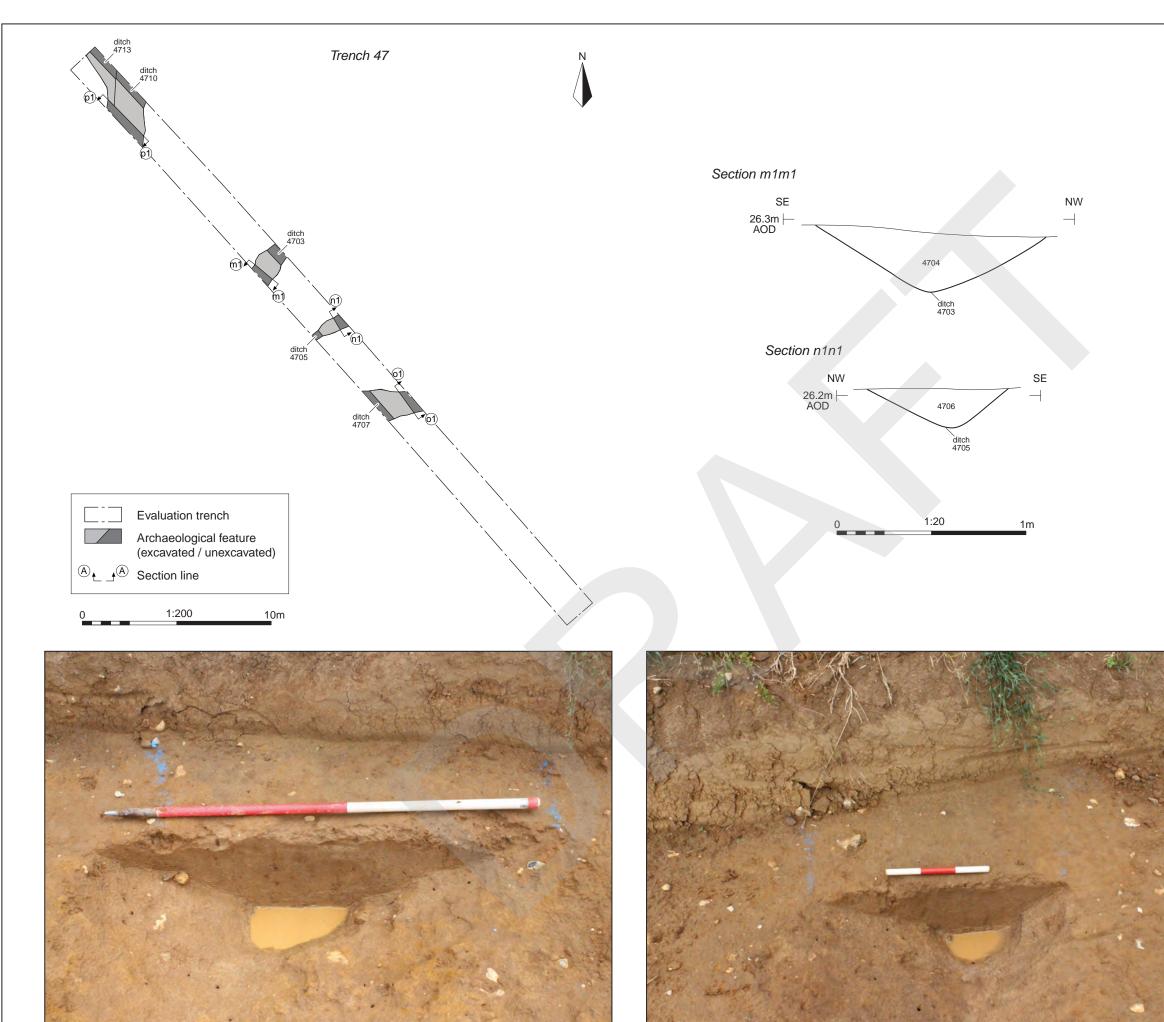
FIGURE TITLE Trench 46: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 4703, looking south-west (1m scale)

Ditch 4705, looking north-east (0.3m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

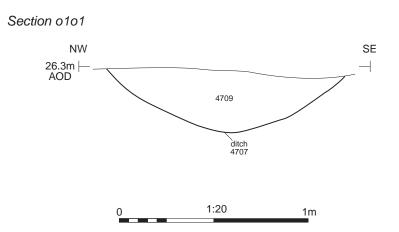
FIGURE TITLE Trench 47: plan, sections and photographs

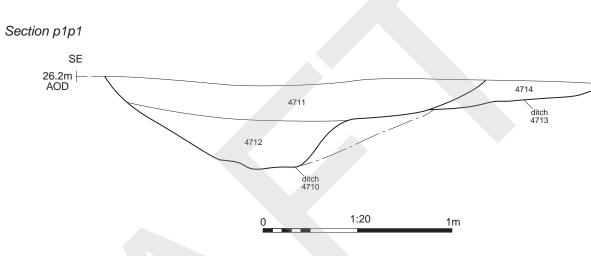
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Ditches 4710 (left) and 4713 (right), looking south-west (1m scale)

Ditch 4707, looking north-east (1m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

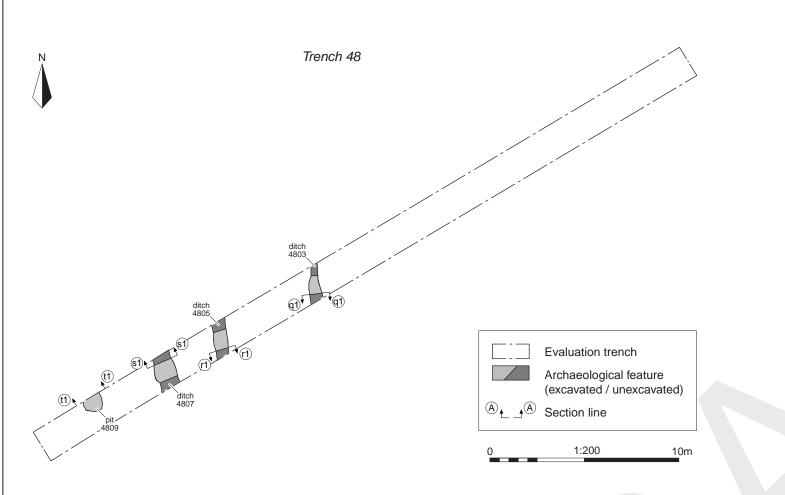
FIGURE TITLE Trench 47: sections and photographs

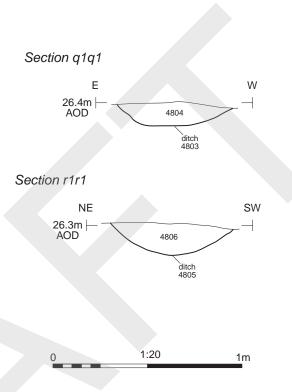
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Ditch 4803, looking south (0.3m scale)

Ditch 4805, looking south-east (0.3m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

FIGURE TITLE Trench 48: plan, sections and photographs

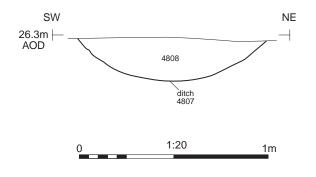
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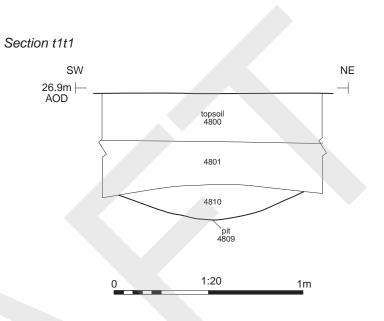
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Pit 4809, looking north-west (1m scale)

Ditch 4807, looking north-west (0.3m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

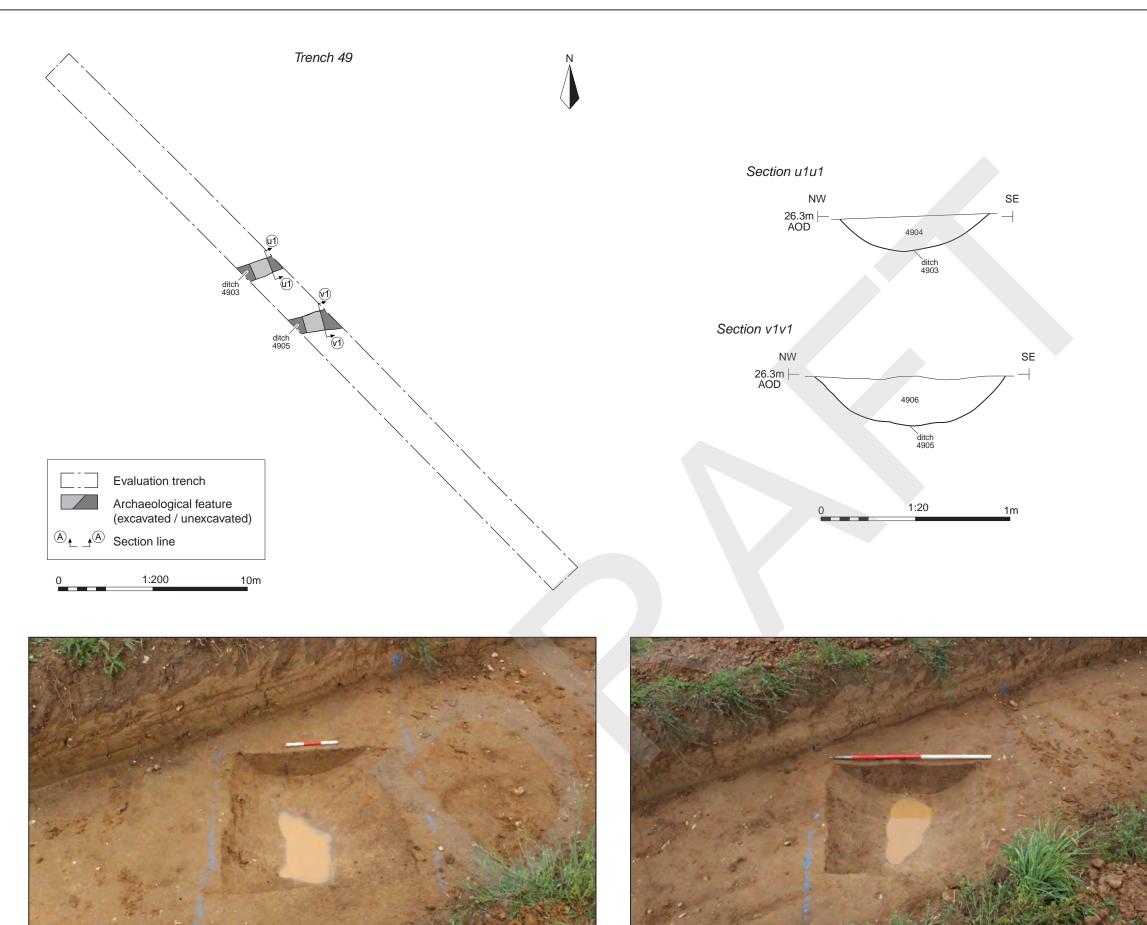
FIGURE TITLE Trench 48: sections and photographs

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Ditch 4904, looking north-east (0.3m scale)

Ditch 4905, looking north-east (1m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

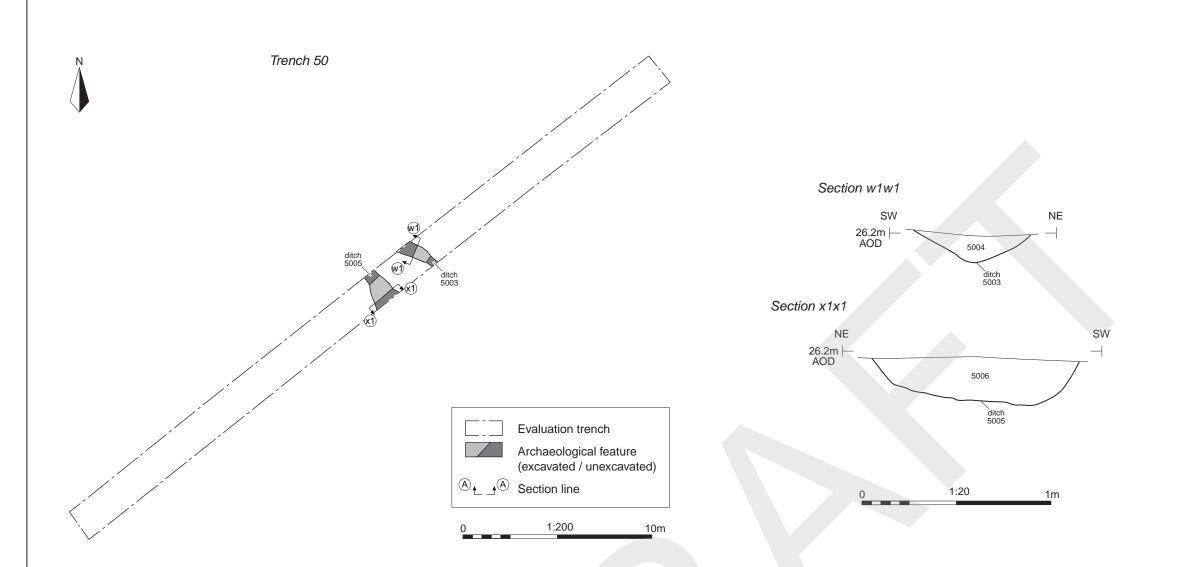
FIGURE TITLE Trench 49: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditch 5003, looking north-west (0.3m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

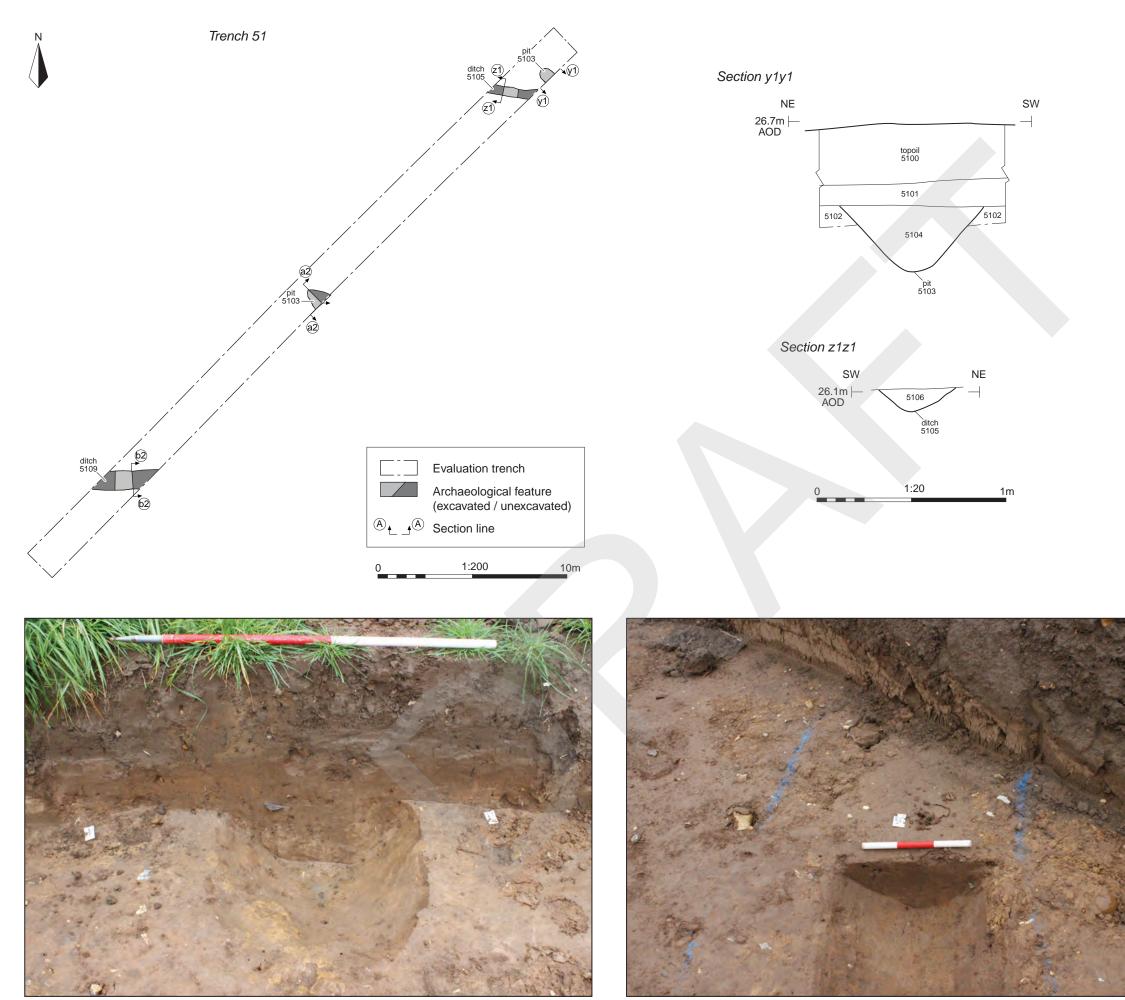
FIGURE TITLE Trench 50: plan, sections and photographs

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Pit 5106, looking south-east (1m scale)

Ditch 5106, looking north-west (0.3m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

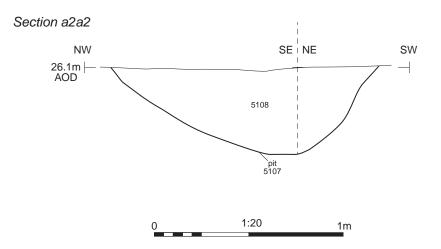
FIGURE TITLE Trench 51: plan, sections and photographs

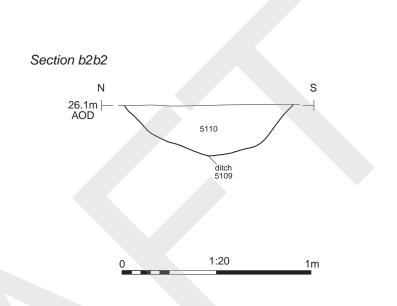
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APPROVED BY	TS

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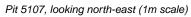
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Ditch 5109, looking east (1m scale)



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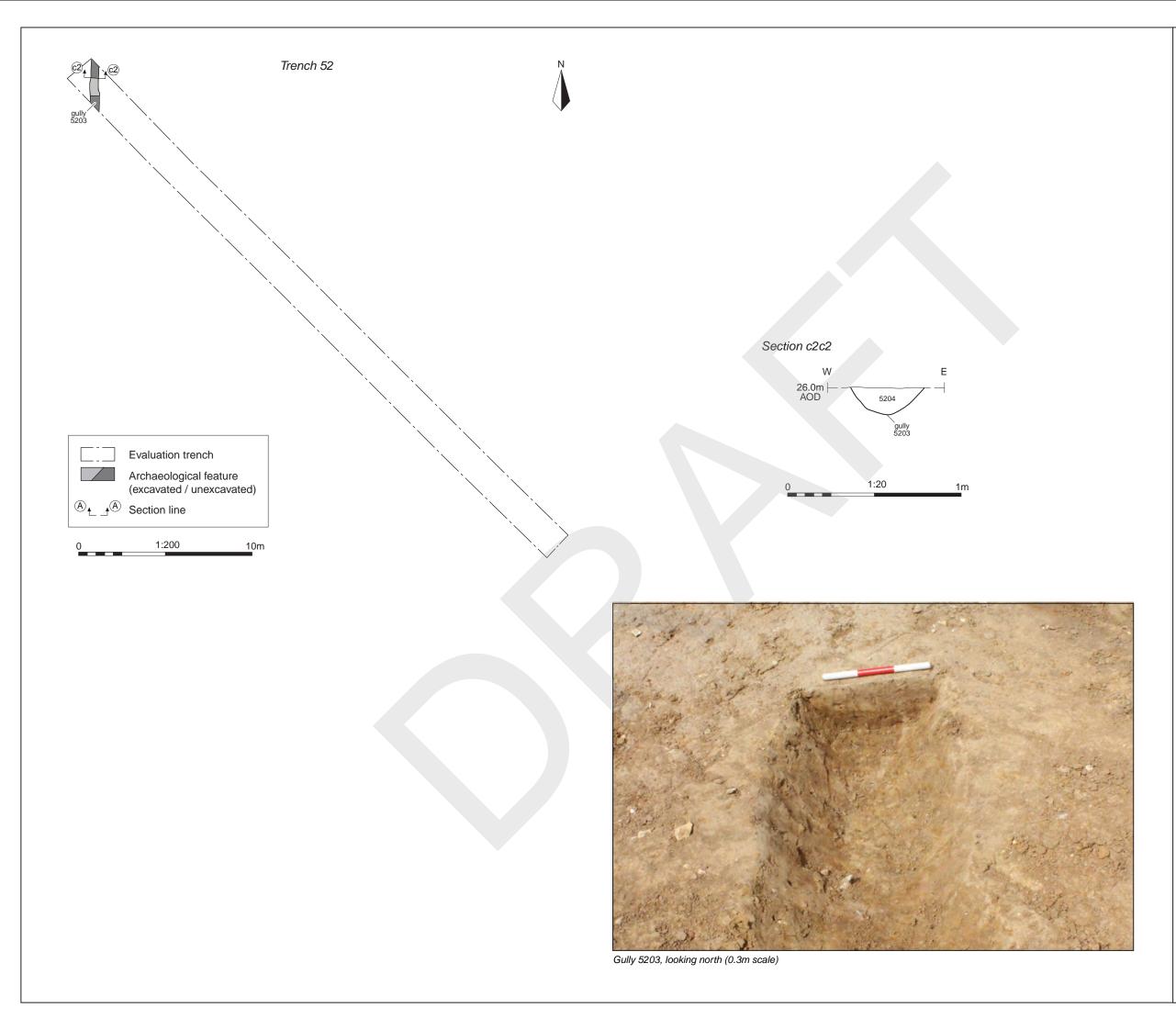
FIGURE TITLE Trench 51: sections and photographs

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

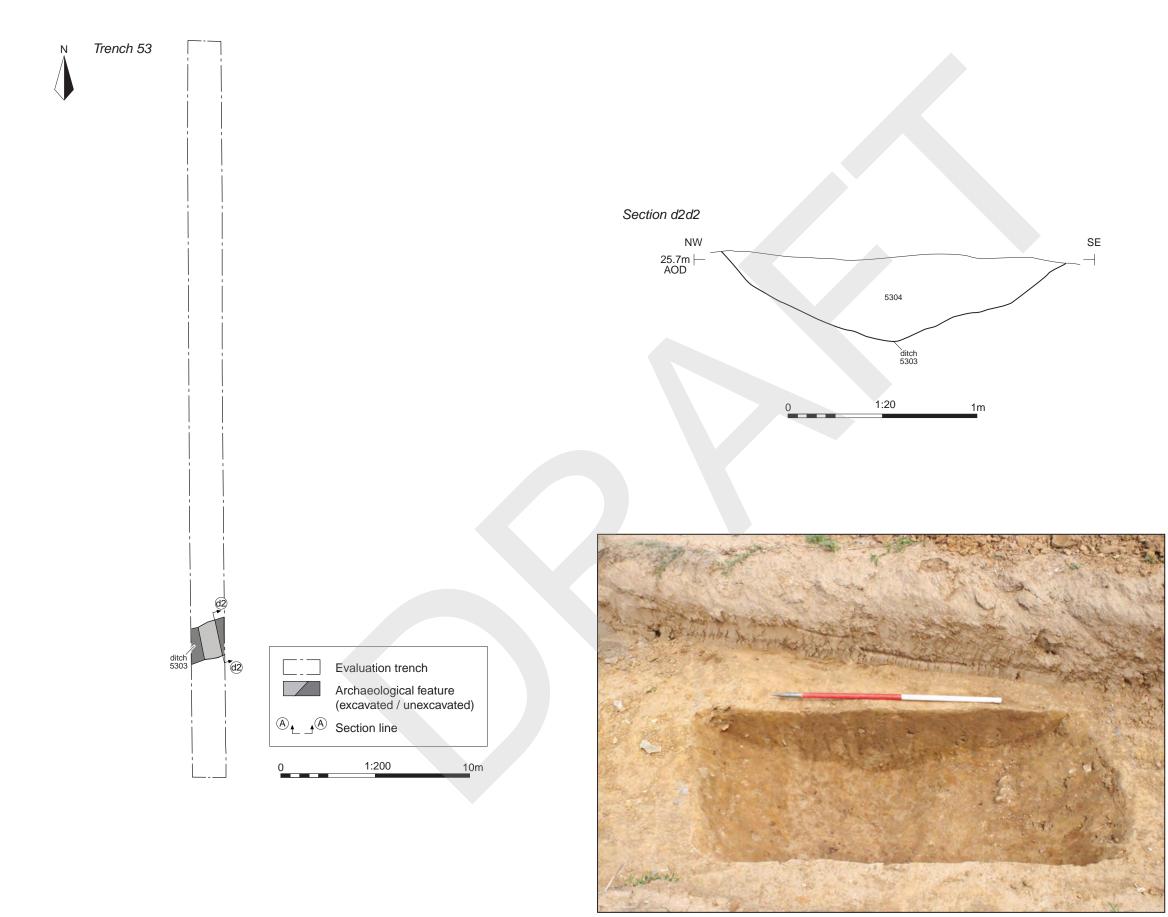
FIGURE TITLE Trench 52: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 5303, looking north-east (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

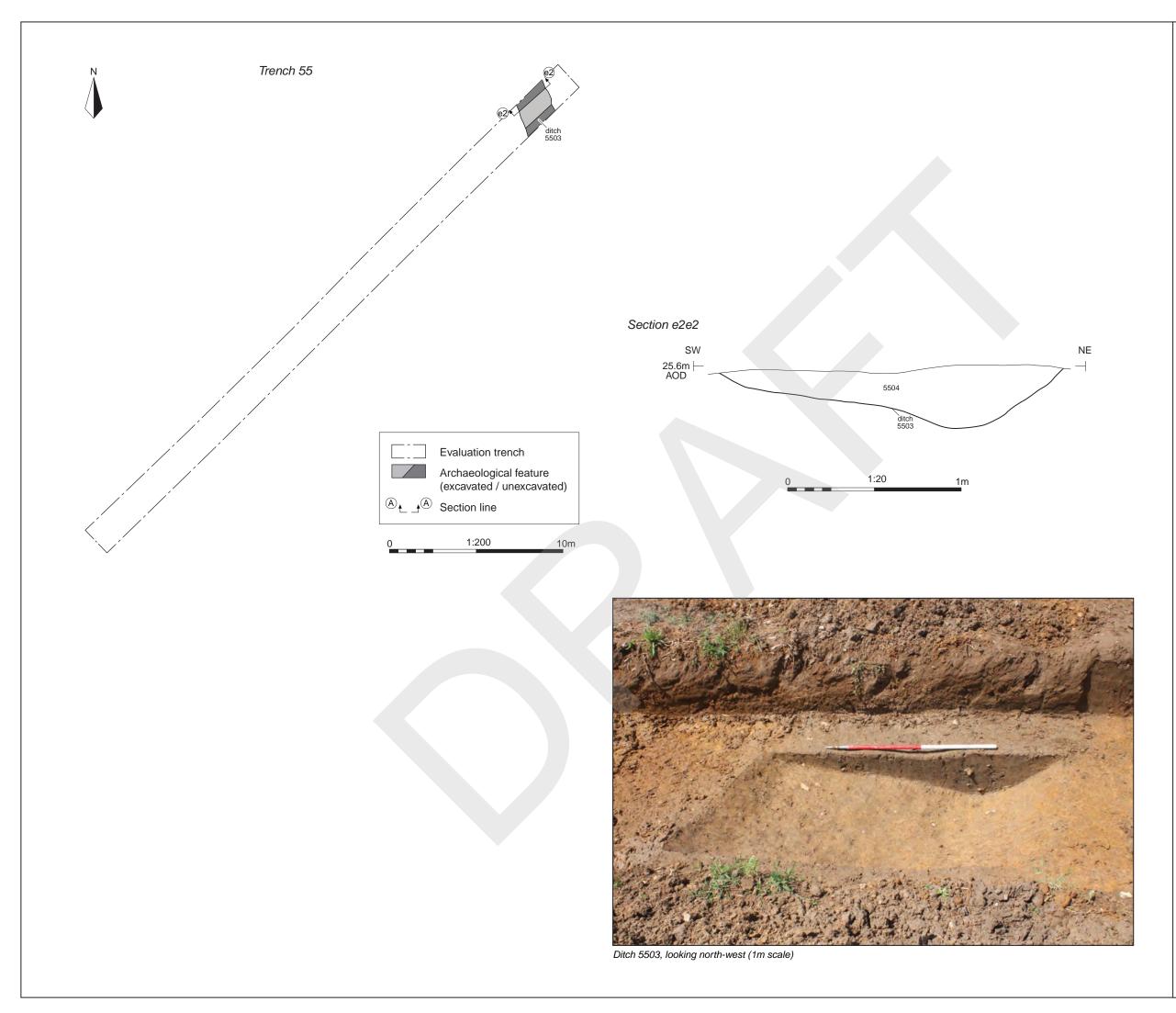
FIGURE TITLE Trench 53: plan, section and photograph

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

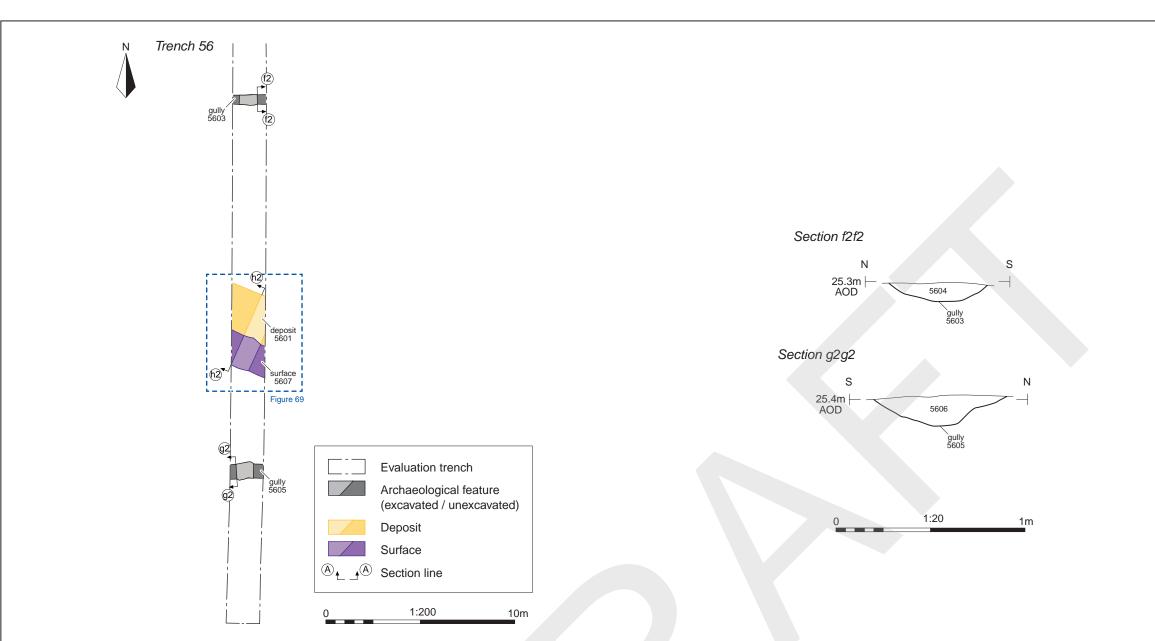
FIGURE TITLE Trench 55: plan, section and photograph

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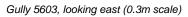
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Gully 5605, looking west (0.3m scale)



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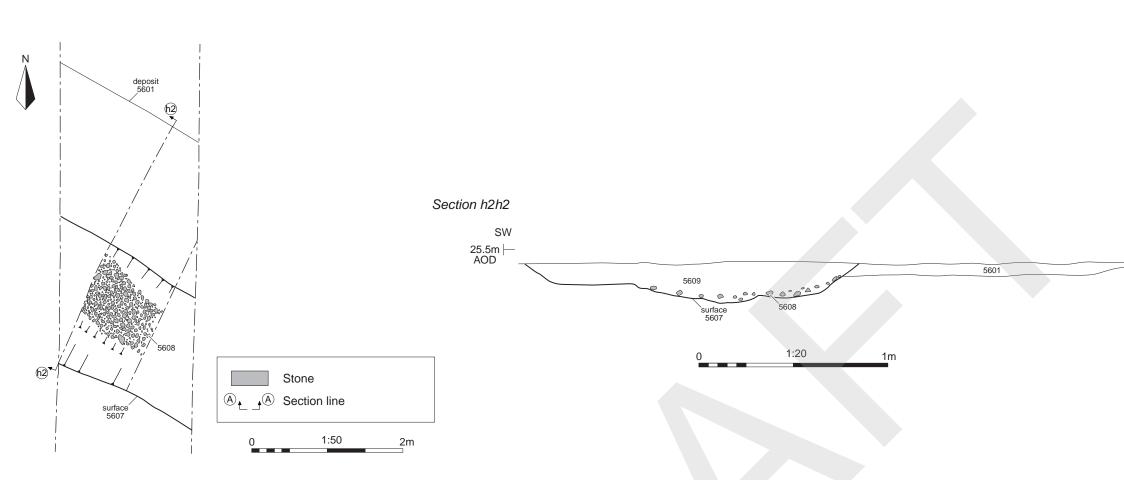
FIGURE TITLE Trench 56: plan, sections and photographs

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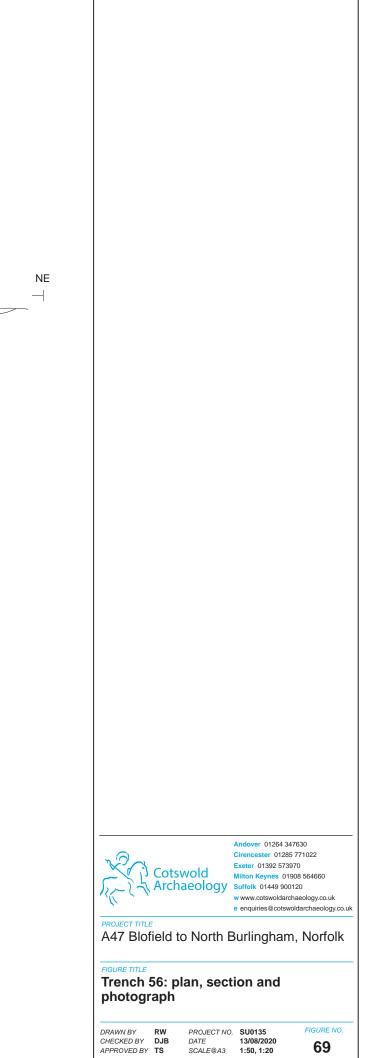
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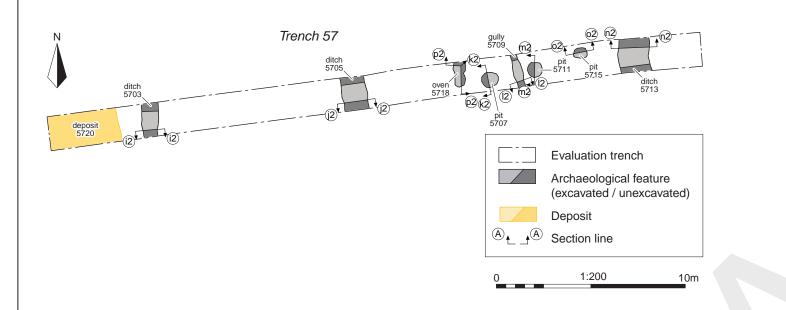
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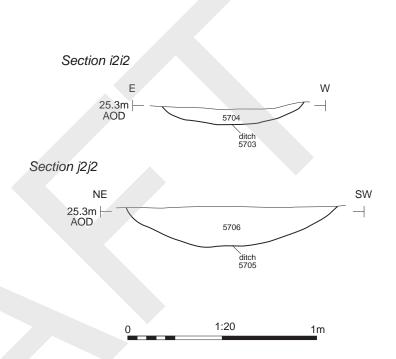




Metalled surface 5607, looking north-west (1m scale)











Ditch 5705, looking south-east (1m scale)

Ditch 5703, looking south (1m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

FIGURE TITLE Trench 57: plan, sections and photographs

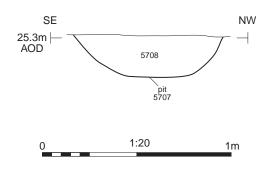
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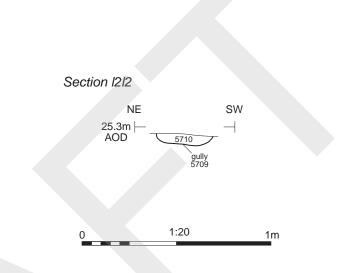
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Pit 5707, looking south-west (0.3m scale)

Gully 5709, looking south-east (0.3m scale)



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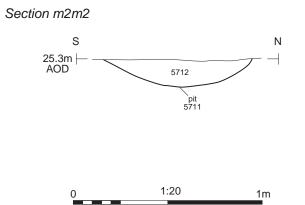
FIGURE TITLE Trench 57: sections and photographs

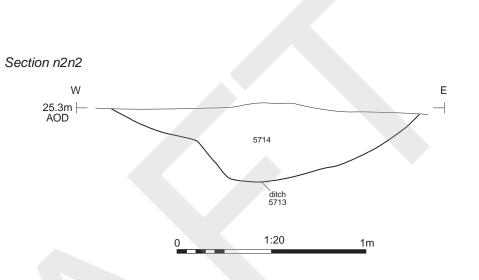
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Pit 5711, looking west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 5713, looking north (1m scale)



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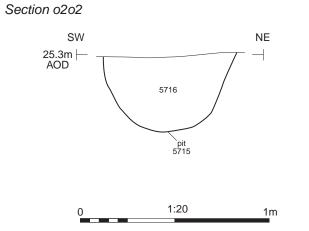
FIGURE TITLE Trench 57: sections and photographs

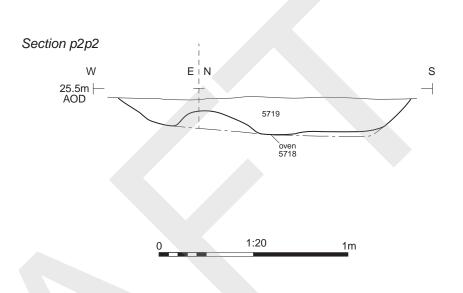
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Pit 5715, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

Oven 5718, looking west (1m scale)





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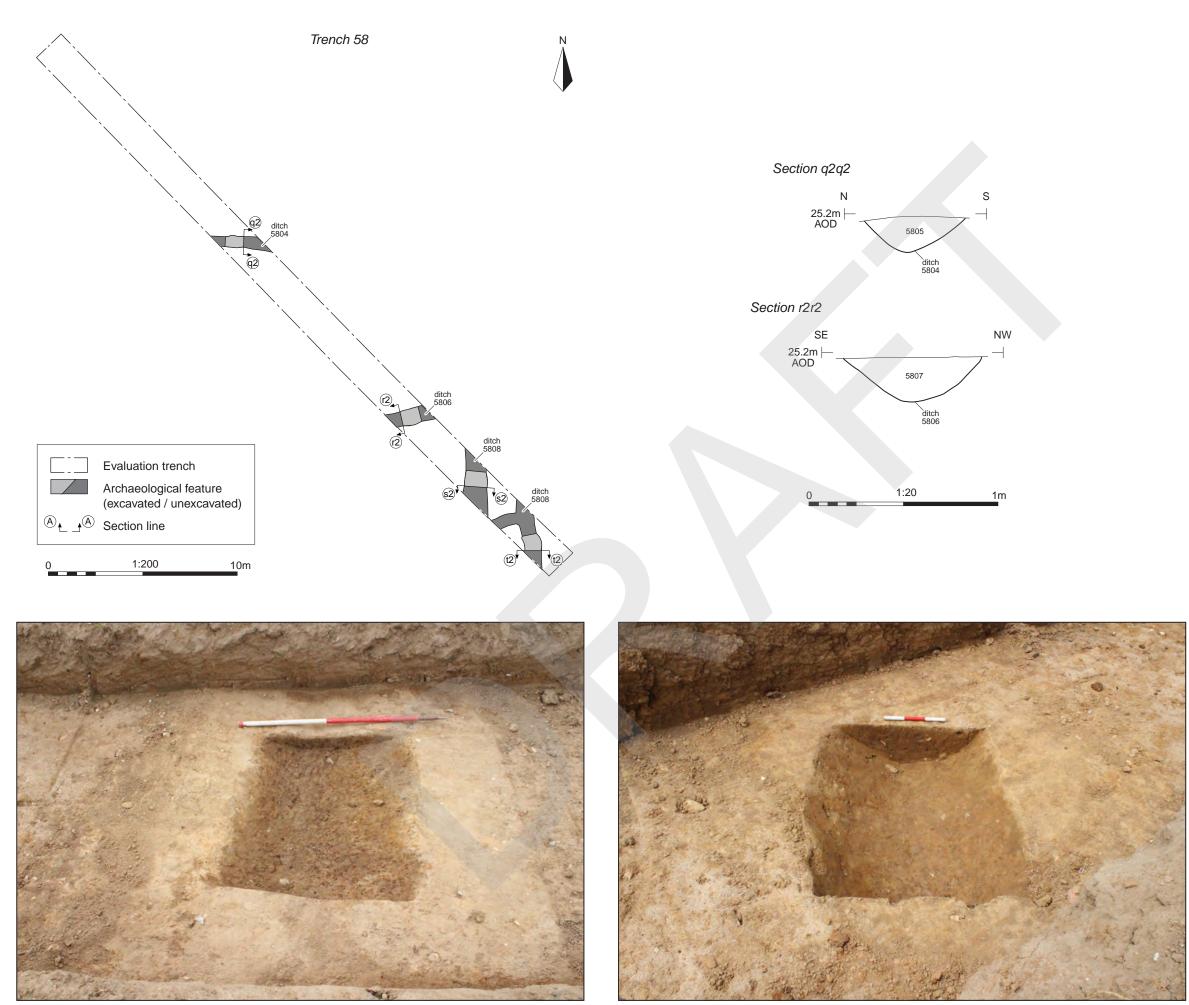
FIGURE TITLE Trench 57: sections and photographs

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Ditch 5804, looking east (01 scale)

Ditch 5806, looking south-west (0.3m scale)



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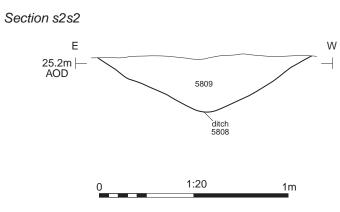
FIGURE TITLE Trench 58: plan, sections and photographs

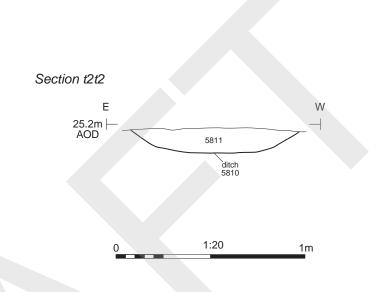
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Ditch 5808, looking south (1m scale)

Ditch 5810, looking south (1m scale)



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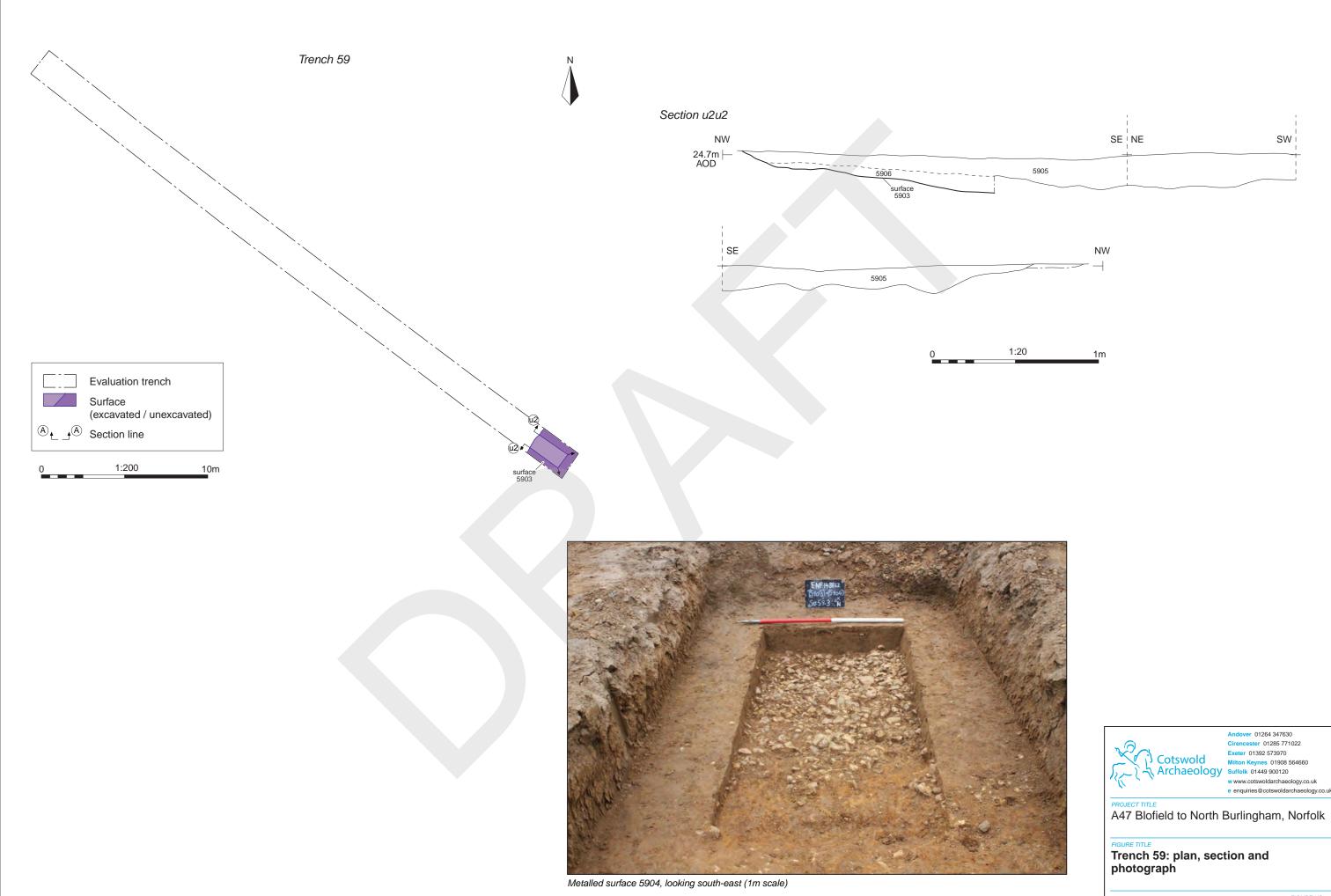
FIGURE TITLE Trench 58: sections and photographs

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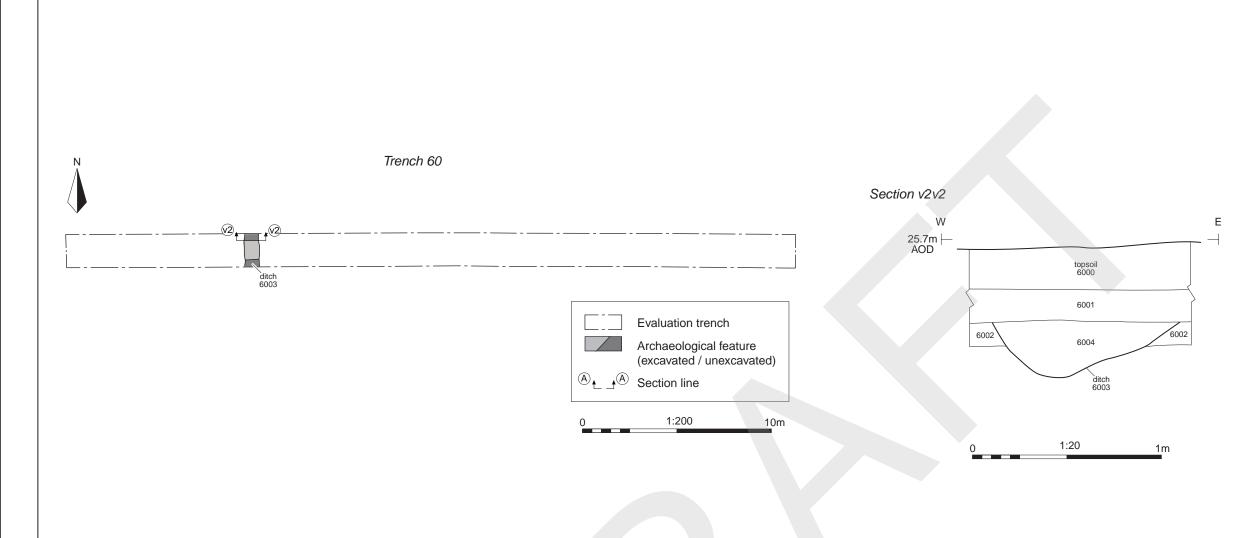
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Ditch 6003, looking north (1m scale)



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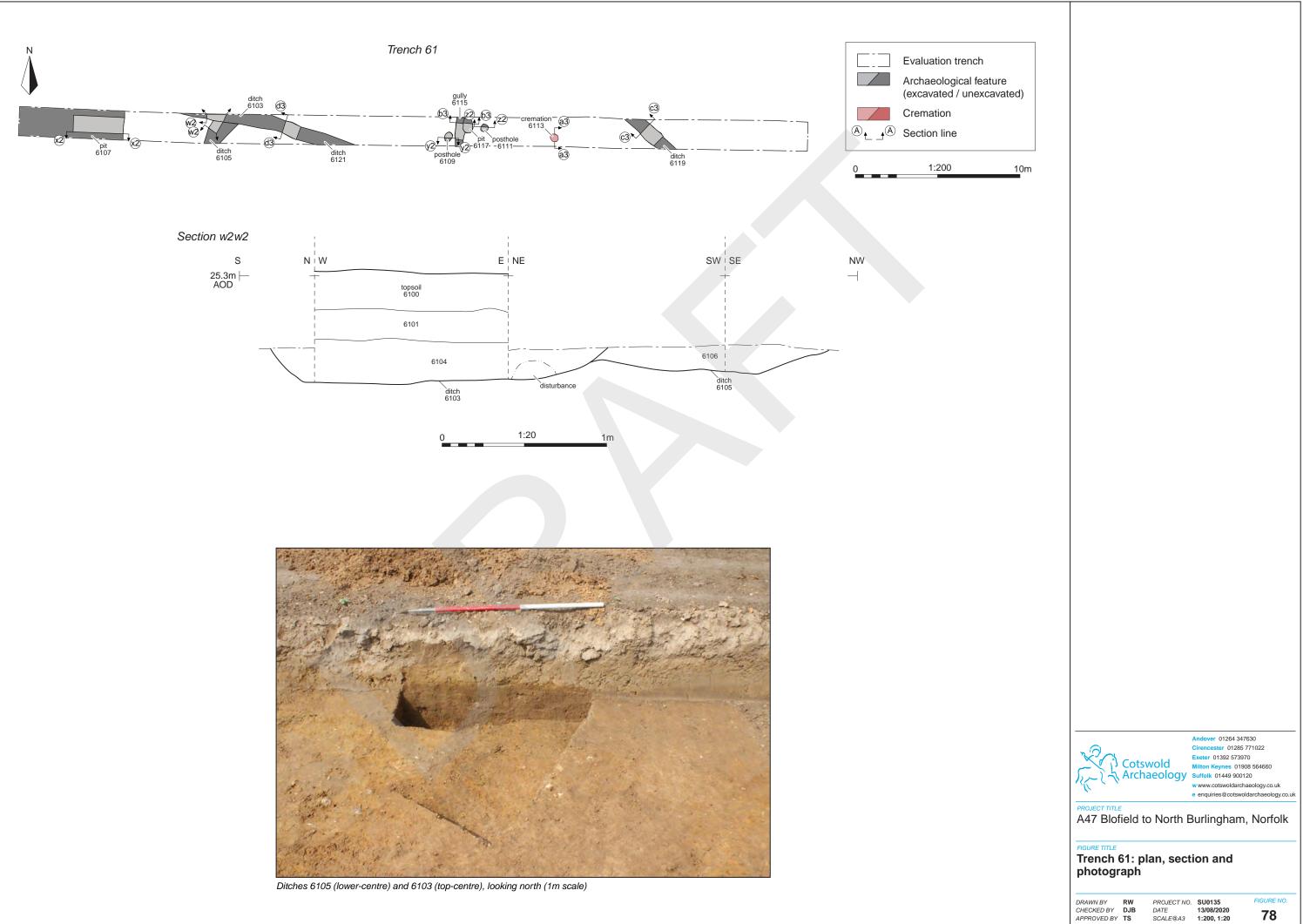
FIGURE TITLE Trench 60: plan, section and photograph

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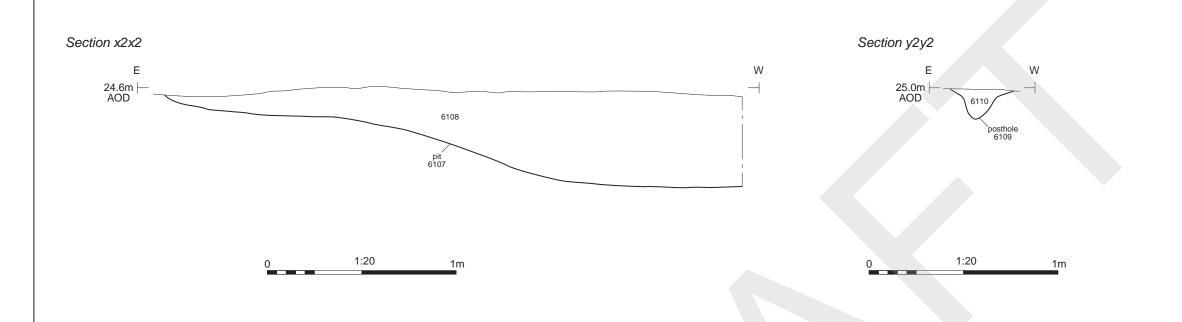
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Pit 6107, looking south (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

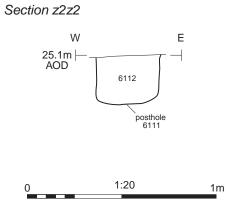
FIGURE TITLE Trench 61: sections and photographs

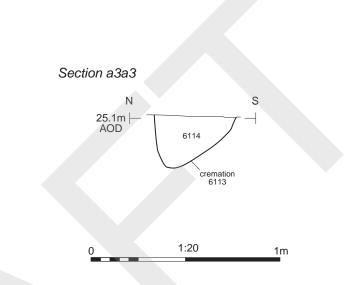
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Posthole 6111, looking north (0.3m scale)

Cremation 6113, looking east (0.3m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

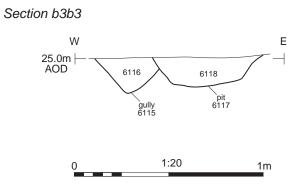
FIGURE TITLE Trench 61: sections and photographs

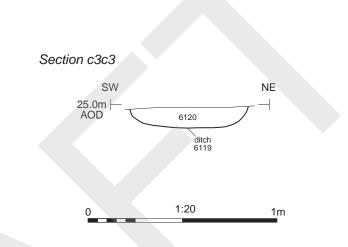
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Gully 6115 (left) and pit 6117 (right), looking north (1m scale)



Ditch 6119, looking north-west (1m scale)



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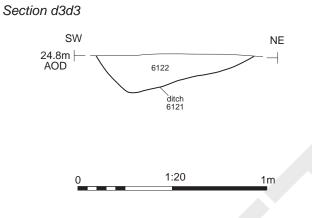
FIGURE TITLE Trench 61: sections and photographs

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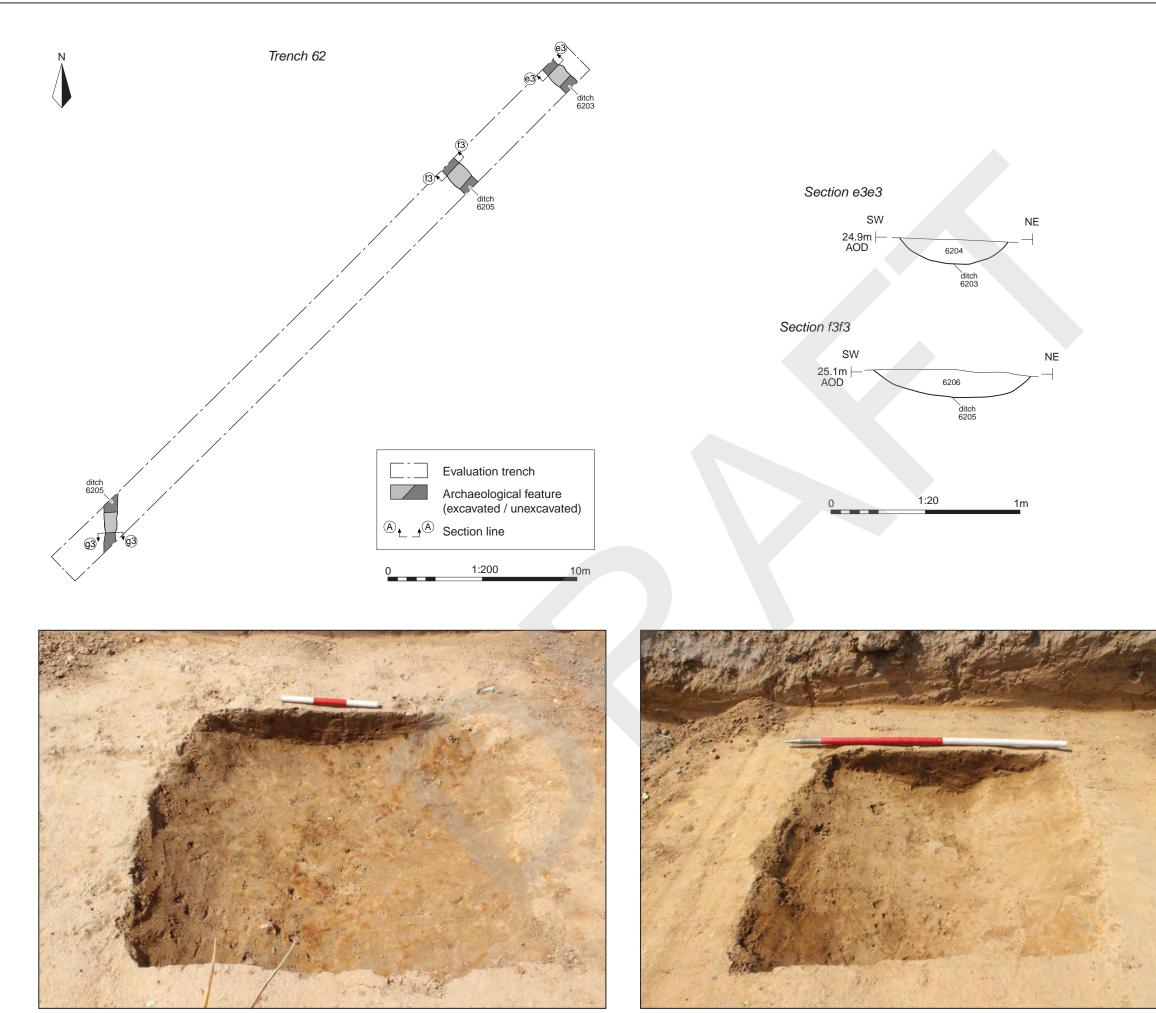
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Ditch 6121, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk
FIGURE TITLE Trench 61: section and photograph
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Ditch 6203, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 6205, looking north-west (1m scale)





PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

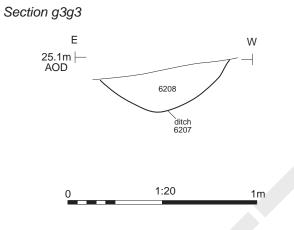
FIGURE TITLE Trench 62: plan, sections and photographs

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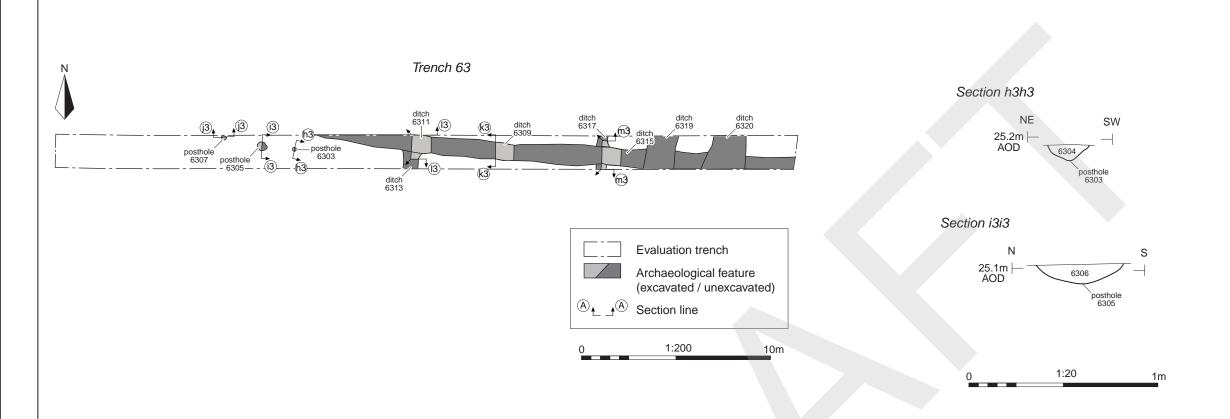
 SCALE@A3
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Ditch 6207, looking south (0.3m scale)

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FIGURE TITLE Trench 62: section and photograph
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Posthole 6303, looking south-west (0.3m scale)



Posthole 6305, looking east (0.3m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

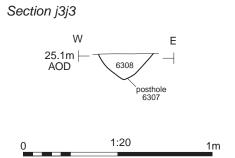
FIGURE TITLE Trench 63: plan, sections and photographs

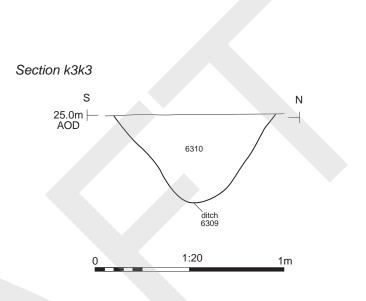
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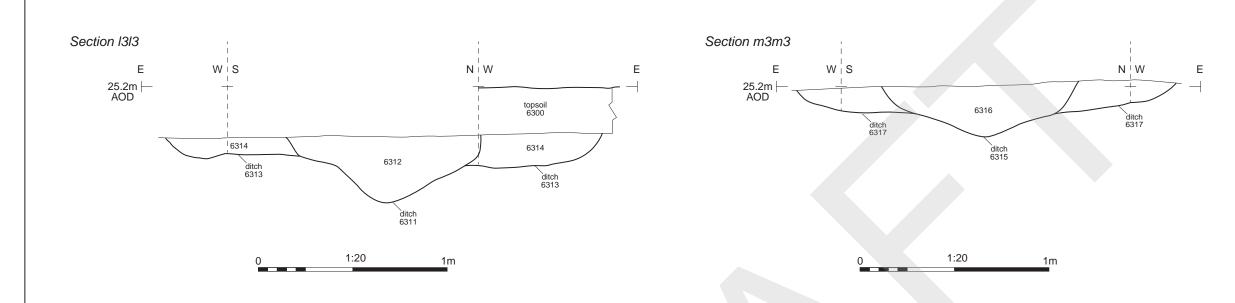
FIGURE TITLE Trench 63: sections and photographs

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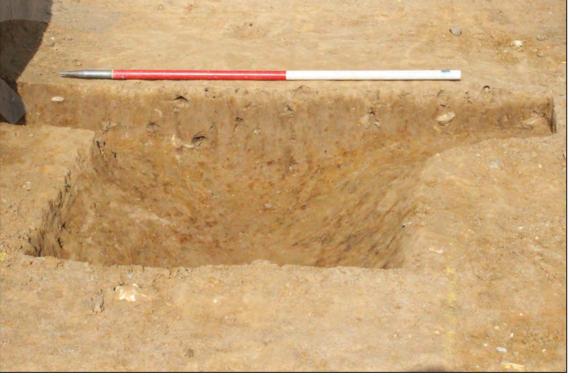
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Ditches 6315 (centre) and 6317 (left and right) looking west (1m scale)

Ditch 6313, looking north (1m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

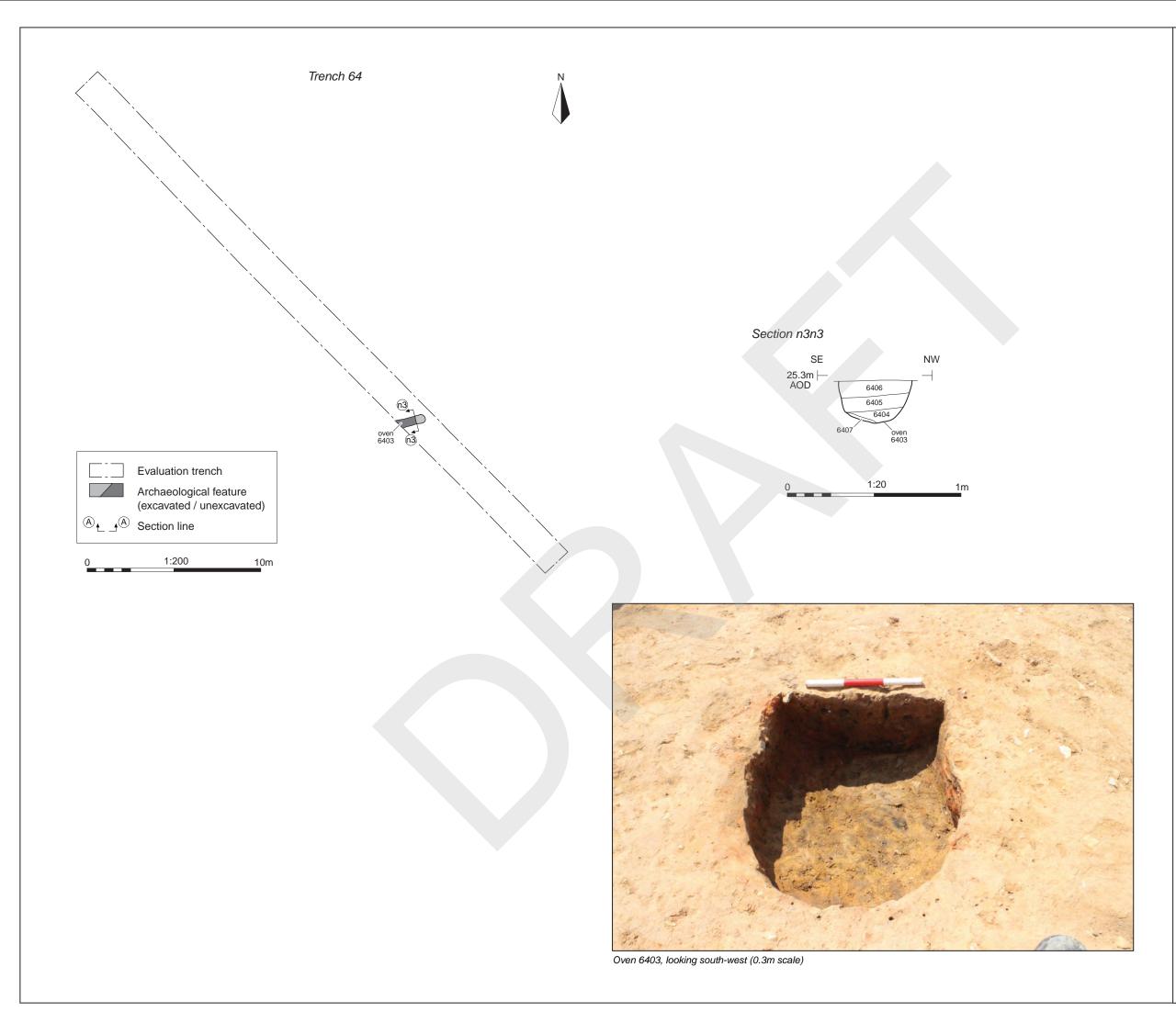
FIGURE TITLE Trench 63: sections and photographs

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

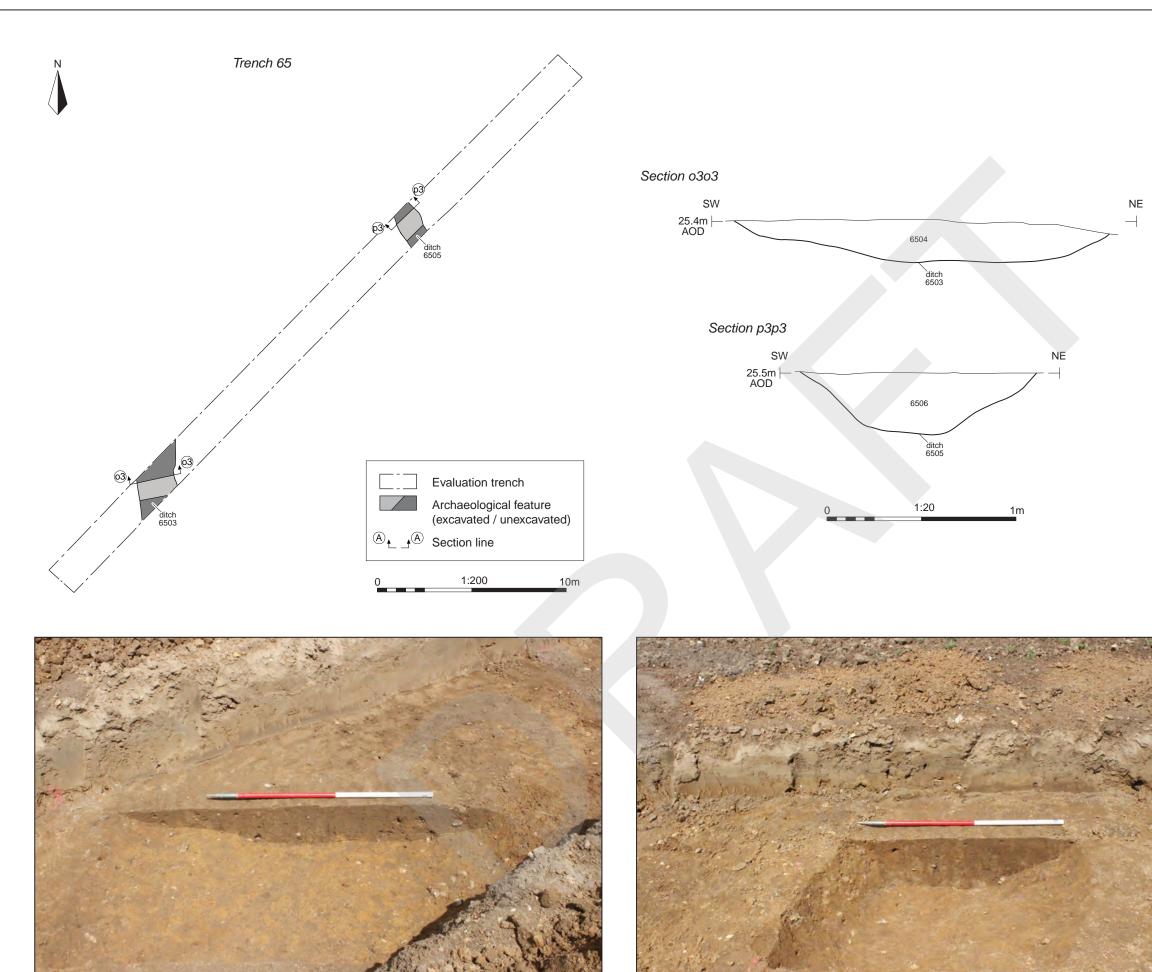
FIGURE TITLE Trench 64: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 6503, looking north-west (1m scale)

Ditch 6505, looking north-west (1m scale)





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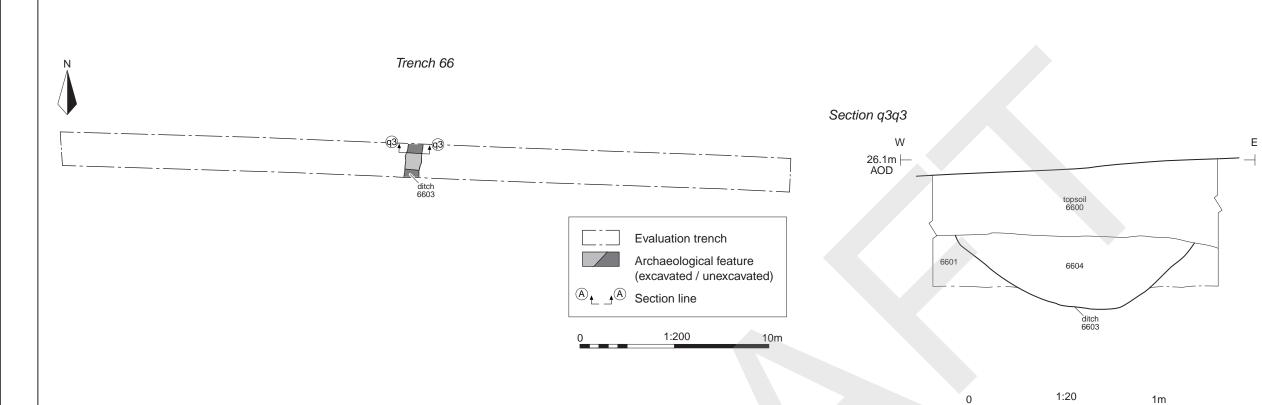
FIGURE TITLE Trench 65: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditch 6603, looking north (0.3m and 1m scale)



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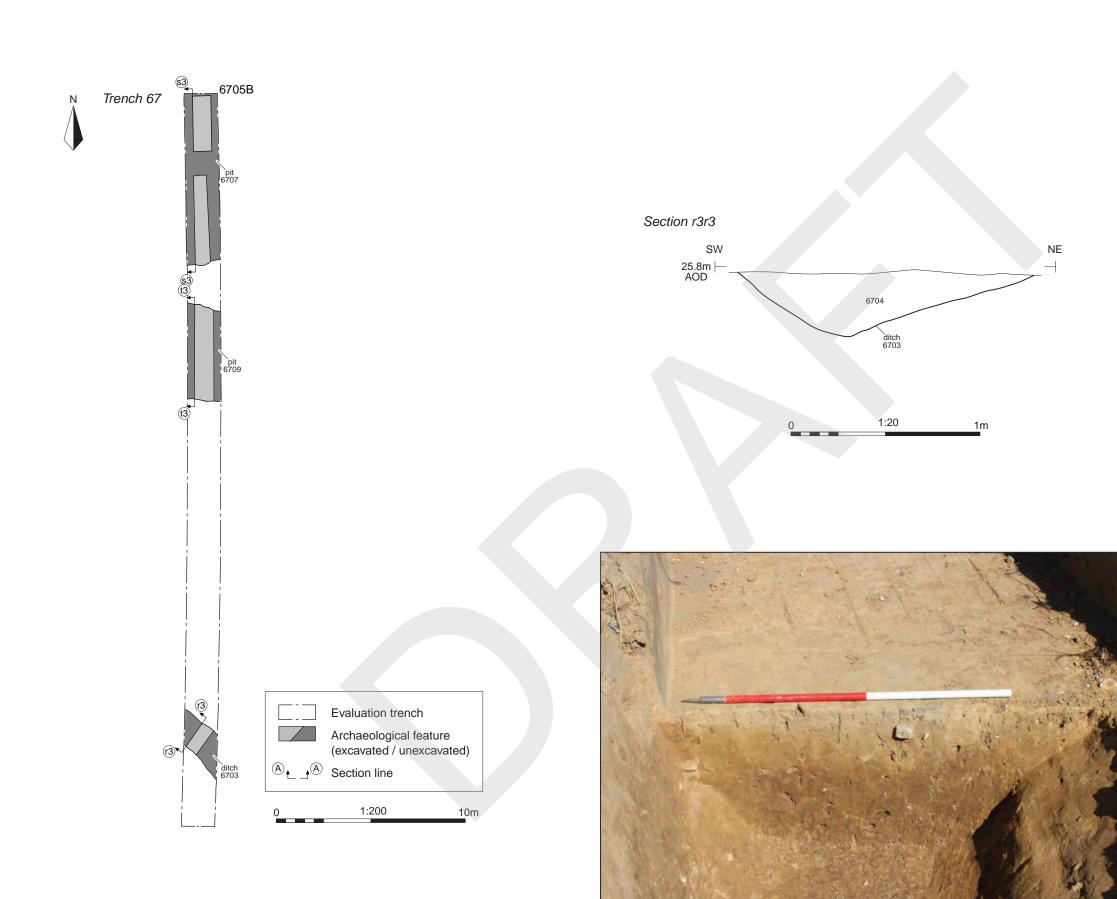
FIGURE TITLE Trench 66: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 6703, looking north-west (1m scale)





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FIGURE TITLE Trench 67: plan, section and photograph

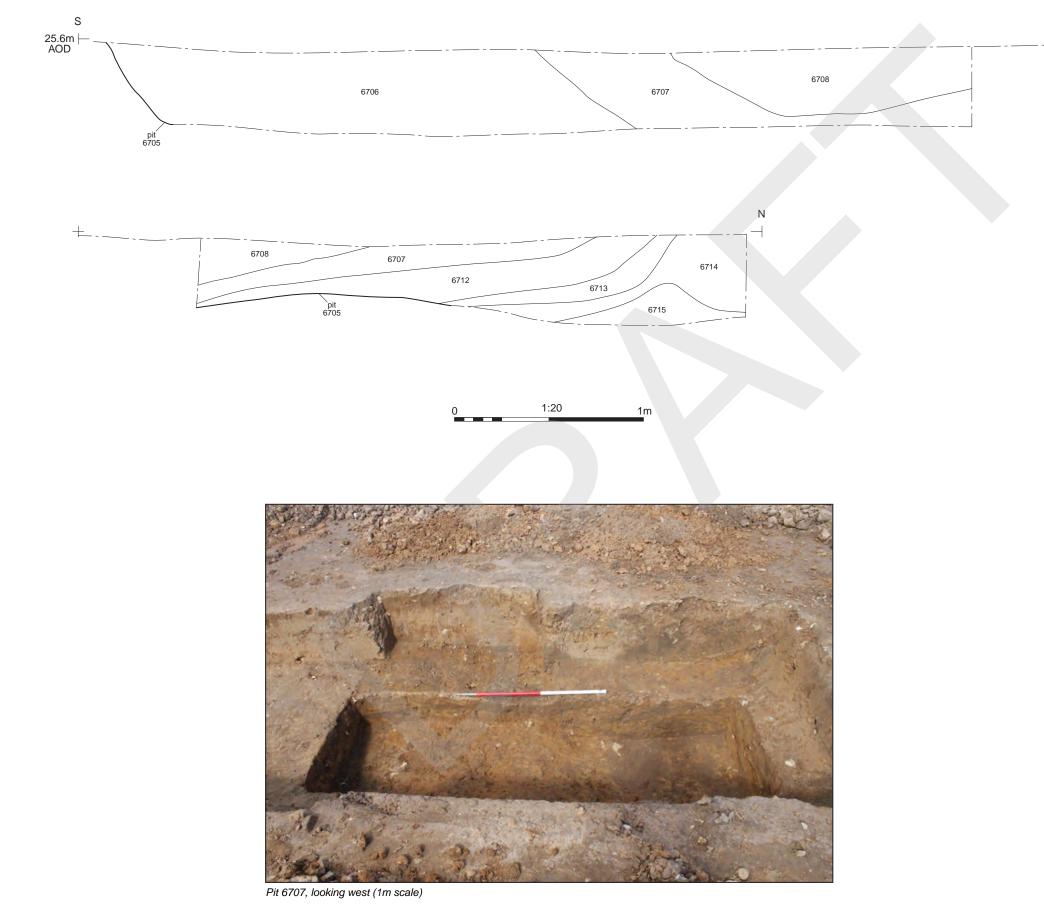
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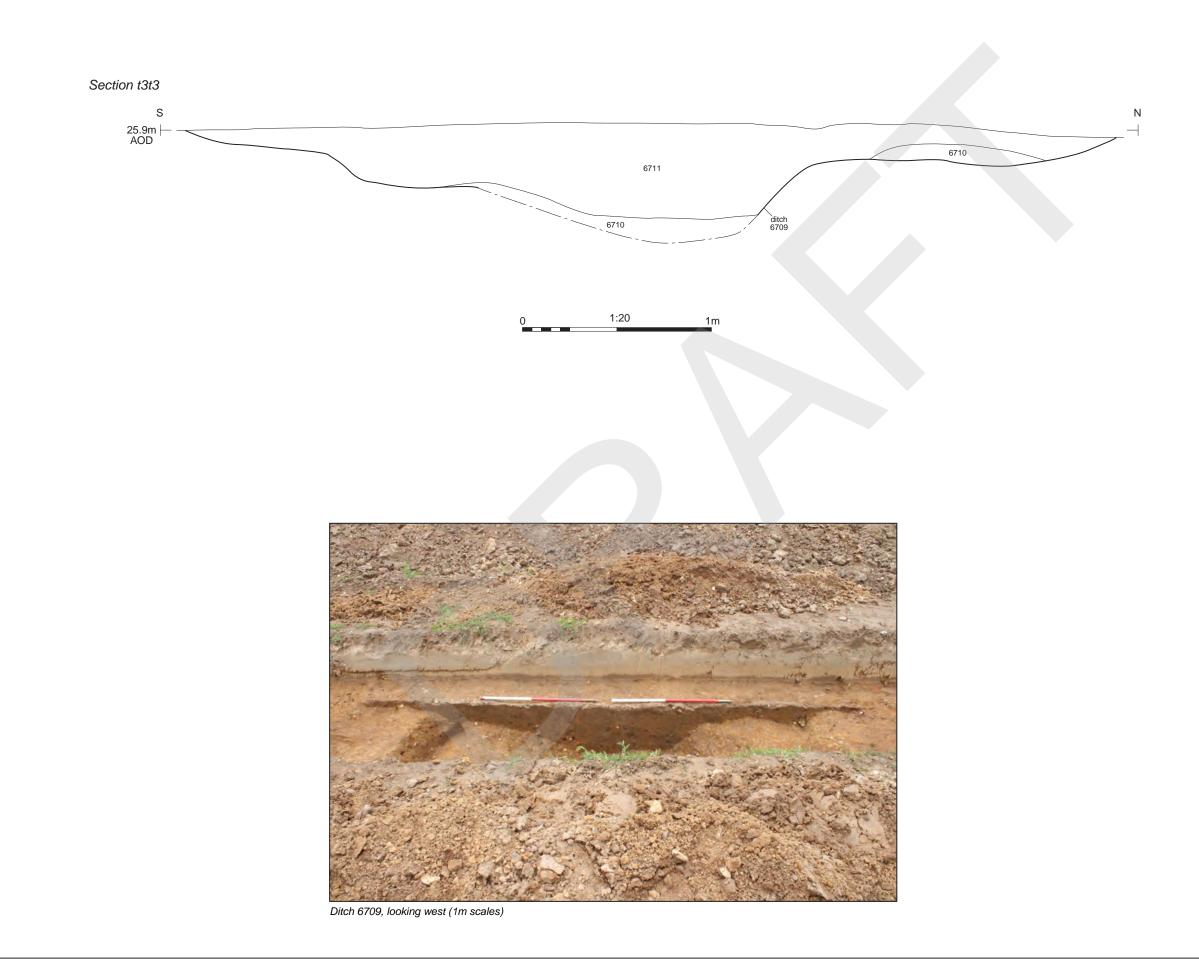
FIGURE TITLE Trench 67: section and photograph

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

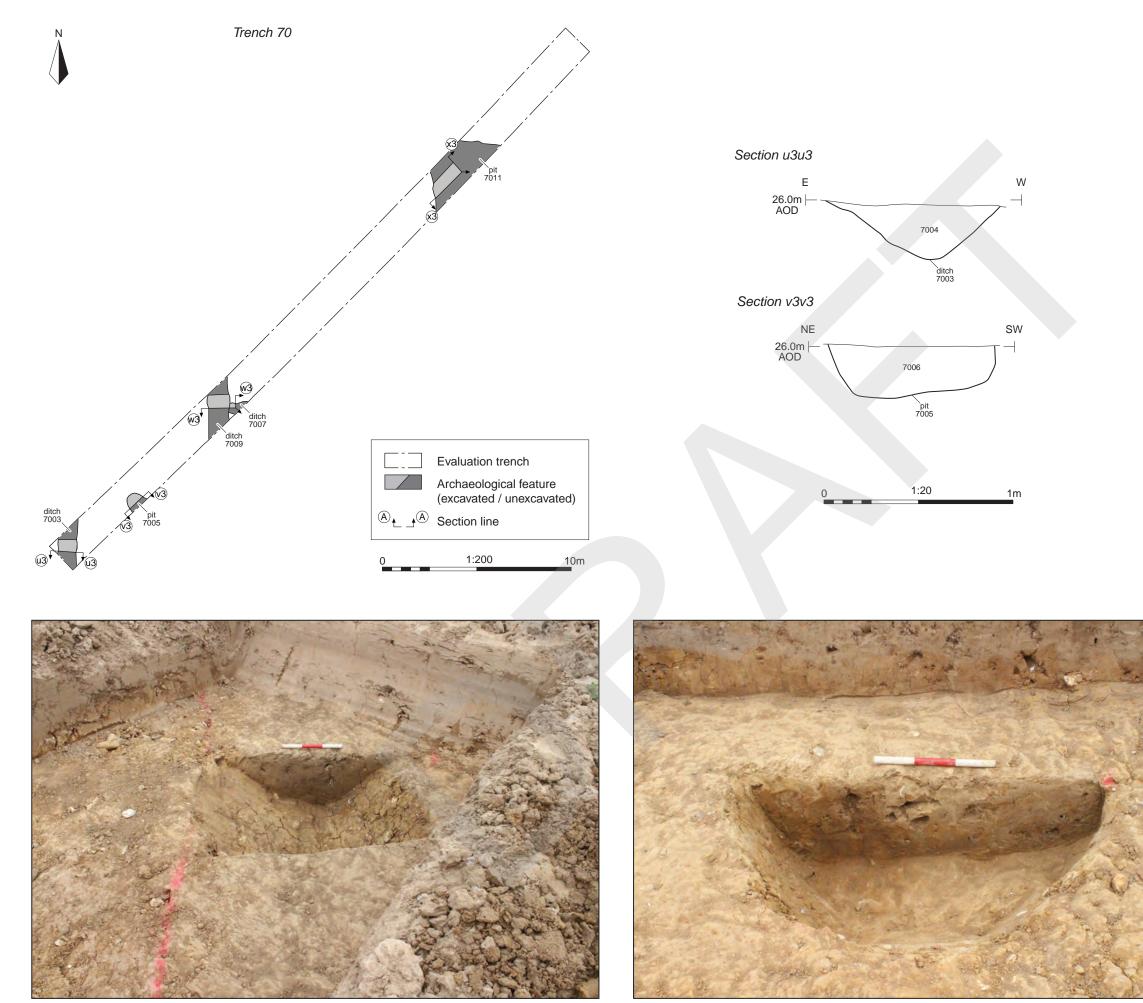
FIGURE TITLE Trench 67: sections and photographs

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Ditch 7003, looking south (0.3m scale)

Pit 7005, looking south-east (0.3m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

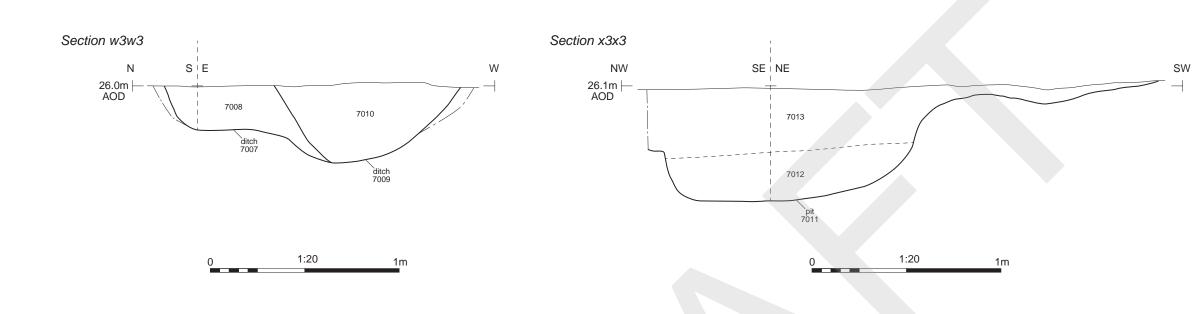
FIGURE TITLE Trench 70: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditches 7007 (left) and 7009 (right), looking south (1m scale)



Pit 7011, looking south-east (1m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

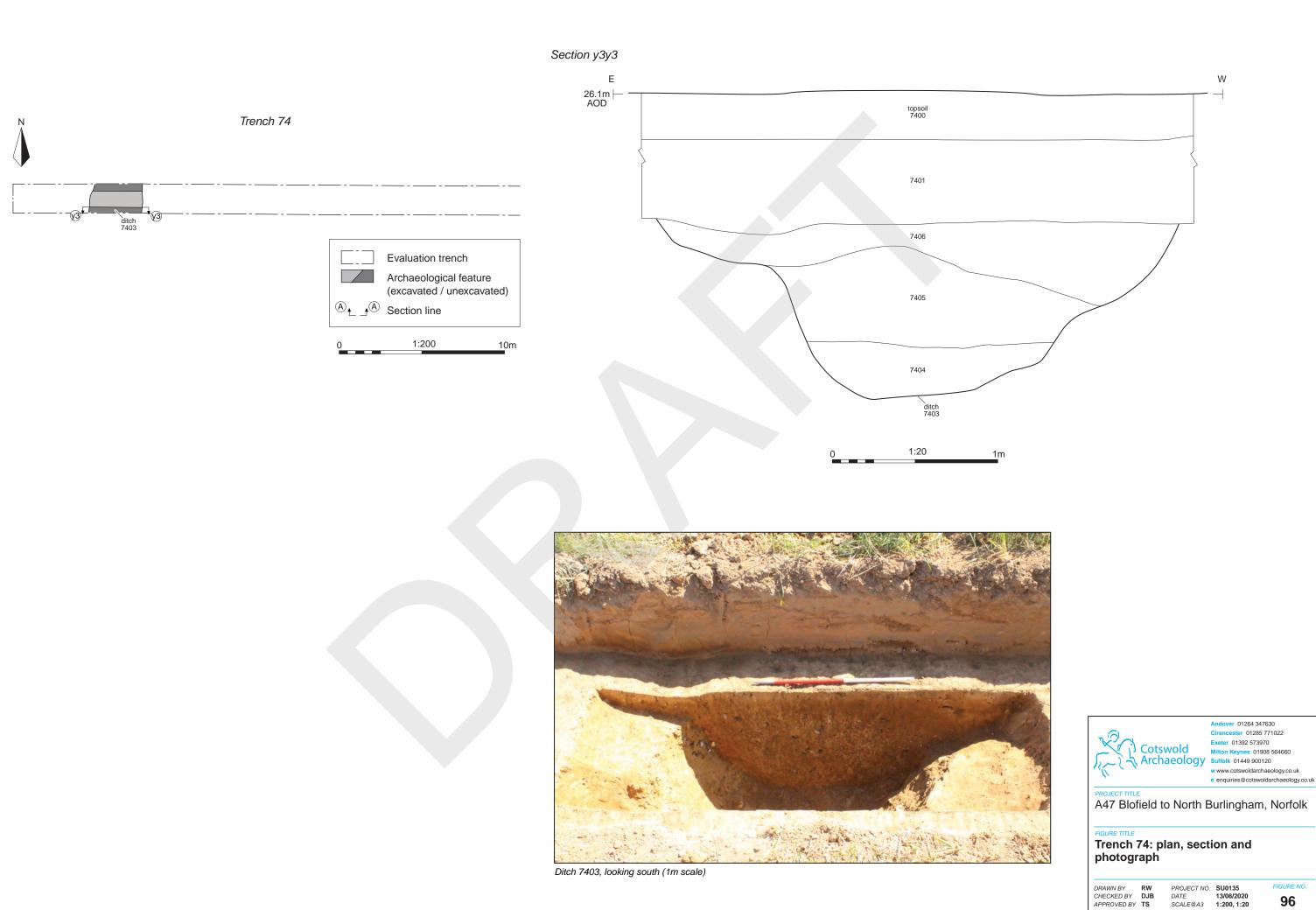
FIGURE TITLE Trench 70: sections and photographs

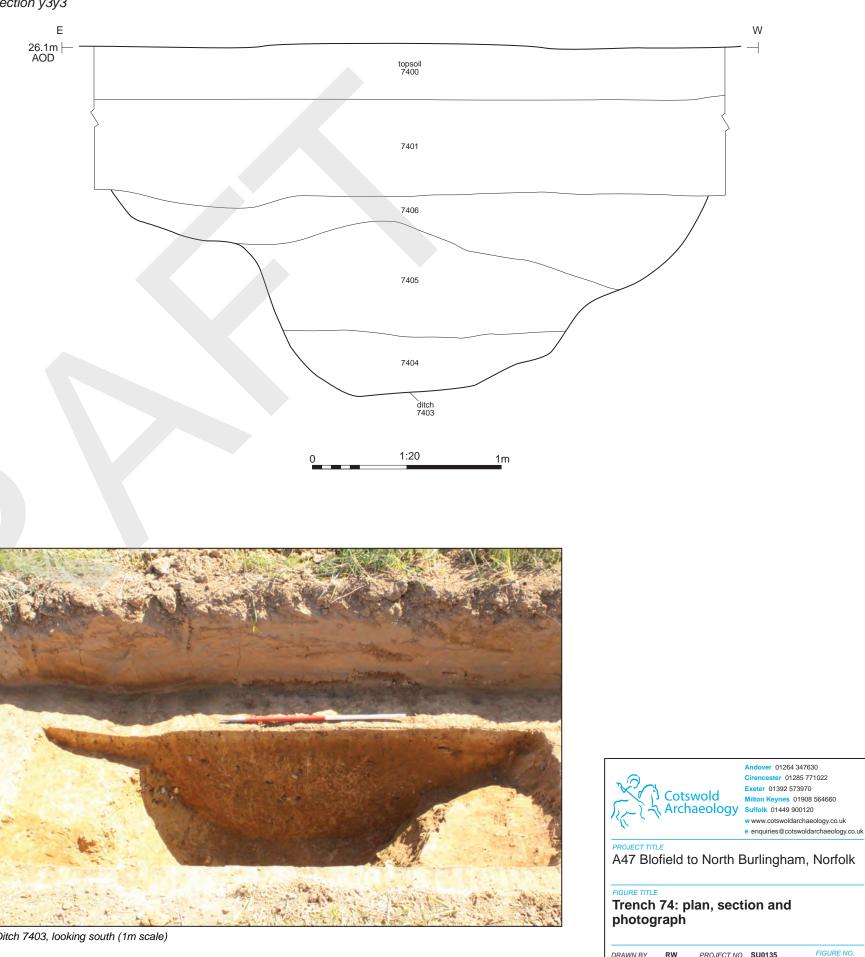
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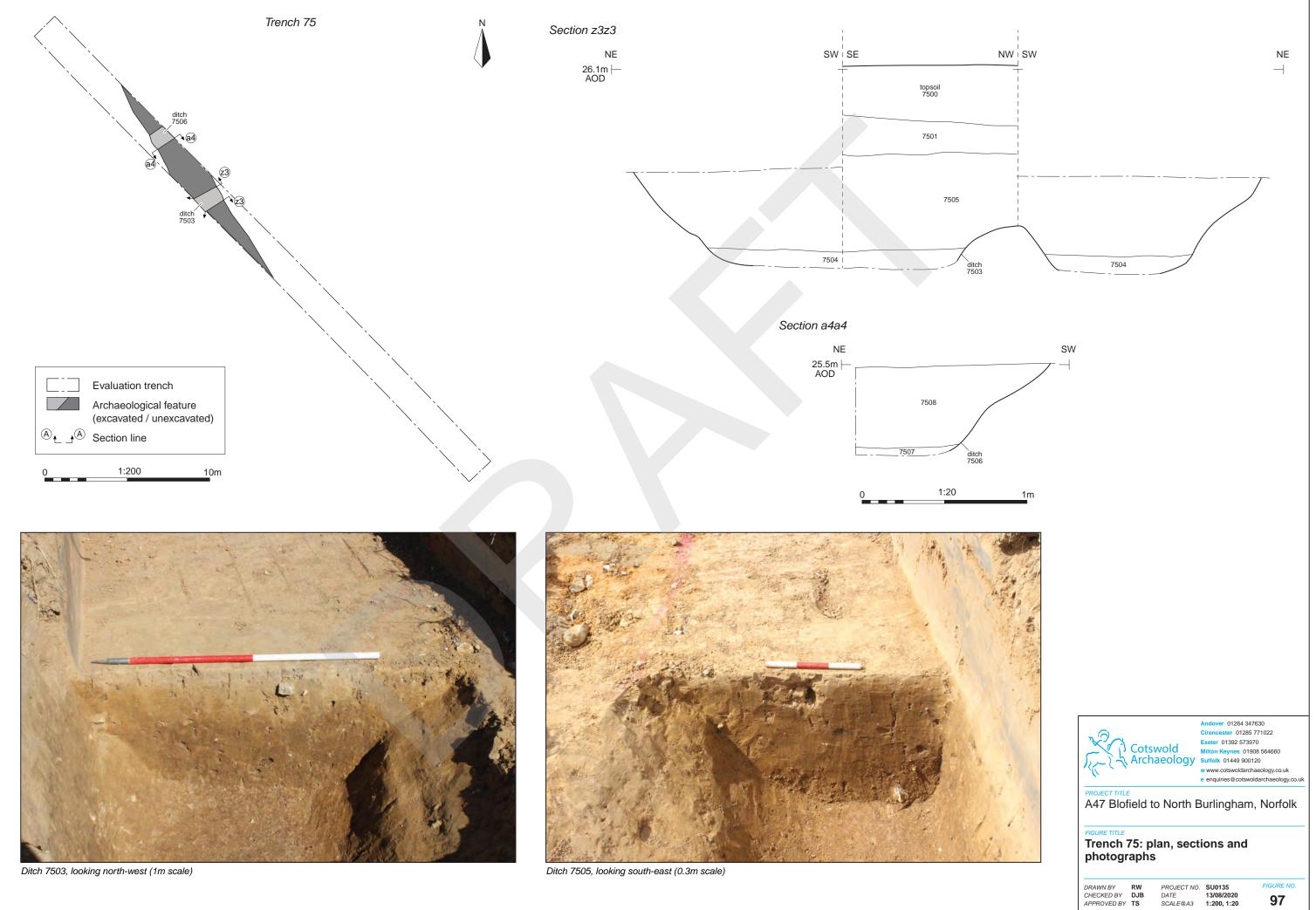
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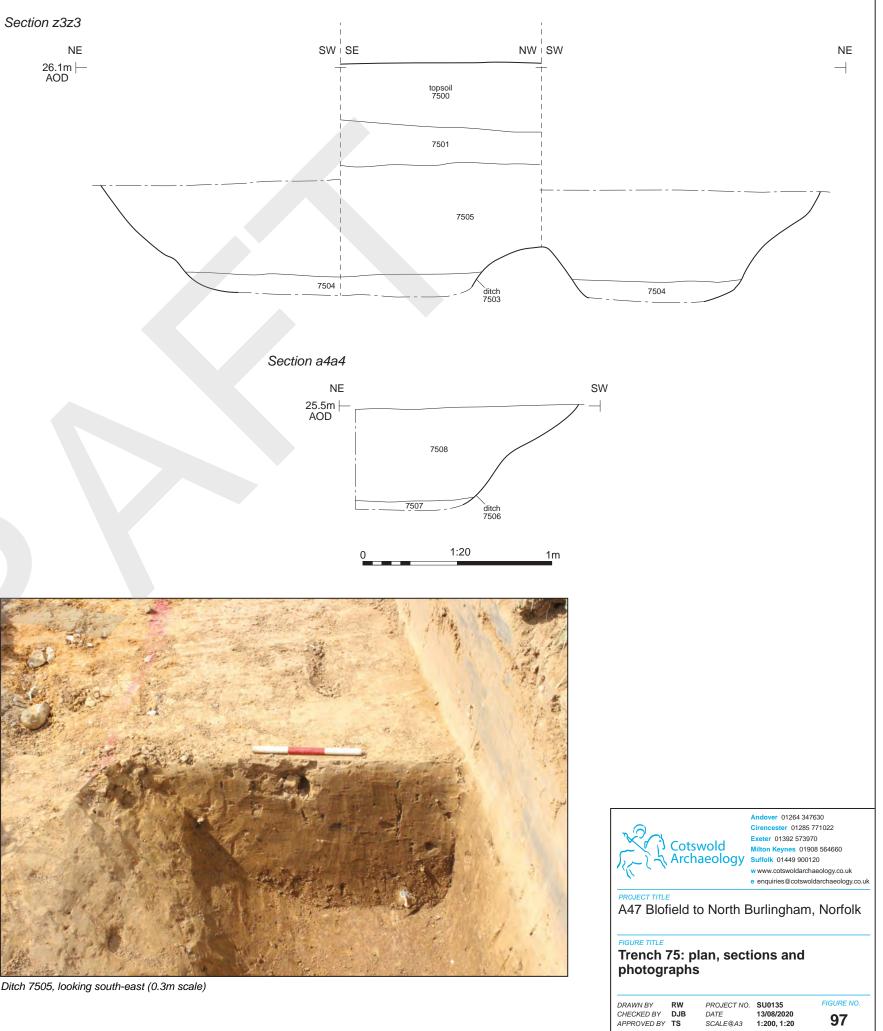
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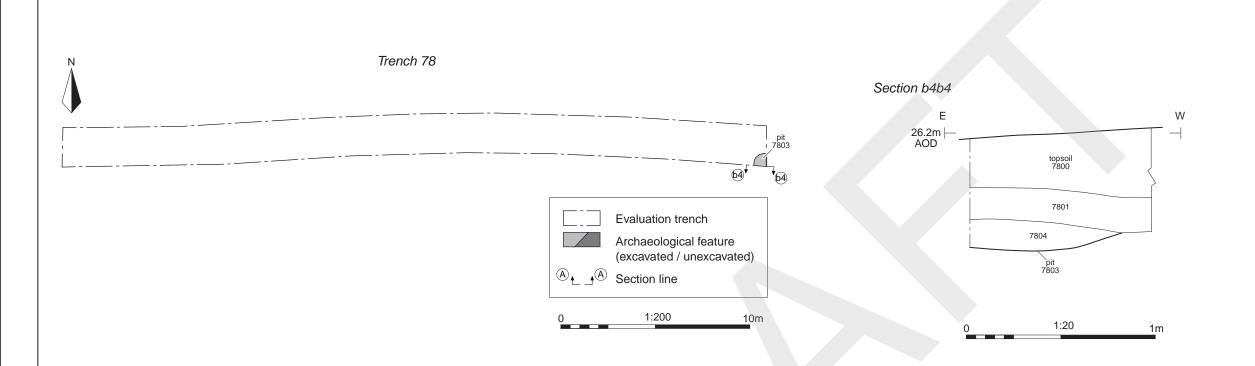














Pit 7803, looking south (1m scale)



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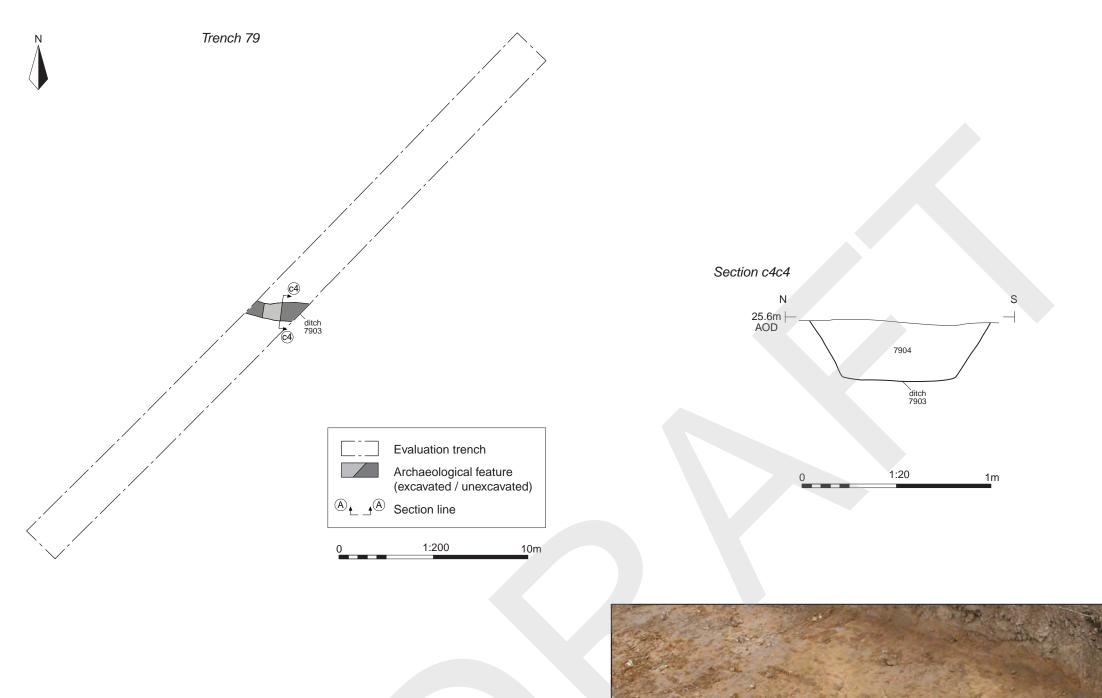
FIGURE TITLE Trench 78: plan, section and photograph

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Ditch 7903, looking east (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

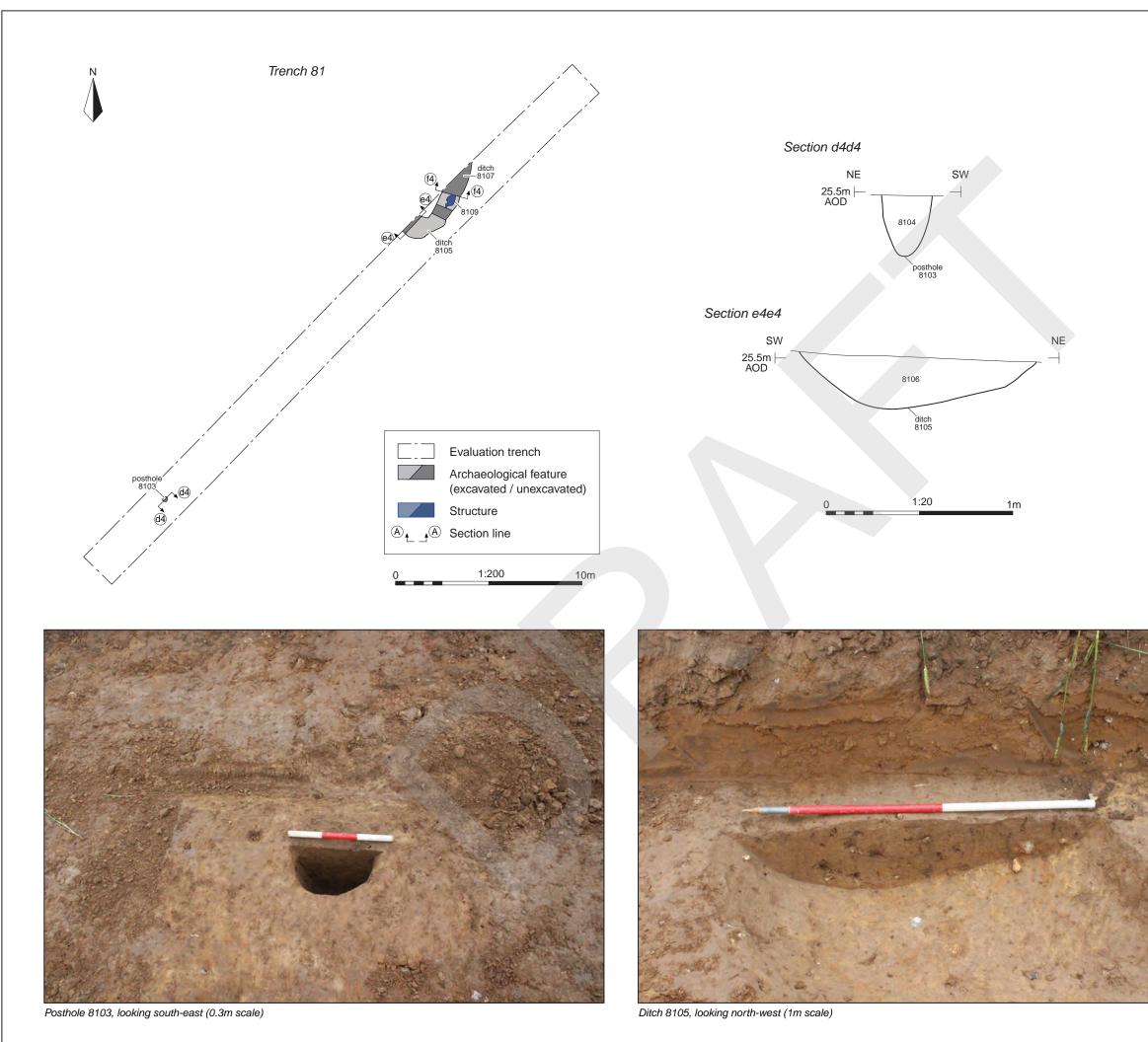
HOURE TITLE Trench 79: plan, section and photograph

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PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

FIGURE TITLE Trench 81: plan, sections and photographs

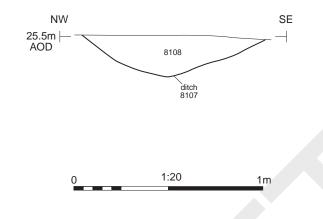
DRAWN BY RW CHECKED BY DJB APPROVED BY TS

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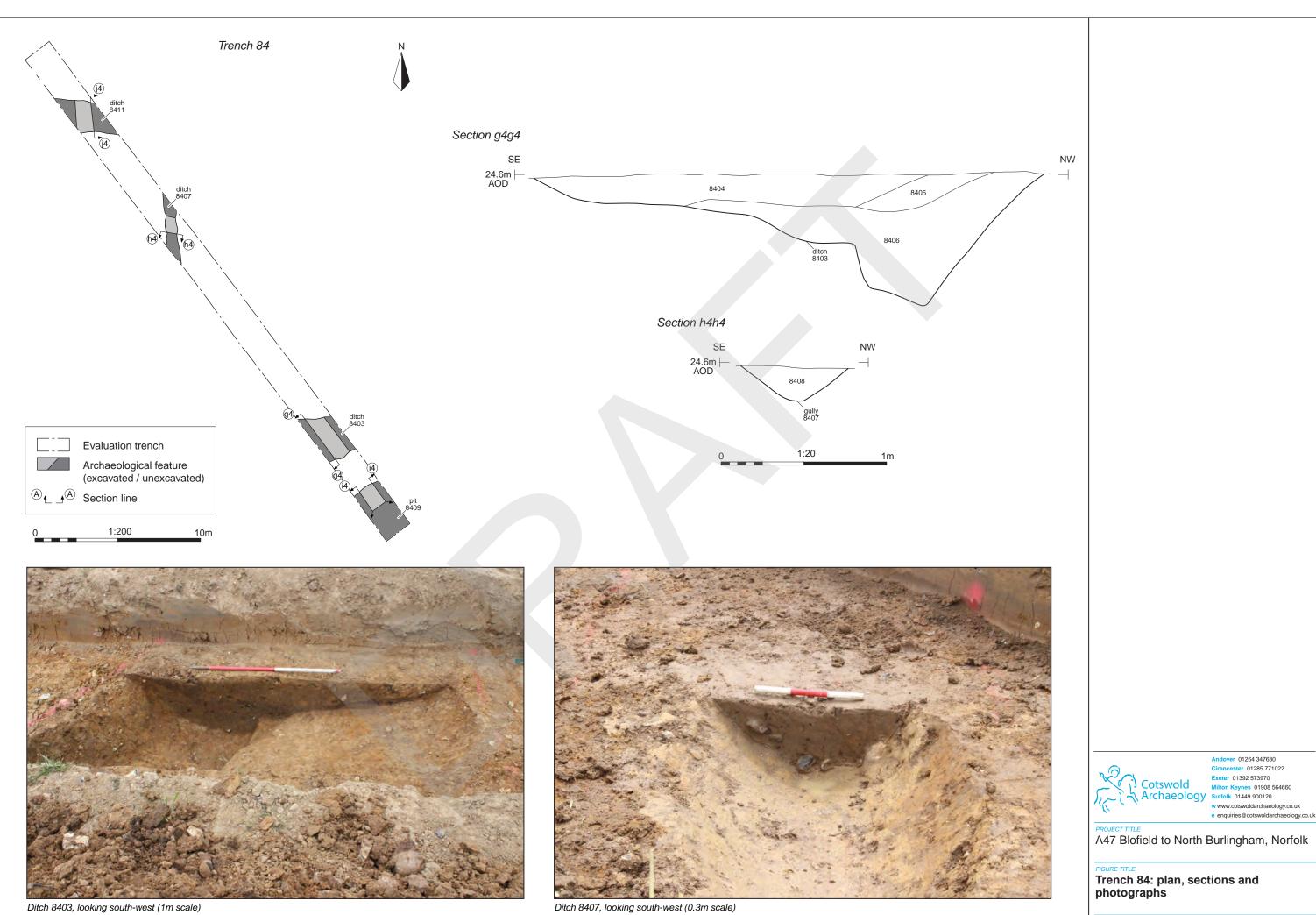
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Ditch 8107, looking north-east (0.3m scale)

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FIGURE TITLE Trench 81: section and photograph
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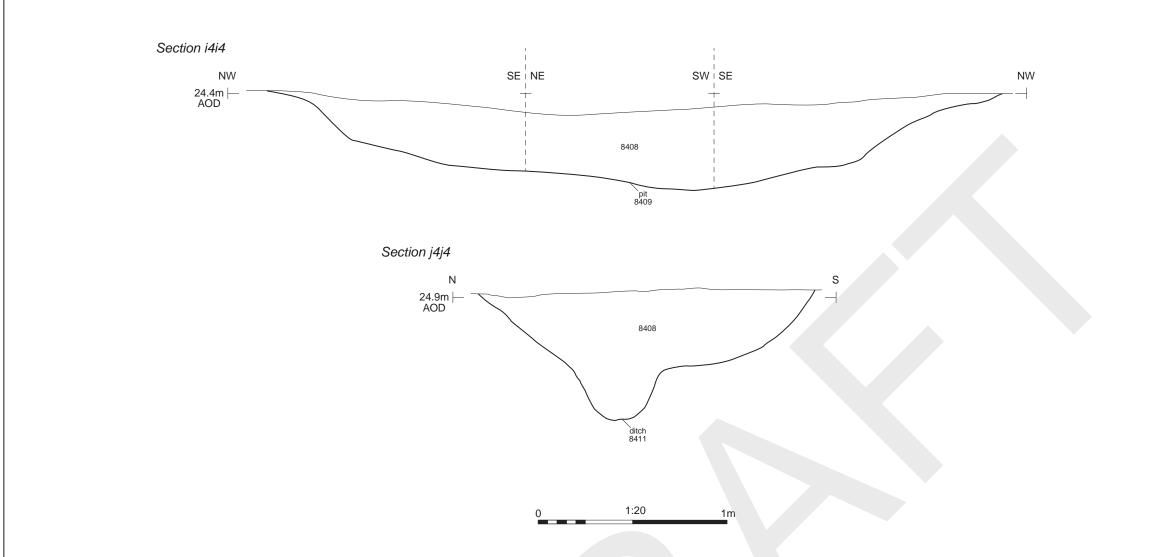
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Pit 8409, looking north-east (1m scale)

Ditch 8411, looking east (1m scale)



A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

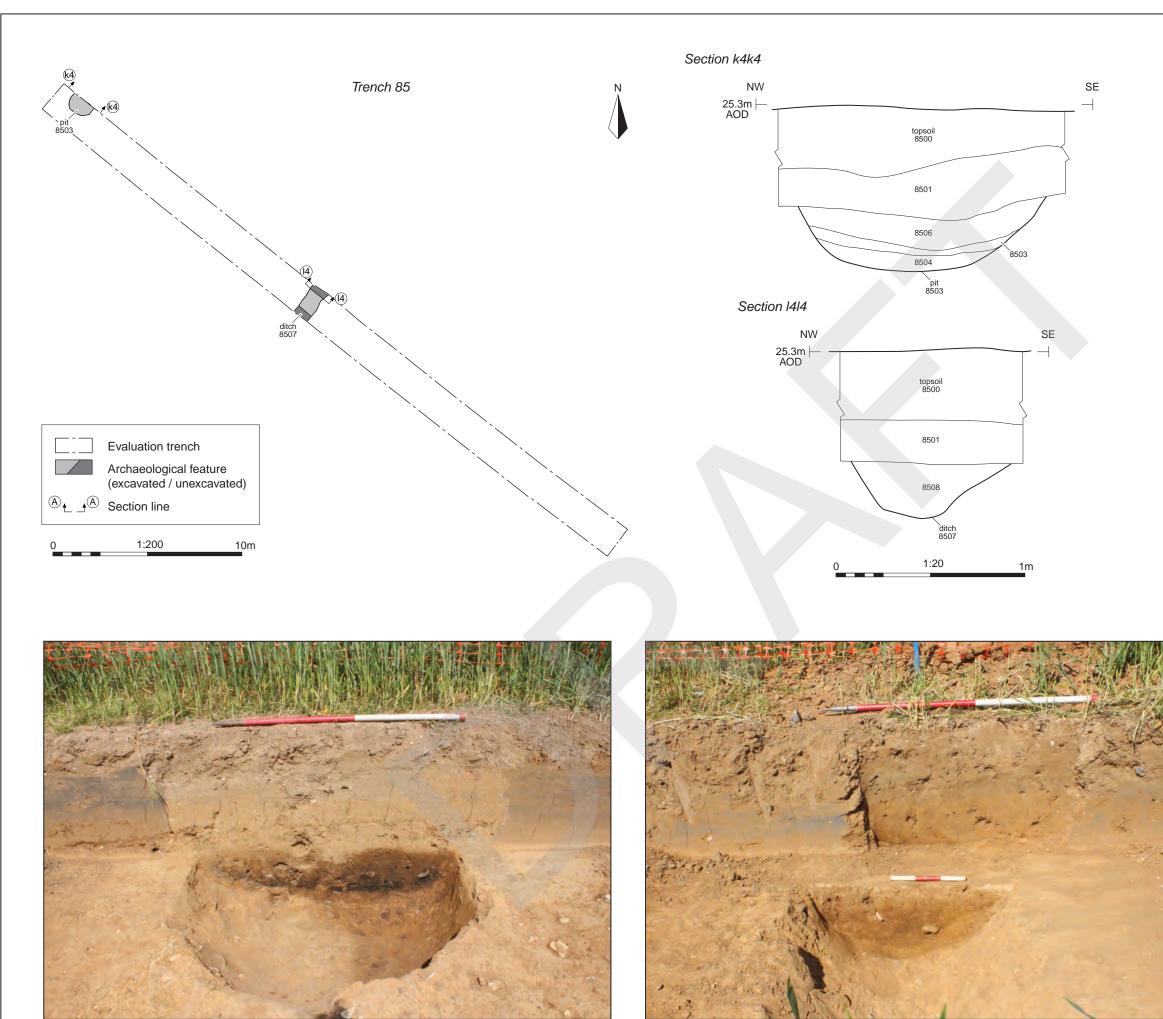
FIGURE TITLE Trench 84: sections and photographs

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Pit 8503, looking north-east (1m scale)

Ditch 8507, looking north-east (0.3m and 1m scale)





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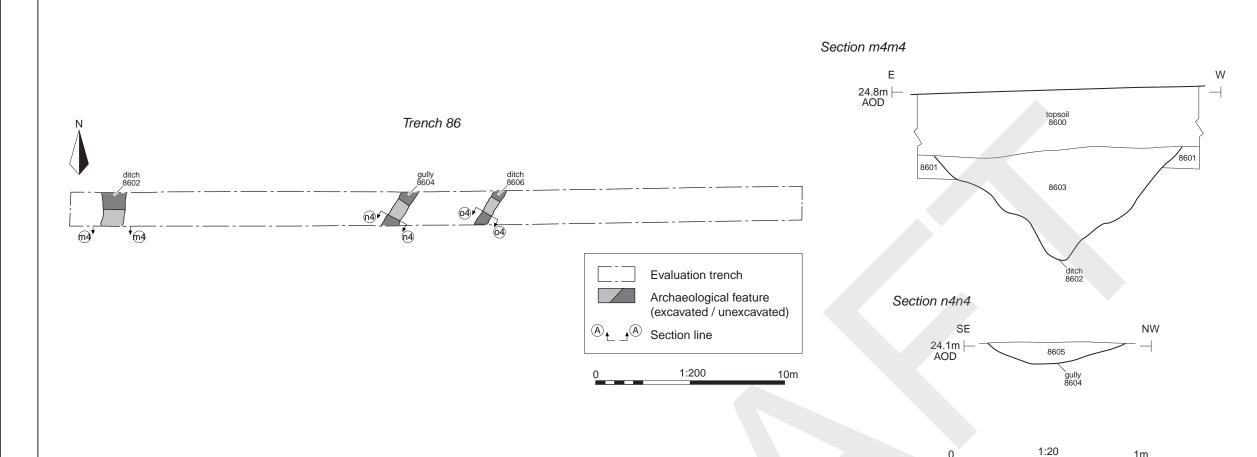
FIGURE TITLE Trench 85: plan, sections and photographs

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1m

Gully 8604, looking south-west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 8602, looking south (1m scale)



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FIGURE TITLE Trench 86: plan, sections and photographs

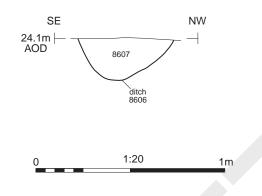
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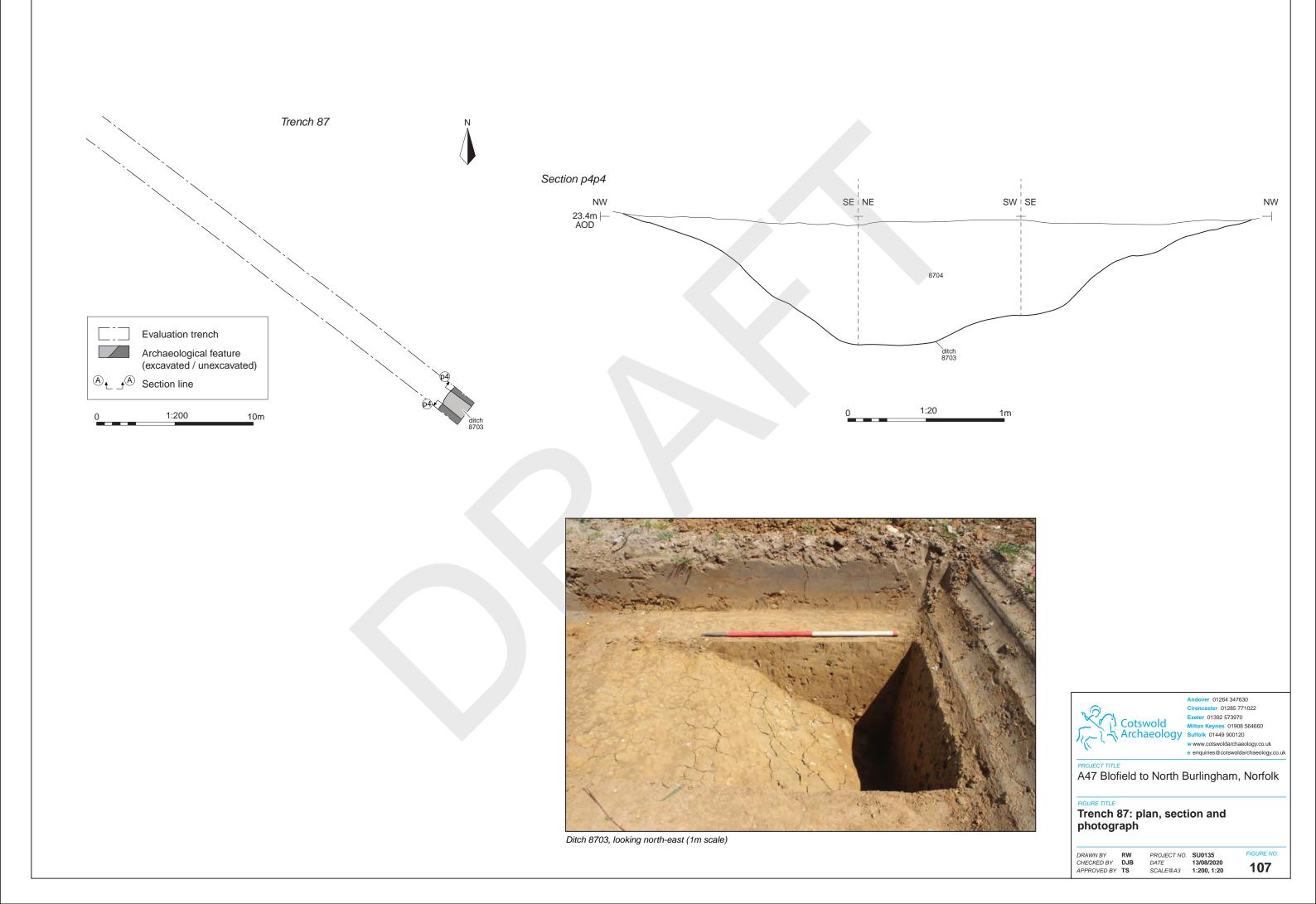


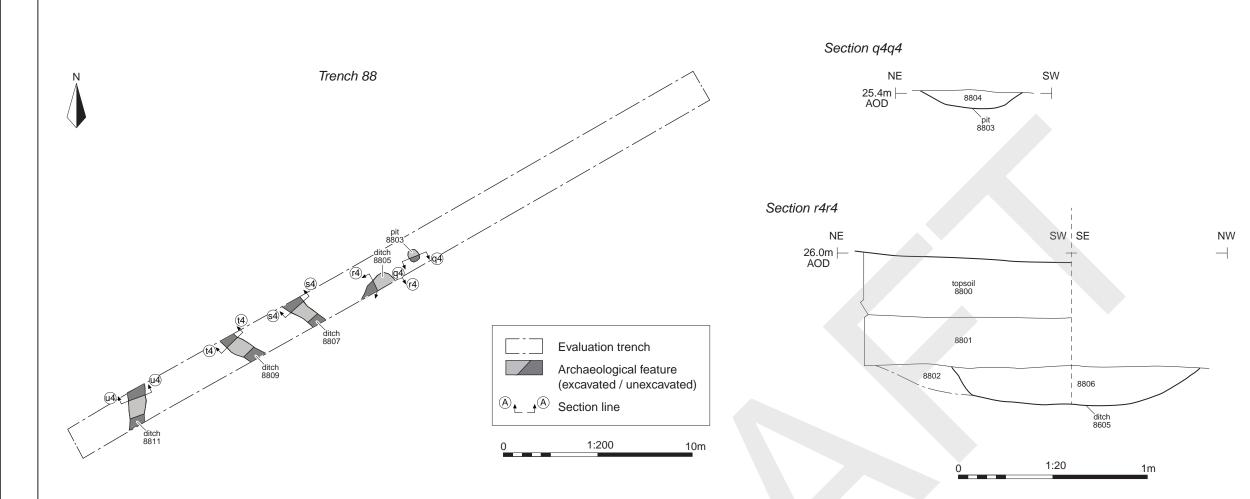




Ditch 8606, looking south-west (0.3m scale)

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A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk
FIGURE TITLE Trench 86: section and photograph
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Pit 8803, looking south-east (0.3m scale)

Ditch 8805, looking south-east (1m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

FIGURE TITLE Trench 88: plan, sections and photographs

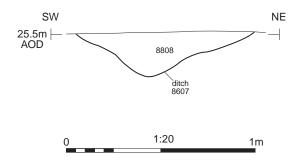
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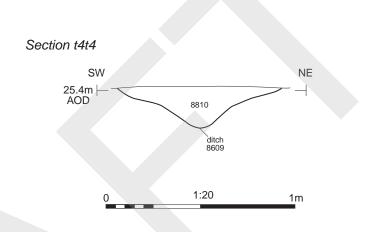
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Ditch 8807, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 8809, looking north-west (0.3m scale)



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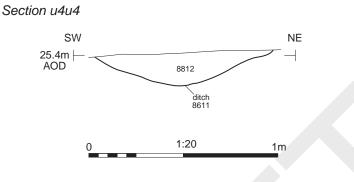
FIGURE TITLE Trench 88: sections and photographs

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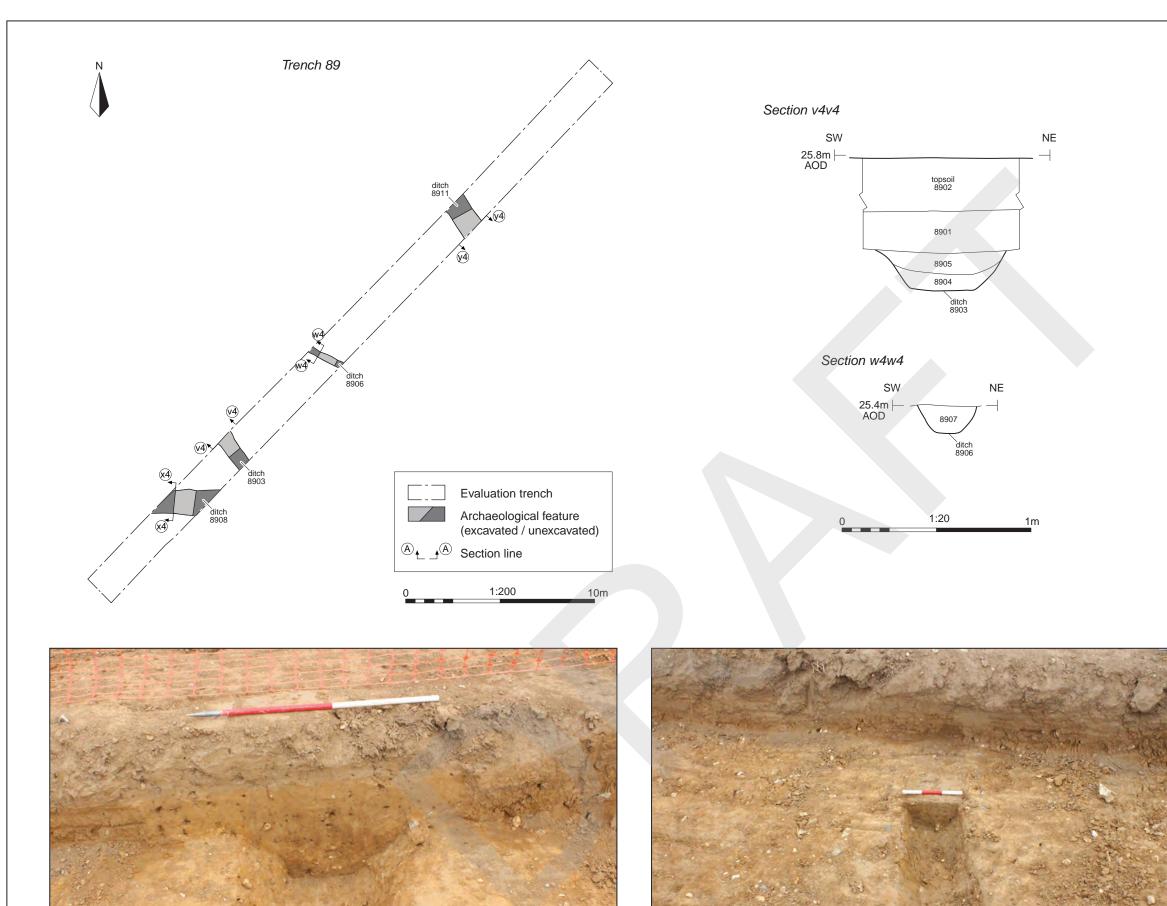
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Ditch 8811, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

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FIGURE TITLE Trench 88: section and photograph
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Ditch 8906, looking north-west (0.3m scale)

Ditch 8903, looking north-west (1m scale)





A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

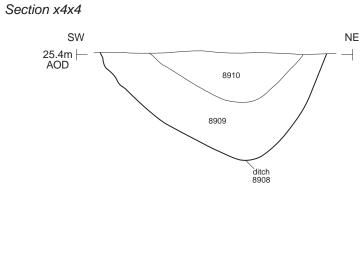
FIGURE TITLE Trench 89: plan, sections and photographs

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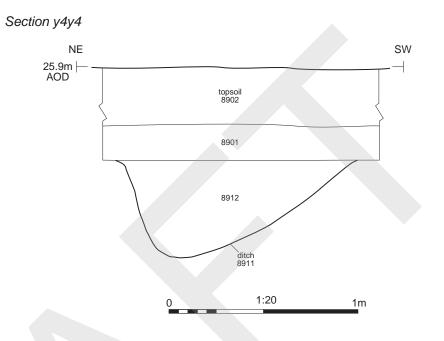
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Ditch 8911, looking south-east (1m scale)

Ditch 8908, looking north-west (1m scale)



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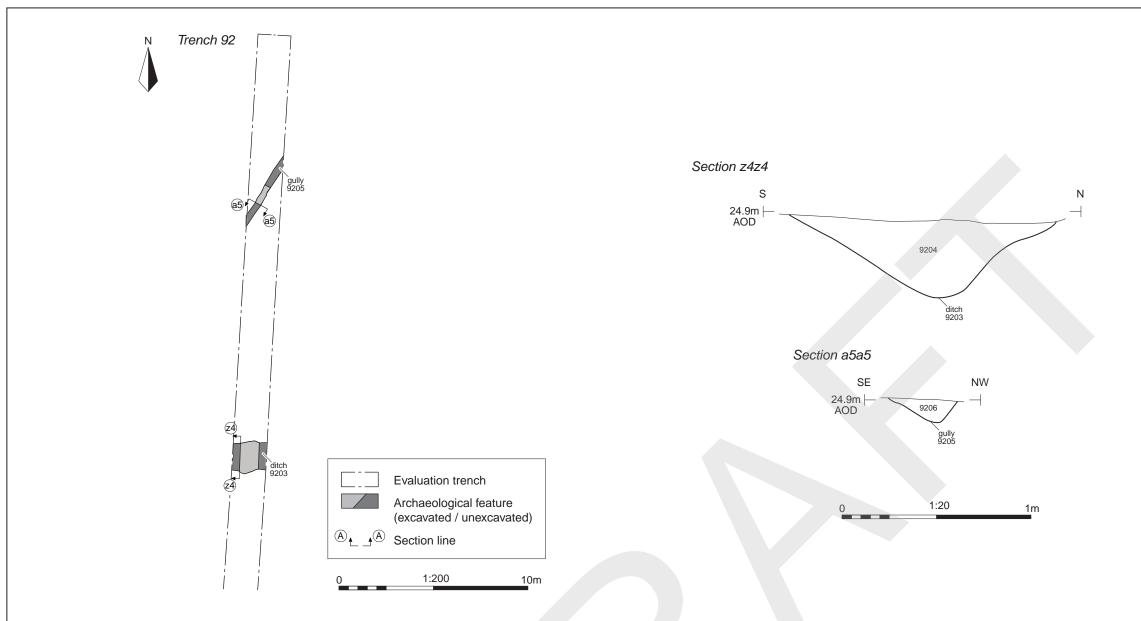
FIGURE TITLE Trench 89: sections and photographs

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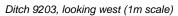
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Gully 9205, looking south-west (0.3m scale)



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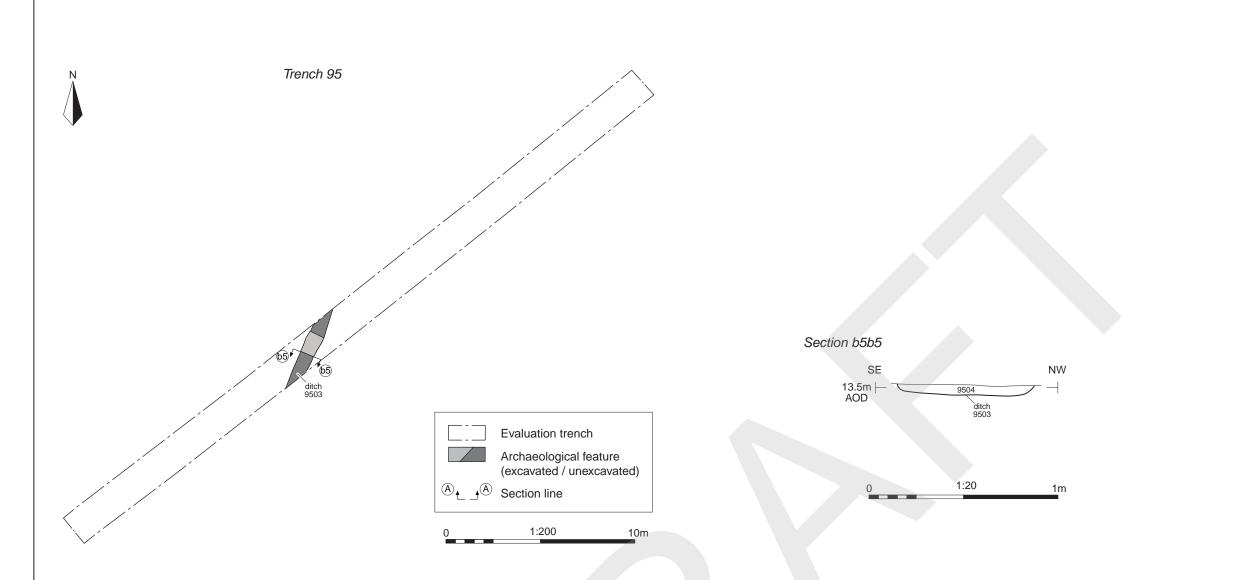
FIGURE TITLE Trench 92: plan, sections and photographs

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Ditch 9503, looking south-west (0.3m scale)



PROJECT TITLE A47 Blofield to North Burlingham, Norfolk

FIGURE TITLE Trench 95: plan, section and photograph

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